

# Converting Colors

YUV(188.9610, -31.5328,  
-59.6018)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(188.9610, -31.5328,  
-59.6018)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79EC7D
RGB	121, 236, 125
RGB Percent	47%, 93%, 49%
CMY	0.5255, 0.0745, 0.5098
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.47, 0.07
HSL	122°, 75%, 70%
HSV	122°, 49%, 93%
XYZ	41.5823, 65.5365, 29.8602
YIQ	188.9610, -32.9090, -58.9010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

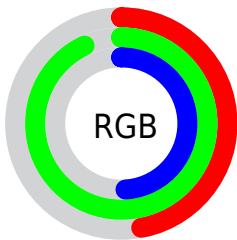
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">121, 232, 236</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7990397</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.76, -54.74, 43.78</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">85, 70.094, 141.344</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">65.5365, 0.3036, 0.4784</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286180477 (0xFF79EC7D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.9546, -49.9842, 34.7990</a>

# Details

The YUV color **188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **168.0390, 31.5328, 59.6018**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.9110, -22.1411, -38.5099**, and **131.0360, -28.6117, -63.1756** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.1630, -38.0414, -72.0570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.7590, -25.0242, -47.1466**.

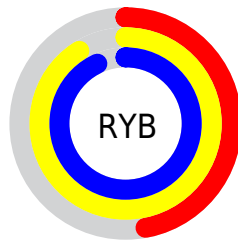
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (93%)

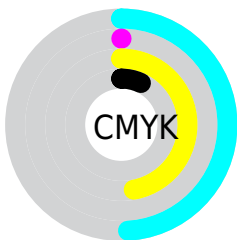
Blue (49%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (93%)

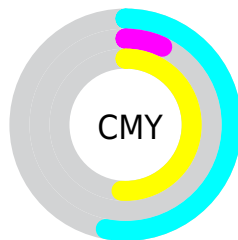


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 188.9610,  
-31.5328, -59.6018

■ 188.9610,  
-31.5328, -59.6018

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 160.0040,  
-30.0750, -60.5165

■ 223.9110,  
-22.1411, -38.5099

■ 131.0360,  
-28.6117, -63.1756

■ 235.7740,  
-14.1856, -23.4808

■ 99.1810, -25.2322,  
-73.8267

■ 248.0500, -5.9407,  
-7.9369

■ 75.6550, -27.4379,  
-66.3494

■ 58.1130, -28.6497,  
-50.9651

■ 43.4380, -21.4149,  
-38.0951

■ 29.9370, -14.7589,

-26.2547

■ 14.6750, -7.2348,  
-12.8700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.9610,  
-31.5328, -59.6018

■ 188.9610,  
-31.5328, -59.6018

■ 179.1630,  
-38.0414, -72.0570

■ 198.7590,  
-25.0242, -47.1466

■ 169.6640,  
-44.6974, -83.8973


■ 208.2580,  
-18.3682, -35.3063


■ 159.9800,  
-50.7691, -96.4525


■ 217.9420,  
-12.2964, -22.7511

■ 150.4810,  
-57.4251, -108.2928

■ 227.4410, -5.6404,  
-10.9108

 140.6830,  
-63.9337, -120.7480

 237.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

 139.4440,  
-64.8019, -122.2924

 243.8470, 5.4984,  
9.7812

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.7180, -59.5140, 2.0013



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



164.3010, 12.6696, -144.0920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



161.1450, 46.2705, -141.3242



186.2680, -9.4991, 60.2780

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



168.0390, 31.5328, 59.6018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.3190, 20.0557, 54.0942



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



201.7630, 26.2458, -18.2092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



168.7760, 42.5084, -148.0166



207.4530, 23.4407, 41.6987



192.0970, -40.4738, 55.1659



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



170.1320, 32.4729, -149.2058



207.4530, 23.4407, 41.6987



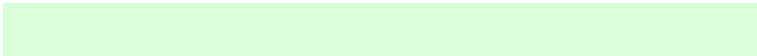
187.0150, 0.9786, 59.6228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



239.4200, -10.5601, -19.6623



221.6940, -49.6421, 9.0384



118.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



194.4460, -40.6459, -76.6901



195.4590, -6.6353, -65.3005



112.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



106.9310, -49.7590, -93.7785



31.9260, -14.7535, -27.9991



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168.0390, 31.5328, 59.6018



167.5540, 40.6459, 76.6901



161.5410, 6.6353, 65.3005



110.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



74.0690, 49.7590, 93.7785

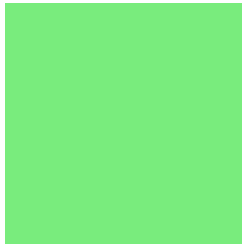


22.0740, 14.7535, 27.9991



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018.



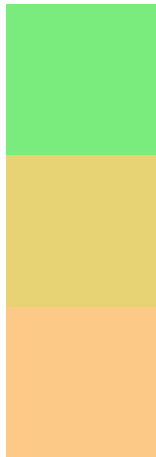
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018.

-59.6018.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018

### Protanopia

205.5630, -44.1546, 22.3082

### Deuteranopia

208.9100, -36.9306, 38.6669



## Tritanopia

202.0290, 19.2127, -49.1374

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



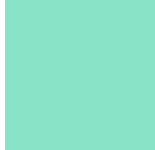
## Protanomaly

199.2280, -39.5524, -7.2160



## Deuteranomaly

201.8470, -34.9276, 2.7652



## Tritanomaly

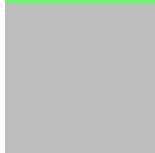
197.4850, 0.7469, -53.0453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018



## Achromatopsia

189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

188.8820, -11.2808, -21.8215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 236, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 236, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 236, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 236, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 236, 125) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 236, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 236, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 236, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 236, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 236,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 188.9610, -31.5328, -59.6018 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 236, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
236, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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