

# Converting Colors

YUV(188.6820, -24.9862,  
-59.3571)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(188.6820, -24.9862,  
-59.3571)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79E98A
RGB	121, 233, 138
RGB Percent	47%, 91%, 54%
CMY	0.5255, 0.0863, 0.4588
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.41, 0.09
HSL	129°, 72%, 69%
HSV	129°, 48%, 91%
XYZ	41.6115, 64.1778, 34.2391
YIQ	188.6820, -36.2570, -53.2890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

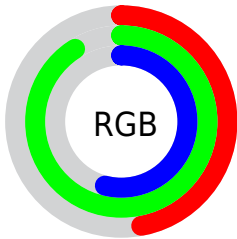
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 218, 233
Decimal	7989642
CIELab	84.06, -51.63, 36.51
CIElCh	84, 63.231, 144.731
Yxy	64.1778, 0.2972, 0.4583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286179722 (0xFF79E98A)
YUV	188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571
Hunter-Lab	80.1110, -47.4773, 30.7374

# Details

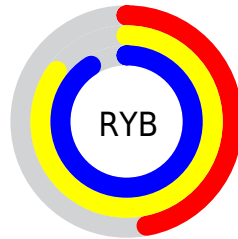
The YUV color **188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **165.3180, 24.9862, 59.3571**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.0940, -16.3153, -40.4244**, and **131.3550, -22.3600, -61.7013** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.5250, -30.3318, -71.4974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.8390, -19.6406, -47.2168**.

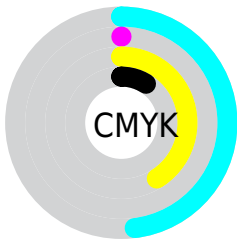
# Distribution



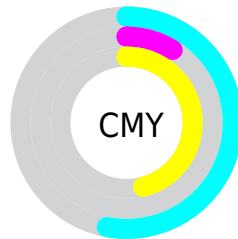
- Red (47%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 188.6820,  
-24.9862, -59.3571

■ 188.6820,  
-24.9862, -59.3571

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 160.0240,  
-23.6758, -59.6570

■ 225.0940,  
-16.3153, -40.4244

■ 131.3550,  
-22.3600, -61.7013

■ 237.0710, -7.9230,  
-25.4953

■ 100.8100,  
-19.1333, -69.9934

■ 249.2330, -0.1149,  
-9.8513

■ 76.4190, -19.4336,  
-67.0195

■ 58.1930, -23.2661,  
-51.0353

■ 42.2640, -20.8362,  
-37.0655

■ 28.7630, -14.1802,

-25.2252

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,  
-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.6820,  
-24.9862, -59.3571

■ 188.6820,  
-24.9862, -59.3571

■ 179.5250,  
-30.3318, -71.4974

■ 197.8390,  
-19.6406, -47.2168

■ 170.0690,  
-35.5300, -84.2525

■ 207.2950,  
-14.4424, -34.4617

■ 161.0260,  
-40.4388, -96.4928

■ 216.3380, -9.5336,  
-22.2214

■ 151.8690,  
-45.7844, -108.6331

■ 225.4950, -4.1880,  
-10.0811

■ 142.7120,  
-51.1300, -120.7734

■ 234.9510, 1.0102,  
2.6740

■ 140.7610,  
-52.1402, -123.4474

■ 242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.9760, -50.7672, -3.4870



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



162.7510, 16.8848, -142.7326

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



170.7790, 41.5210, -111.1852



189.9210, -13.2721, 57.0743

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



165.3180, 24.9862, 59.3571

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195.0000, 13.8040, 52.6200



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



203.9000, 25.1923, -6.9283

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



165.8410, 43.9554, -145.4426



207.4530, 23.4407, 41.6987



195.3740, -40.6104, 52.2920



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



168.0120, 34.5041, -147.3465



207.4530, 23.4407, 41.6987



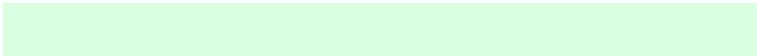
190.3260, -4.1047, 56.7191

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



240.8160, -7.7973, -19.1326



215.1490, -46.4155, 0.7463



119.2560, -5.0562, -11.6255



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



196.4980, -32.7835, -78.4897



195.0660, -0.5255, -64.9559



112.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



109.3250, -40.5862, -95.8780



32.6100, -12.1327, -28.5990



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.3180, 24.9862, 59.3571



165.6160, 33.2203, 78.3898



158.9340, 0.5255, 64.9559



110.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



71.6750, 40.5862, 95.8780

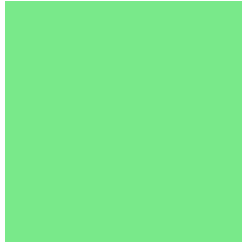


21.2760, 11.6959, 28.6989



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

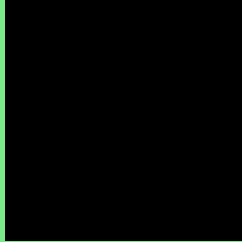
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

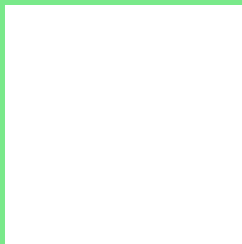
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571.

-59.3571.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571

### Protanopia

204.5610, -37.7446, 19.6790

### Deuteranopia

207.6090, -30.3732, 35.4229



## Tritanopia

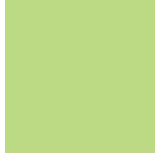
200.0290, 19.2127, -49.1374

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



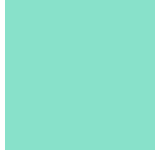
## Protanomaly

198.6390, -32.8530, -9.3304



## Deuteranomaly

200.5570, -28.3756, 1.2655



## Tritanomaly

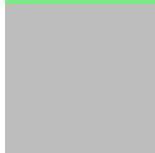
195.7670, 3.0729, -52.4157

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571



## Achromatopsia

189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

188.7510, -9.2442, -21.7066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 233, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 233, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 233, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 233, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 233, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 233, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 233, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 233, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 233, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 233,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 188.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 233, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
233, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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