

Converting Colors

YUV(188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1BDFE
RGB	161, 189, 255
RGB Percent	63%, 74%, 100%
CMY	0.3686, 0.2588, 0.0000
CMYK	0.37, 0.26, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	222°, 100%, 82%
HSV	222°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	50.9455, 51.1923, 101.8037
YIQ	188.1520, -37.8740, 14.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

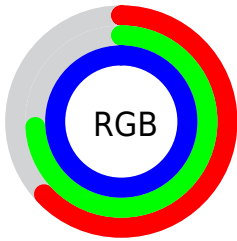
Format	Color
RYB	161, 183, 255
Decimal	10599935
CIELab	76.80, 6.18, -35.58
CIELCh	77, 36.108, 279.848
Yxy	51.1923, 0.2498, 0.2510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288790015 (0xFFA1BDFF)
YUV	188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123
Hunter-Lab	71.5488, 1.8887, -34.2771

Details

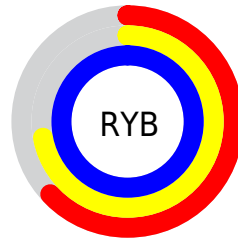
The YUV color **188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **227.8480, -32.9561, 23.8123**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.0670, 8.3480, -17.5988**, and **134.0980, 31.5037, -24.6419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169.8120, 41.9977, -30.5301**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.4920, 23.9144, -17.0945**.

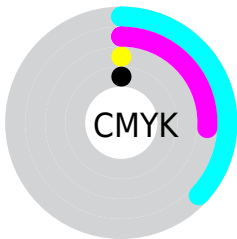
Distribution



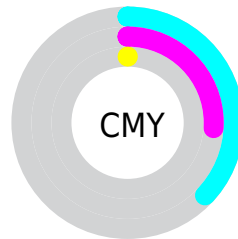
- Red (63%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123

■ 188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 160.6250, 32.2299,
-24.2271

■ 238.0670, 8.3480,
-17.5988

■ 134.0980, 31.5037,
-24.6419

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 107.9730, 31.0723,
-26.2863

■ 82.4350, 30.3515,
-28.4455

■ 55.5050, 30.8100,
-35.5229

■ 35.2560, 28.4678,
-30.9195

■ 20.7800, 23.7725,

-18.2241

■ 7.5920, 18.9351,
-6.6582

■ 3.4370, 10.6306,
-3.0142

■ 188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123

■ 188.1520, 32.9561,
-23.8123

■ 169.8120, 41.9977,
-30.5301

■ 206.4920, 23.9144,
-17.0945

■ 151.7710, 50.8919,
-36.6332

■ 224.5330, 15.0202,
-10.9914

■ 133.4310, 59.9335,
-43.3510

■ 242.8730, 5.9786,
-4.2736

■ 115.3900, 68.8277,
-49.4540

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.0500, 77.8693,
-56.1719

■ 79.5960, 86.4742,
-62.7897

■ 73.6820, 89.3898,
-64.6191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178.0180, 35.9801, -60.5288



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



193.5650, 23.3855, 12.6595

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



191.1240, -21.2601, 52.5113



177.1070, -5.9688, -45.6978

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



227.8480, -32.9561, 23.8123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182.3530, -22.3590, -15.2186



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



189.5060, -30.8155, 37.2672

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



193.0330, -6.4253, 54.3451



186.2380, -31.1763, 12.9463



170.6100, 14.4893, -74.2030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



194.6940, 14.4479, 32.7174



186.2380, -31.1763, 12.9463



178.6800, -11.6742, -35.6764

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



234.8880, 9.9152, -6.9178



223.7020, 1.6259, -54.9897



115.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123



175.1390, 39.3715, -28.1859



177.3970, 38.2583, 2.2828



118.8300, 4.5208, -3.3589



55.2330, 66.9331, -48.4393



18.4490, 22.4566, -16.1798

Inverse Universe

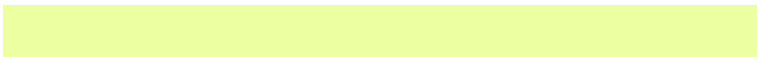
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192.2980, -1.6259, 54.9897



180.2500, -2.0952, 65.5558



238.6030, -38.2583, -2.2828



119.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



63.6070, -3.2573, 111.7237



21.3020, -1.1349, 37.4461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

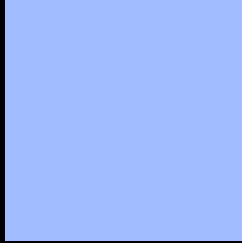
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

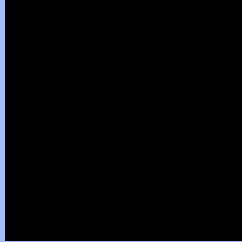
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

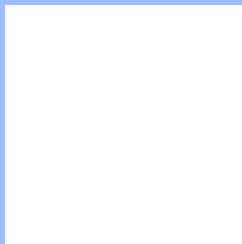
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123.

-23.8123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123

Protanopia

189.4410, 31.3346, -17.0498

Deuteranopia

189.0820, 32.4976, -16.7349



Tritanopia

185.0700, 13.7695, -29.8794

Trichromacy



Original Color

188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123

Protanomaly

189.2450, 31.9242, -19.5089

Deuteranomaly

188.7720, 32.6504, -19.0940

Tritanomaly

186.2150, 20.6000, -27.3756

Monochromacy



Original Color

188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123

Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

187.7460, 11.9572, -8.5472

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 189, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 189, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 189, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 189, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 189, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 189, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 189, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 189, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 189, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 189,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 188.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 189, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
189, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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