

# Converting Colors

YUV(186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAB6AA
RGB	202, 182, 170
RGB Percent	79%, 71%, 67%
CMY	0.2078, 0.2863, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.16, 0.21
HSL	23°, 23%, 73%
HSV	23°, 16%, 79%
XYZ	48.3408, 48.9147, 44.9239
YIQ	186.6120, 15.7720, 0.5080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

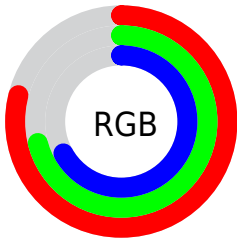
Format	Color
RYB	202, 189, 170
Decimal	13285034
CIELab	75.40, 5.15, 8.69
CIELCh	75, 10.105, 59.333
Yxy	48.9147, 0.3400, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291475114 (0xFFCAB6AA)
YUV	186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953
Hunter-Lab	69.9391, 0.9830, 10.8737

# Details

The YUV color **186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **185.3880, 8.1897, -13.4953**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241.6010, -8.1843, 11.7509**, and **133.4270, -7.6055, 12.7805** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176.7010, -13.1636, 22.1872**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196.5230, -3.2158, 4.8033**.

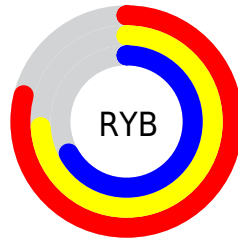
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (71%)

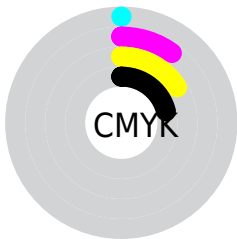
Blue (67%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (67%)

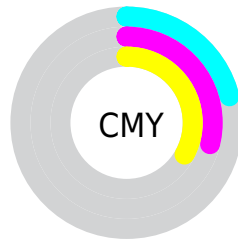


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953

■ 186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 159.4270, -7.6055,  
12.7805

■ 241.6010, -8.1843,  
11.7509

■ 133.4270, -7.6055,  
12.7805

254.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 108.1280, -7.4581,  
12.1657

■ 83.9430, -6.8739,  
11.4510

■ 60.6440, -6.7265,  
10.8362

■ 39.0460, -6.4317,  
9.6067

■ 17.1880, -8.4737,

11.2361

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953

■ 186.6120, -8.1897,  
13.4953

■ 176.7010,  
-13.1636, 22.1872

■ 196.5230, -3.2158,  
4.8033

■ 167.3770,  
-18.4269, 30.3644

■ 205.8470, 2.0474,  
-3.3738

■ 157.3520,  
-23.8375, 39.1563

■ 215.8720, 7.4581,  
-12.1657

■ 148.0280,  
-29.1008, 47.3334

■ 225.7830, 12.4320,  
-20.8577

■ 138.1170,  
-34.0747, 56.0254

■ 233.2830, 10.7065,  
-27.4352

■ 128.2060,  
-39.0486, 64.7173

■ 239.1530, 7.8126,  
-32.5832

■ 118.8820,  
-44.3118, 72.8945

■ 108.8570,  
-49.7225, 81.6864

■ 105.0100,  
-51.7699, 85.0602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.4320, -5.1430, 16.2841



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



185.6390, -9.1890, 7.3326

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



182.5420, 1.2118, -15.3843



186.3620, 7.7095, 0.5595

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



185.3880, 8.1897, -13.4953

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185.6490, 9.0470, -8.4622



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



182.9700, 5.4378, -17.5137

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



183.3210, -3.6093, -9.0515



183.7900, 8.4845, -14.7248



187.6790, 3.6093, 9.0515



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



184.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996



183.7900, 8.4845, -14.7248



186.1660, 8.2992, -1.8996

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



248.8220, -3.3632, 5.4181



181.8480, 4.0189, 17.6733



124.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

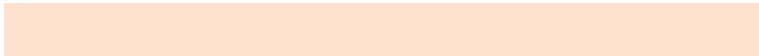


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



231.9180, -12.2846, 20.2429



196.0040, -12.8200, 5.2585



97.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



86.0280, -42.4118, 70.1354



19.5800, -9.6529, 16.1543

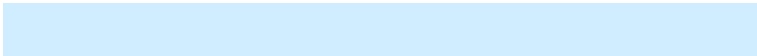


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185.3880, 8.1897, -13.4953



230.0820, 12.2846, -20.2429



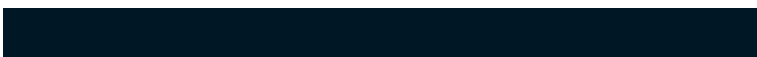
175.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585



96.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



79.9720, 42.4118, -70.1354



18.4200, 9.6529, -16.1543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

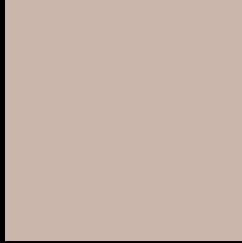
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

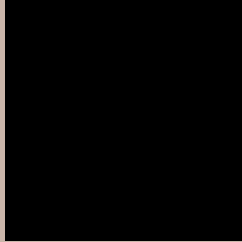
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

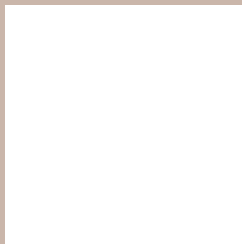
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 186.6120, -8.1897,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953

### Protanopia

185.6110, -6.7102, 5.6032

### Deuteranopia

187.0580, -7.9166, 19.2431



## Tritanopia

188.3700, 2.2826, 14.5845

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953

## Protanomaly

186.1060, -7.4473, 8.6770

## Deuteranomaly

186.7480, -7.7638, 16.8840

## Tritanomaly

187.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953

## Achromatopsia

187.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

186.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 182, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 182, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 182, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 182, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 182, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 182, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 182, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 182, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 182, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 182,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 186.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 182, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
182, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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