

# Converting Colors

YUV(187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	73D4FA
RGB	115, 212, 250
RGB Percent	45%, 83%, 98%
CMY	0.5490, 0.1686, 0.0196
CMYK	0.54, 0.15, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	197°, 93%, 72%
HSV	197°, 54%, 98%
XYZ	47.8690, 57.6339, 99.0440
YIQ	187.3290, -70.0100, -8.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

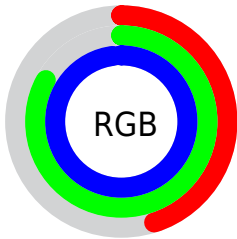
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">115, 171, 250</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7591162</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.53, -18.29, -27.35</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">81, 32.897, 236.225</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">57.6339, 0.2340, 0.2818</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285781242 (0xFF73D4FA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.9170, -20.3026, -24.2099</a>

# Details

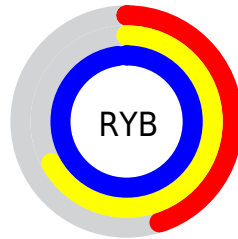
The YUV color **187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **177.6710, -30.8968, 63.4325**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.0800, 11.7926, -49.1822**, and **128.5130, 31.7921, -70.6099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.7450, 36.6077, -75.1984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.9130, 25.1859, -51.6667**.

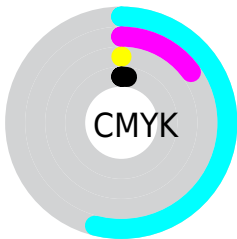
# Distribution



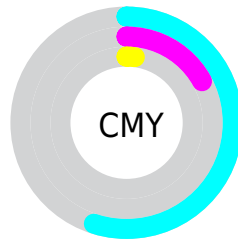
- Red (45%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325

187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

158.3180, 30.9022,  
-65.1769

231.0800, 11.7926,  
-49.1822

128.5130, 31.7921,  
-70.6099

240.0500, 7.3704,  
-30.7388

95.8210, 34.5982,  
-84.0350

249.0200, 2.9481,  
-12.2955

78.1820, 30.4763,  
-68.5656

61.1300, 26.0649,  
-53.6110

44.1920, 22.0903,  
-38.7564

29.2430, 18.1212,

-25.6461

■ 9.1250, 17.1934,  
-8.0026

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,  
-2.7143

■ 187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325

■ 187.3290, 30.8968,  
-63.4325

■ 175.7450, 36.6077,  
-75.1984

■ 198.9130, 25.1859,  
-51.6667

■ 164.1610, 42.3186,  
-86.9642

■ 210.4970, 19.4750,  
-39.9009

■ 152.5770, 48.0295,  
-98.7300

■ 222.0810, 13.7641,  
-28.1350

■ 140.9930, 53.7405,  
-110.4959

■ 233.6650, 8.0532,  
-16.3692

■ 134.1600, 57.1091,  
-117.6583

■ 245.2490, 2.3422,  
-4.6034

■ 253.8430, -1.8946,  
1.0147

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

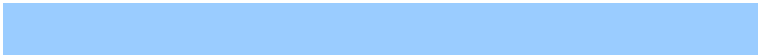
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183.3530, 21.0250, -70.4696



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



194.8640, 29.6470, -35.8377

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



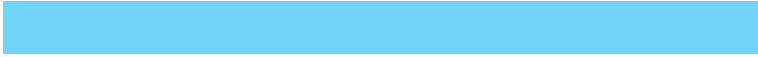
203.5140, 0.7326, 45.1532



195.0450, -25.1652, -1.7935

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



177.6710, -30.8968, 63.4325

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198.7600, -29.4617, 23.0125



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



201.1540, -13.3869, 47.2229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



204.6610, 14.4641, 27.4843



200.7330, -25.0114, 42.3302



191.0830, -12.8589, -29.0138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



200.0240, 27.1032, -13.1760



200.7330, -25.0114, 42.3302



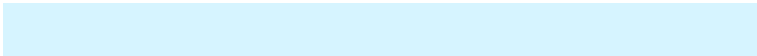
196.4160, -27.8131, 7.5282

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



236.2840, 9.2270, -19.5431



198.3490, -23.3431, -73.0971



116.4160, 5.7109, -11.7658



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325



177.7770, 38.0709, -77.8574



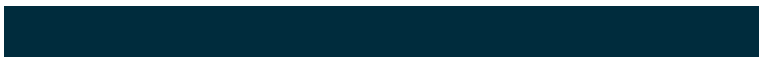
149.1740, 49.7072, -29.9706



118.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



101.3780, 43.1976, -88.9085



32.7820, 13.9115, -28.7498



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.4230, 22.4695, 73.2970



152.2000, 27.5094, 90.1556



216.4130, -49.9966, 29.4558



116.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



72.0150, 31.5446, 102.5958

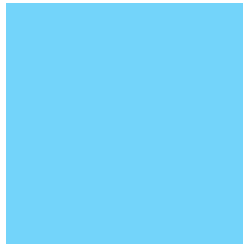


23.2550, 10.2273, 33.1024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

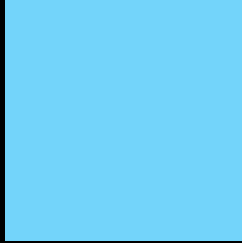
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

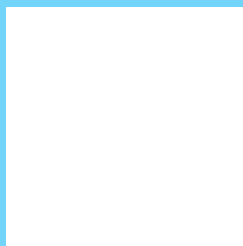
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325.

-63.4325.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325

### Protanopia

199.3960, 19.5248, -9.1173

### Deuteranopia

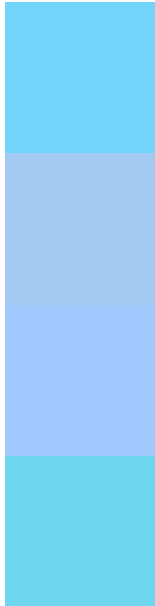
199.9320, 26.6555, -9.5874



## Tritanopia

184.9450, 23.1981, -67.4808

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325

## Protanomaly

194.7140, 23.8050, -28.6902

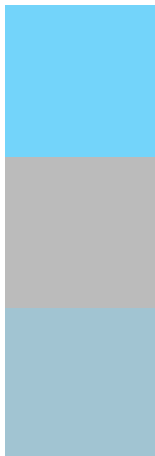
## Deuteranomaly

195.2670, 28.4624, -29.1752

## Tritanomaly

186.0530, 26.1029, -65.8215

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325

## Achromatopsia

187.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

187.1310, 11.2744, -22.9169

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 212, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 212, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 212, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 212, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 212, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 212, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 212, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 212, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 212, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 212,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 187.3290, 30.8968, -63.4325 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 212, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
212, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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