

Converting Colors

YUV(185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EC7B9
RGB	158, 199, 185
RGB Percent	62%, 78%, 73%
CMY	0.3804, 0.2196, 0.2745
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.07, 0.22
HSL	160°, 27%, 70%
HSV	160°, 21%, 78%
XYZ	43.2809, 51.6187, 53.5812
YIQ	185.1450, -19.9420, -13.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

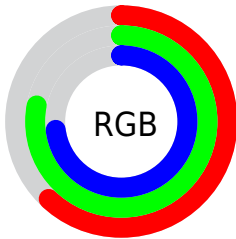
Format	Color
R_YB	158, 183, 199
Decimal	10405817
CIE _{Lab}	77.05, -16.42, 2.54
CIE _{LCh}	77, 16.611, 171.220
Yxy	51.6187, 0.2915, 0.3476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288595897 (0xFF9EC7B9)
YUV	185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062
Hunter-Lab	71.8462, -18.2004, 6.0752

Details

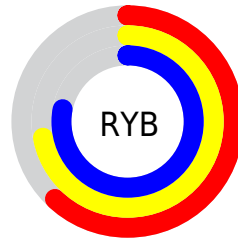
The YUV color $185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $171.8550, 0.0715, 23.8062$, and the grayscale version is $185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $240.8460, 0.0759, -24.4209$, and $131.8570, 0.0705, -22.6766$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $178.3670, -0.1809, -35.4019$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $191.9230, 0.0380, -12.2105$.

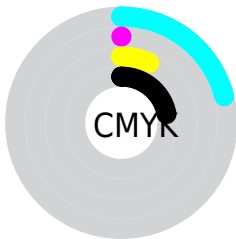
Distribution



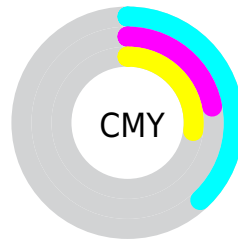
- Red (62%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062

■ 185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 158.4440, -0.2189,
-23.1914

■ 240.8460, 0.0759,
-24.4209

■ 131.8570, 0.0705,
-22.6766

■ 251.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

■ 106.2700, 0.3599,
-22.1618

■ 81.6830, 0.6493,
-21.6470

■ 58.6830, 0.6493,
-21.6470

■ 35.1990, 1.3809,
-22.9765

■ 18.3740, -0.6774,

-16.1140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062

■ 185.1450, -0.0715,
-23.8062

■ 178.3670, -0.1809,
-35.4019

■ 191.9230, 0.0380,
-12.2105

■ 171.5890, -0.2904,
-46.9976

■ 198.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 164.9250, 0.0370,
-58.6932

■ 205.3650, -0.1799,
11.0809

■ 158.1470, -0.0725,
-70.2889

■ 212.1430, -0.0705,
22.6766

■ 151.6680, -0.3293,
-81.2698

■ 218.0240, 0.4812,
32.4280

■ 144.8900, -0.4388,
-92.8655

■ 218.8220, 3.5388,
31.7281

■ 138.1120, -0.5482,
-104.4612

■ 219.6200, 6.5963,
31.0283

■ 131.7470, -0.3683,
-115.5421

■ 220.3040, 9.2171,
30.4284

■ 221.1020, 12.2747,
29.7285

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186.8600, -7.8190, -12.1552



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



184.5770, 8.0965, -30.3240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



191.2350, 13.6881, -3.7141



191.9400, -12.2954, 23.7316

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



171.8550, 0.0715, 23.8062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.8570, -6.3385, 26.4354



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



192.9550, 8.4032, 11.4405

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



188.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



193.3710, 0.8031, 22.4766



190.4890, -15.0311, 14.4801

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



185.3150, 12.1697, -30.0943



193.3710, 0.8031, 22.4766



192.4070, -10.5537, 25.0761

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



249.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218



186.2530, -13.9287, -12.4999



124.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



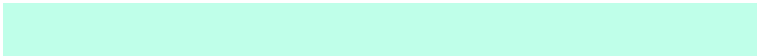
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062



233.3560, -0.1755, -37.1462



183.2190, 7.7800, -22.1171



95.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331



107.8790, -0.4333, -94.6099



23.8680, 0.0651, -20.9322

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171.8550, 0.0715, 23.8062



212.6440, 0.1755, 37.1462



173.7810, -7.7800, 22.1171



93.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



55.1210, 0.4333, 94.6099



12.1320, -0.0651, 20.9322

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

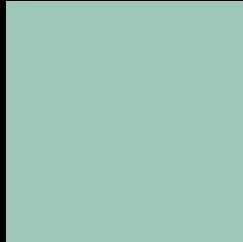
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

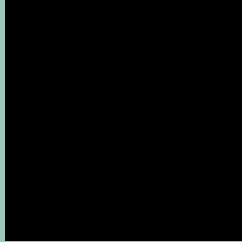
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062.



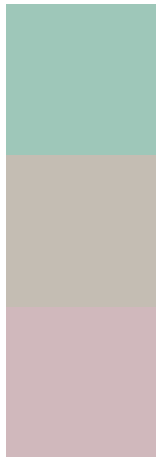
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 185.1450, -0.0715,

-23.8062.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062

Protanopia

189.9530, -5.3998, 5.3032

Deuteranopia

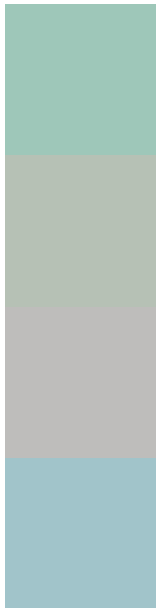
191.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



Tritanopia

187.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725

Trichromacy



Original Color

185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062

Protanomaly

188.3430, -3.6201, -5.5628

Deuteranomaly

189.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

Tritanomaly

186.2190, 7.7800, -22.1171

Monochromacy



Original Color

185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062

Achromatopsia

185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

184.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 199, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 199, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 199, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 199, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 199, 185) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 199, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 199, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 199, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 199, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 199,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 185.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 199, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
199, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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