

# Converting Colors

YUV(185.2960, -72.6169,  
51.4834)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834)  
contains.

<b>YUV(185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(185.2960, -72.6169,  
51.4834)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4B826
RGB	244, 184, 38
RGB Percent	96%, 72%, 15%
CMY	0.0431, 0.2784, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.84, 0.04
HSL	43°, 90%, 55%
HSV	43°, 84%, 96%
XYZ	54.7986, 53.6540, 9.3018
YIQ	185.2960, 82.6260, -32.6860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

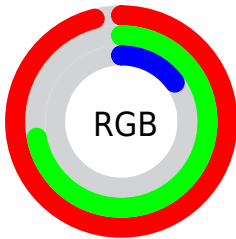
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	123, 244, 38
Decimal	16037926
CIE Lab	78.26, 9.86, 74.43
CIE LCh	78, 75.082, 82.457
Yxy	53.6540, 0.4654, 0.4556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294228006 (0xFFFF4B826)
YUV	185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834
Hunter-Lab	73.2489, 5.3529, 43.7451

# Details

The YUV color **185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **96.7040, 72.6169, -51.4834**, and the grayscale version is **186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228.4110, -63.7996, 23.3186**, and **131.6140, -64.8857, 45.0655** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178.4510, -81.0743, 57.4865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192.1410, -64.1595, 45.4803**.

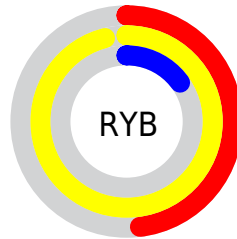
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (72%)

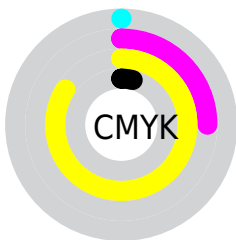
Blue (15%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (15%)

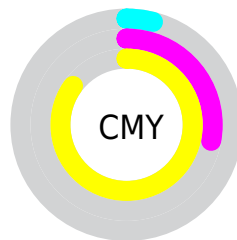


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



185.2960,  
-72.6169, 51.4834

185.2960,  
-72.6169, 51.4834

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.8460,  
-76.8321, 50.1241

228.4110,  
-63.7996, 23.3186

131.6140,  
-64.8857, 45.0655

240.4080,  
-55.9101, 12.7972

107.9690,  
-53.2287, 39.4922

243.6000,  
-43.6798, 9.9978

84.9110, -41.8611,  
33.4041

246.7920,  
-31.4495, 7.1984

63.6250, -31.3671,  
27.5159

250.0980,  
-18.7823, 4.2991

42.3390, -20.8731,  
21.6277

253.5180, -5.6784,

23.1240, -11.4001,

1.2997

16.5543

■ 1.7940, -0.8844,  
3.6887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 185.2960,  
-72.6169, 51.4834

■ 185.2960,  
-72.6169, 51.4834

■ 178.4510,  
-81.0743, 57.4865

■ 192.1410,  
-64.1595, 45.4803

■ 174.5070,  
-86.0320, 60.9454

■ 199.1000,  
-55.2653, 39.3773

■ 205.9450,  
-46.8079, 33.3742

■ 212.9040,  
-37.9137, 27.2712

■ 220.3360,  
-29.7456, 20.7533

■ 227.1810,  
-21.2882, 14.7503

■ 234.1400,  
-12.3940, 8.6472

■ 240.9850, -3.9366,  
2.6442

■ 247.6020, 3.6472,  
-3.1590

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177.2790, -46.4795, 68.1613



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



179.6160, -64.8867, -1.4172

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



160.5920, 41.6131, -140.8392



194.5390, 29.8073, 53.0243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



96.7040, 72.6169, -51.4834

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.0430, 34.9818, -20.2087



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



158.7970, 47.4281, -139.2650

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



152.3840, 10.1637, -133.6408



150.5790, 51.4796, -132.0578



175.7770, 18.8439, 69.4786



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



172.7430, -44.2433, -42.7476



150.5790, 51.4796, -132.0578



194.1300, 30.0089, 34.9660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



236.5510, -22.4566, 16.1798



106.6620, -3.2844, 120.4454



116.5100, -13.5624, 10.0767



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



182.4920, -89.9686, 63.5895



208.2570, -83.9367, -4.6104



118.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441



133.0980, -65.6173, 46.3951



42.2950, -20.8514, 14.6503



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.7040, 72.6169, -51.4834



72.5080, 89.9686, -63.5895



73.7430, 83.9367, 4.6104



113.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589



52.9020, 65.6173, -46.3951



16.7050, 20.8514, -14.6503



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834.

51.4834.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834

### Protanopia

183.7340, -70.3679, 30.0513

### Deuteranopia

185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834



## Tritanopia

197.0000, -6.4090, 49.1120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834

## Protanomaly

183.9630, -70.9738, 37.7434

## Deuteranomaly

185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834

## Tritanomaly

192.9960, -30.5640, 49.9925

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834

## Achromatopsia

185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

185.2370, -26.2458, 18.2092

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 184, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 184, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 184, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 184, 38) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 184, 38) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 184, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 184, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 184, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 184, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 184,  
38) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 185.2960, -72.6169, 51.4834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 184, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
184, 38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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