

# Converting Colors

YUV(188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AD0DB
RGB	138, 208, 219
RGB Percent	54%, 82%, 86%
CMY	0.4588, 0.1843, 0.1412
CMYK	0.37, 0.05, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	188°, 53%, 70%
HSV	188°, 37%, 86%
XYZ	45.8233, 55.6295, 75.3403
YIQ	188.3240, -45.2510, -11.4190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

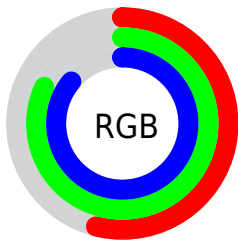
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">138, 176, 219</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9097435</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.40, -19.16, -12.41</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 22.826, 212.933</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.6295, 0.2592, 0.3147</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287287515</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF8AD0DB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.5852, -20.8581, -7.6806</a>

# Details

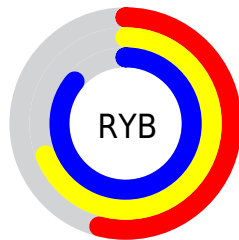
The YUV color **188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **168.6760, -15.1233, 44.1341**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.7610, 8.9918, -37.5014**, and **133.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.9850, 19.2344, -56.1148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196.6630, 11.0121, -32.1535**.

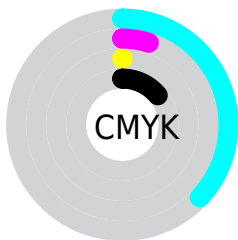
# Distribution



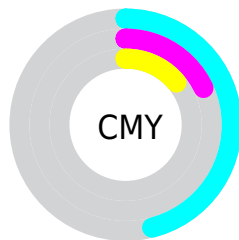
- Red (54%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341

■ 188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 160.6230, 14.9759,  
-43.5194

■ 236.7610, 8.9918,  
-37.5014

■ 133.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341

■ 245.4320, 4.7170,  
-19.6729

■ 106.7260, 15.4181,  
-45.3637

■ 254.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 79.5190, 16.0131,  
-49.5672

■ 55.8180, 15.8657,  
-48.9524

■ 39.6950, 12.4754,  
-34.8125

■ 24.8600, 8.9430,

-21.8022

■ 3.2090, 9.7570,  
-2.8143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341

■ 188.3240, 15.1233,  
-44.1341

■ 179.9850, 19.2344,  
-56.1148

■ 196.6630, 11.0121,  
-32.1535

■ 171.6460, 23.3455,  
-68.0955

■ 205.0020, 6.9010,  
-20.1728

■ 163.3070, 27.4566,  
-80.0762

■ 213.3410, 2.7899,  
-8.1921

■ 154.9680, 31.5678,  
-92.0569

■ 221.6800, -1.3212,  
3.7886

■ 146.6290, 35.6789,  
-104.0376

■ 230.0190, -5.4324,  
15.7693

■ 138.5890, 39.6426,  
-115.4036

■ 233.8730, -7.3324,  
18.5284

■ 135.9090, 40.9639,  
-119.1922

■ 235.6340, -8.2006,  
16.9840

■ 237.3950, -9.0687,  
15.4396

■ 239.1560, -9.9369,  
13.8952

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188.3110, 4.7767, -38.8607



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



191.2740, 21.0639, -36.1973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



200.2060, 7.7864, 22.6213



195.6970, -20.5566, 13.4207

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



168.6760, -15.1233, 44.1341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.9530, -18.7108, 28.1052



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



200.5250, -2.7238, 33.7426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



199.2620, 16.1398, 3.2782



199.1310, -11.8966, 35.8421



192.8410, -15.6976, -5.1226



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



193.8670, 21.7576, -25.3164



199.1310, -11.8966, 35.8421



196.7300, -20.5729, 18.6538

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



244.2800, 5.2850, -15.1546



186.8010, -18.6359, -42.7985



121.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341



212.7070, 20.8504, -61.1330



164.8440, 26.6989, -23.5422



105.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329



107.7720, 32.1574, -94.5160



28.7240, 8.5171, -25.1909



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170.1990, 18.6359, 42.7985



187.5460, 25.8598, 59.1572



192.1560, -26.6989, 23.5422



103.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



68.8270, 40.0183, 91.3597

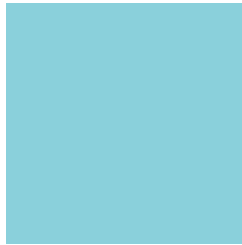


18.3140, 10.6912, 24.2806



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

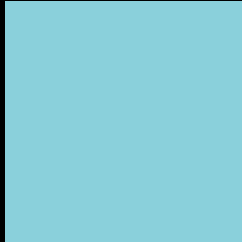
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

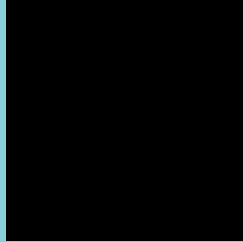
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341.



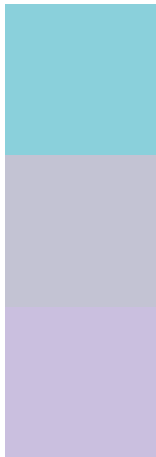
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341.

-44.1341.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341

### Protanopia

196.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996

### Deuteranopia

197.9370, 12.3561, 3.5633



## Tritanopia

188.6060, 17.4492, -43.5045

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341

## Protanomaly

193.8220, 9.9478, -17.3839

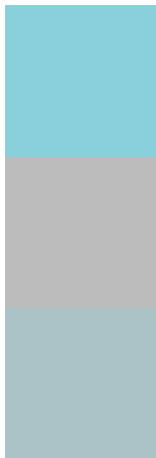
## Deuteranomaly

194.4680, 13.5733, -13.5654

## Tritanomaly

188.3780, 16.5756, -43.3045

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341

## Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

187.9810, 5.4324, -15.7693

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 208, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 208, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 208, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 208, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 208, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 208, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 208, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 208, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 208, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 208,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 188.3240, 15.1233, -44.1341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 208, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
208, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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