

# Converting Colors

YUV(186.1250, -49.8546,  
30.5854)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(186.1250, -49.8546,  
30.5854)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDBC55
RGB	221, 188, 85
RGB Percent	87%, 74%, 33%
CMY	0.1333, 0.2627, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.62, 0.13
HSL	45°, 67%, 60%
HSV	45°, 62%, 87%
XYZ	49.4417, 51.9945, 16.0244
YIQ	186.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

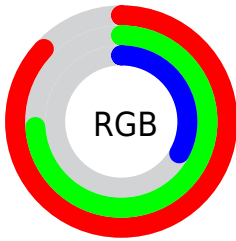
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	129, 221, 85
Decimal	14531669
CIELab	77.28, 0.06, 55.23
CIELCh	77, 55.230, 89.937
Yxy	51.9945, 0.4209, 0.4427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292721749 (0xFFDDBC55)
YUV	186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854
Hunter-Lab	72.1072, -3.7956, 37.2990

# Details

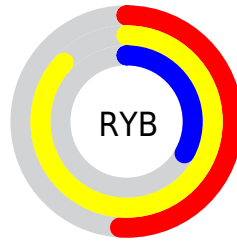
The YUV color **186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **119.8750, 49.8546, -30.5854**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235.2050, -47.9221, 17.3602**, and **131.5160, -49.5544, 27.6115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180.6820, -58.0172, 35.3589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191.5680, -41.6920, 25.8119**.

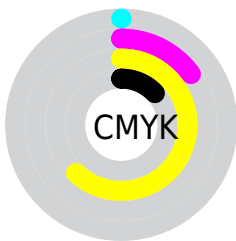
# Distribution



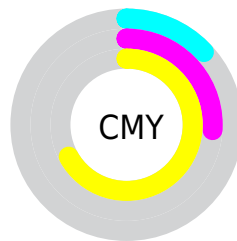
- Red (87%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 186.1250,  
-49.8546, 30.5854

■ 186.1250,  
-49.8546, 30.5854

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 158.6410,  
-49.1230, 29.2558

■ 235.2050,  
-47.9221, 17.3602

■ 131.5160,  
-49.5544, 27.6115

■ 244.8540,  
-38.8750, 8.8980

■ 104.6360,  
-51.5855, 25.7522

■ 247.9320,  
-27.0815, 6.1986

■ 82.4750, -40.6602,  
21.5084

■ 251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

■ 60.9010, -30.0242,  
16.7498

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,  
0.3999

■ 40.2130, -19.8250,  
12.0912

■ 20.9980, -10.3520,

7.0178

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.1250,  
-49.8546, 30.5854

■ 186.1250,  
-49.8546, 30.5854

■ 180.6820,  
-58.0172, 35.3589

■ 191.5680,  
-41.6920, 25.8119

■ 174.6520,  
-65.8904, 40.6472

■ 197.5980,  
-33.8188, 20.5236

■ 169.2090,  
-74.0530, 45.4207

■ 203.0410,  
-25.6562, 15.7500

■ 164.1080,  
-80.9052, 49.8943

■ 208.4840,  
-17.4936, 10.9765

■ 214.5140, -9.6204,  
5.6882

■ 220.0710, -1.0210,  
0.8147

■ 226.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 230.7460, 11.9572,  
-8.5472

■ 233.6810, 10.5103,  
-11.1212

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.1900, -41.5057, 59.4694



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



180.9780, -40.4152, -10.5047

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



154.1520, 42.3231, -135.1913



196.3940, 22.9768, 50.5205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



119.8750, 49.8546, -30.5854

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.5620, 31.2749, 2.1381



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



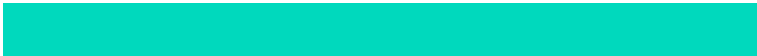
151.7530, 50.9008, -133.0874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



148.9250, 19.7570, -130.6072



172.8260, 40.5118, -67.3764



185.1230, 3.8834, 61.2821



# Rectangle

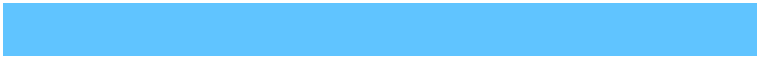
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



175.5640, -25.9141, -41.7136



172.8260, 40.5118, -67.3764



196.2010, 28.9879, 35.7807

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



243.2990, -16.9094, 10.2618



129.5400, -5.1962, 80.2104



120.5850, -10.6414, 6.5030



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854



206.4520, -69.2428, 42.5766



195.3300, -54.3927, -7.3054



106.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442



128.6240, -63.4116, 38.9178



34.2990, -16.9094, 10.2618



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.8750, 49.8546, -30.5854



114.5480, 69.2428, -42.5766



110.6700, 54.3927, 7.3054



101.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294



44.3760, 63.4116, -38.9178



11.7010, 16.9094, -10.2618



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

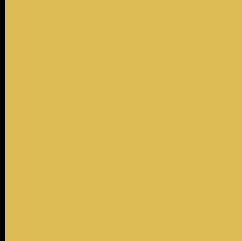
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854.

30.5854.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854

### Protanopia

185.3090, -48.9593, 23.4080

### Deuteranopia

187.3160, -49.4558, 42.6959



## Tritanopia

194.3290, -2.1342, 31.2835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854

## Protanomaly

185.6190, -49.1122, 25.7671

## Deuteranomaly

186.8810, -49.7343, 38.6924

## Tritanomaly

191.4480, -19.4479, 31.1791

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854

## Achromatopsia

186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

186.2560, -18.3672, 11.1765

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 188, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 188, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 188, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 188, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 188, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 188, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 188, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 188, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 188, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 188,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 186.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 188, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
188, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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