

# Converting Colors

YUV(188.1910, -16.3632,  
21.7575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(188.1910, -16.3632,  
21.7575)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5B69B
RGB	213, 182, 155
RGB Percent	84%, 71%, 61%
CMY	0.1647, 0.2863, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.27, 0.16
HSL	28°, 41%, 72%
HSV	28°, 27%, 84%
XYZ	50.0849, 49.9686, 38.0155
YIQ	188.1910, 27.1430, -1.8250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

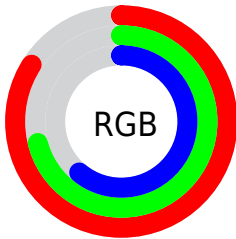
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 206, 155
Decimal	14005915
CIE Lab	76.05, 7.09, 17.88
CIE LCh	76, 19.230, 68.370
Yxy	49.9686, 0.3628, 0.3619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292195995 (0xFFD5B69B)
YUV	188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575
Hunter-Lab	70.6885, 2.7678, 17.5964

# Details

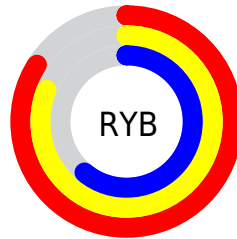
The YUV color **188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **179.8090, 16.3632, -21.7575**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239.8910, -14.7363, 13.2506**, and **134.8210, -15.1948, 20.3280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.3400, -22.3526, 29.5198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.0420, -10.3737, 13.9952**.

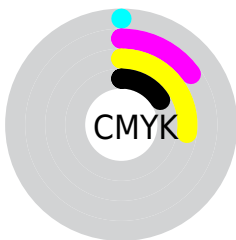
# Distribution



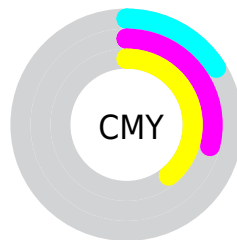
- Red (84%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 188.1910,  
-16.3632, 21.7575

■ 188.1910,  
-16.3632, 21.7575

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 161.0060,  
-15.7790, 21.0427

■ 239.8910,  
-14.7363, 13.2506

■ 134.8210,  
-15.1948, 20.3280

■ 253.0620, -7.4256,  
1.6996

■ 109.3370,  
-14.4631, 18.9985

■ 84.7390, -14.1683,  
17.7689

■ 61.3690, -12.9999,  
16.3394

■ 39.4720, -12.5577,  
14.4951

■ 18.9710, -9.3527,

13.1804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.1910,  
-16.3632, 21.7575

■ 188.1910,  
-16.3632, 21.7575

■ 179.3400,  
-22.3526, 29.5198

■ 197.0420,  
-10.3737, 13.9952

■ 169.7880,  
-28.4895, 37.8969

■ 206.5940, -4.2368,  
5.6181

■ 160.9370,  
-34.4789, 45.6593

■ 215.4450, 1.7526,  
-2.1443

■ 151.4990,  
-40.1790, 53.9364

■ 224.8830, 7.4527,  
-10.4214

■ 142.5340,  
-46.6053, 61.7987

■ 233.0500, 10.8214,  
-17.5838

■ 133.6830,  
-52.5947, 69.5610

■ 239.5070, 7.6380,  
-23.2466

■ 124.2450,  
-58.2948, 77.8381

■ 242.4420, 6.1911,  
-25.8206

■ 121.8000,  
-60.0474, 79.9824

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.5000, -11.5855, 29.3795



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



186.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



180.8710, 5.4866, -33.2129



189.6600, 12.4926, 6.4372

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



179.8090, 16.3632, -21.7575

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187.1030, 17.2042, -11.4913



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



181.6240, 13.4964, -35.6272

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



182.4180, -4.1501, -22.2916



184.1180, 17.6898, -27.2905



191.0980, 4.8817, 20.9621



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



185.2050, -14.3981, -1.9338



184.1180, 17.6898, -27.2905



189.1970, 14.6929, 0.7042

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



246.2630, -5.5527, 7.6623



175.9900, 5.4279, 32.4578



122.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575



219.0090, -23.6684, 31.5641



204.6270, -24.4661, 7.3431



102.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



98.0890, -48.3579, 63.9429



24.5970, -12.1263, 16.1394

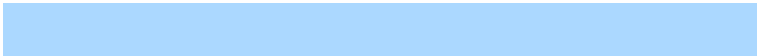


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179.8090, 16.3632, -21.7575



206.9910, 23.6684, -31.5641



163.3730, 24.4661, -7.3431



100.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



72.9110, 48.3579, -63.9429



18.4030, 12.1263, -16.1394



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

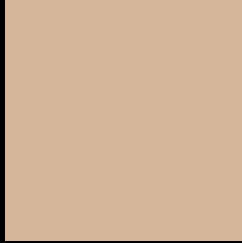
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575.

21.7575.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575

### Protanopia

186.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619

### Deuteranopia

188.2130, -16.3740, 25.2462



## Tritanopia

190.5560, 0.2189, 23.1914

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575

## Protanomaly

187.1900, -14.8837, 13.8654

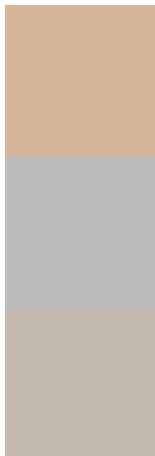
## Deuteranomaly

188.5010, -16.5160, 24.1166

## Tritanomaly

189.9490, -5.8909, 22.8467

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575

## Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

188.1490, -5.9895, 7.7623

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 182, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 182, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 182, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 182, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 182, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 182, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 182, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 182, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 182, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 182,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 188.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 182, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
182, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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