

# Converting Colors

YUV(184.6190, -32.3502,  
16.1201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(184.6190, -32.3502,  
16.1201)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBBC77
RGB	203, 188, 119
RGB Percent	80%, 74%, 47%
CMY	0.2039, 0.2627, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.41, 0.20
HSL	49°, 45%, 63%
HSV	49°, 41%, 80%
XYZ	45.9416, 49.9949, 24.6814
YIQ	184.6190, 31.0890, -18.2790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

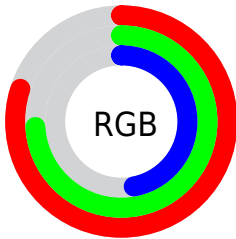
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	137, 203, 119
Decimal	13352055
CIELab	76.07, -4.44, 36.79
CIELCh	76, 37.056, 96.881
Yxy	49.9949, 0.3809, 0.4145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291542135 (0xFFCDBC77)
YUV	184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201
Hunter-Lab	70.7070, -7.7577, 28.7989

# Details

The YUV color **184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **137.3810, 32.3502, -16.1201**, and the grayscale version is **185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239.0810, -33.0709, 13.9610**, and **131.0640, -30.5976, 13.9759** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.9910, -39.9286, 20.1789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189.2470, -24.7718, 12.0614**.

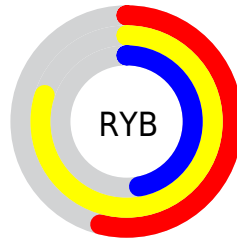
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (74%)

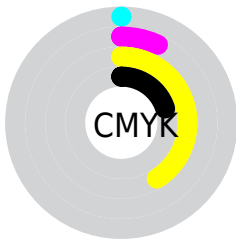
Blue (47%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (47%)

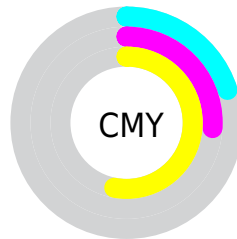


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 184.6190,  
-32.3502, 16.1201

■ 184.6190,  
-32.3502, 16.1201

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 157.5480,  
-31.3292, 15.3054

■ 239.0810,  
-33.0709, 13.9610

■ 131.0640,  
-30.5976, 13.9759

■ 248.7300,  
-24.0239, 5.4988

■ 105.8790,  
-30.0133, 13.2611

■ 251.9220,  
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 81.2810, -29.7185,  
12.0316

■ 57.0250, -28.1133,  
10.5021

■ 37.5220, -18.4983,  
6.5582

■ 18.3070, -9.0254,

1.4848

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 184.6190,  
-32.3502, 16.1201

■ 184.6190,  
-32.3502, 16.1201

■ 179.9910,  
-39.9286, 20.1789

■ 189.2470,  
-24.7718, 12.0614

■ 175.8360,  
-48.2331, 23.8228

■ 193.4020,  
-16.4672, 8.4174

■ 171.2080,  
-55.8115, 27.8816

■ 198.0300, -8.8888,  
4.3587

■ 167.1670,  
-63.6793, 31.4255

■ 202.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

■ 162.4250,  
-71.6945, 35.5843

■ 206.8130, 6.9942,  
-3.3440

■ 158.7260,  
-78.2519, 38.8283

■ 211.4410, 14.5726,  
-7.4028

■ 214.7980, 19.8196,  
-10.3468

■ 217.1460, 18.6620,  
-12.4060

■ 219.4940, 17.5045,  
-14.4652

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.2290, -30.6789, 40.1412



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



180.9080, -24.1116, -13.0743

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



164.4630, 30.8307, -88.9831



192.2280, 11.2266, 39.2650

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



137.3810, 32.3502, -16.1201

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.2980, 24.9961, 9.3857



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



174.0280, 37.4542, -66.6766

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



167.9690, 13.3263, -74.5178



185.1730, 34.4247, -28.2157



191.0870, -4.9729, 55.1747



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



177.1210, -13.8637, -33.4321



185.1730, 34.4247, -28.2157



192.4380, 16.0531, 31.1879

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



248.5310, -12.0938, 5.6733



145.8260, -5.8302, 50.1416



123.6000, -6.7048, 3.8588



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201



227.0210, -48.8174, 24.5376



185.3510, -32.7110, -8.2008



99.6860, -3.7892, 2.0294



129.4660, -63.8267, 32.0403



29.5590, -14.5726, 7.4028



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.3810, 32.3502, -16.1201



155.3920, 49.1067, -24.0228



136.6490, 32.7110, 8.2008



94.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294



36.5340, 63.8267, -32.0403



8.4410, 14.5726, -7.4028



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

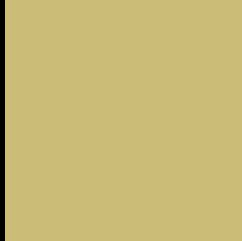
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

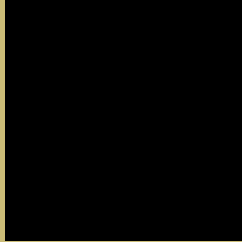
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201.



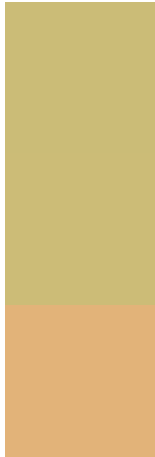
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201

### Protanopia

184.9180, -32.4976, 16.7349

### Deuteranopia

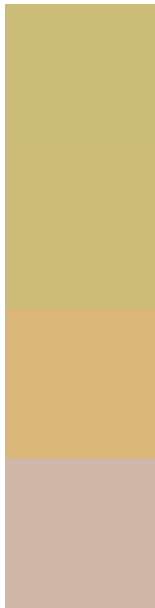
186.4410, -32.2624, 34.6932



## Tritanopia

190.1640, 1.3981, 18.2732

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201

## Protanomaly

184.9180, -32.4976, 16.7349

## Deuteranomaly

185.6960, -32.3881, 28.3306

## Tritanomaly

187.9500, -10.8213, 17.5839

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201

## Achromatopsia

185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

184.9440, -11.8044, 6.1881

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 188, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 188, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 188, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 188, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 188, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 188, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 188, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 188, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 188, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 188,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 184.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 188, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
188, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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