

# Converting Colors

YUV(186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5BE3E3
RGB	91, 227, 227
RGB Percent	36%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.6431, 0.1098, 0.1098
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	180°, 71%, 62%
HSV	180°, 60%, 89%
XYZ	45.6486, 62.7084, 82.3710
YIQ	186.3360, -81.0560, -28.8320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

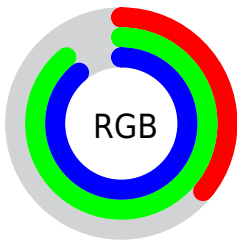
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">91, 159, 227</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6022115</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.29, -36.41, -11.05</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 38.047, 196.882</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.7084, 0.2393, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284212195 (0xFF5BE3E3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.1886, -35.6830, -6.2407</a>

# Details

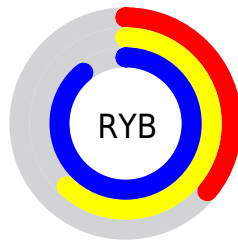
The YUV color **186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **131.6640, -20.0474, 83.6097**, and the grayscale version is **186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224.8010, 14.8881, -62.0925**, and **119.9850, 25.6434, -105.2268** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.4590, 23.4377, -97.7495**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193.2130, 16.6570, -69.4698**.

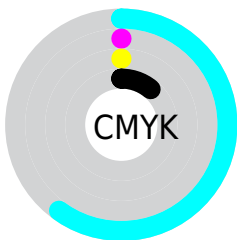
# Distribution



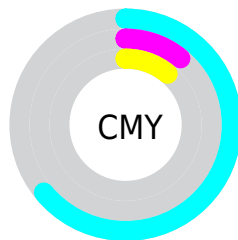
- Red (36%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.6450, 21.3740,  
-89.1427

224.8010, 14.8881,  
-62.0925

119.9850, 25.6434,  
-105.2268

234.0700, 10.3185,  
-43.0344

101.0580, 21.6634,  
-88.6279

243.0400, 5.8963,  
-24.5911

82.9460, 18.2676,  
-72.7436

252.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

65.4210, 14.5824,  
-57.3742

48.0100, 11.3341,  
-42.1048

32.0010, 8.3805,

-28.0649

■ 15.5190, 6.1531,  
-13.6102

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

■ 186.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

■ 179.4590, 23.4377,  
-97.7495

■ 193.2130, 16.6570,  
-69.4698

■ 172.8810, 26.6807,  
-111.2746

■ 199.7910, 13.4140,  
-55.9447

■ 166.0040, 30.0710,  
-125.4145

■ 206.6680, 10.0237,  
-41.8048

■ 159.1270, 33.4614,  
-139.5544

■ 213.5450, 6.6333,  
-27.6650

■ 220.4220, 3.2430,  
-13.5251

■ 227.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 233.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

■ 235.3720, -4.1274,  
17.2138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192.5940, -1.2788, -56.6489



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



187.4680, 33.2933, -85.4794

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



212.0500, 21.1744, 21.8812



206.6860, -33.8622, 34.4784

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



131.6640, -20.0474, 83.6097

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204.4990, -23.4170, 44.2894



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



208.7290, 8.0216, 40.5797

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



205.6280, 24.3404, -13.7058



203.9240, -7.8505, 44.7937



203.5640, -32.3231, 7.3984



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



192.6060, 30.7602, -66.3065



203.9240, -7.8505, 44.7937



207.4850, -32.2841, 41.6707

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



241.2460, 6.7807, -28.2797



170.8320, -39.3572, -70.0127



119.3290, 4.2748, -17.8285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



199.9840, 27.1229, -113.1190



146.4200, 39.7259, -48.6033



111.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



125.4790, 26.3859, -110.0451



35.7510, 7.5178, -31.3536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.1680, 39.3572, 70.0127



146.9920, 53.2479, 94.7230



171.5800, -39.7259, 48.6033



107.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



73.9270, 51.8010, 92.1490

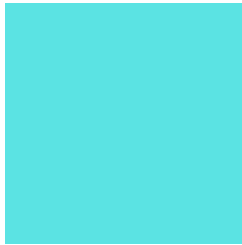


21.0630, 14.7589, 26.2547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

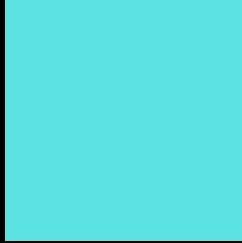
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

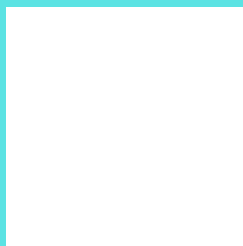
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097.



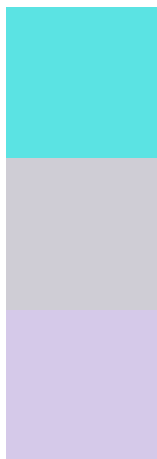
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097.

-83.6097.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097

### Protanopia

206.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

### Deuteranopia

208.2360, 12.2087, 4.1780



## Tritanopia

189.0790, 26.5831, -79.8763

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



## Protanomaly

199.2180, 9.2595, -30.0092



## Deuteranomaly

200.1350, 15.2164, -27.3054



## Tritanomaly

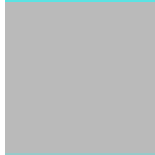
188.0850, 24.1151, -81.6355

# Monochromacy



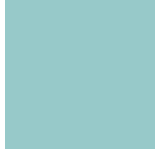
## Original Color

186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097



## Achromatopsia

186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

186.0500, 7.3703, -30.7389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 227, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 227, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 227, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 227, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 227, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 227, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 227, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 227, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 227,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 186.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 227, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 227,  
227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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