

# Converting Colors

YUV(189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(189.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3C4B4
RGB	179, 196, 180
RGB Percent	70%, 77%, 71%
CMY	0.2980, 0.2314, 0.2941
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.08, 0.23
HSL	124°, 13%, 74%
HSV	124°, 9%, 77%
XYZ	46.5686, 52.3588, 50.8319
YIQ	189.0930, -4.9960, -8.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

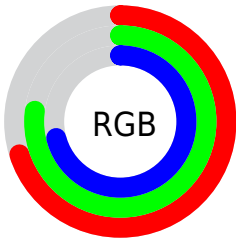
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 195, 196
Decimal	11781300
CIELab	77.49, -8.82, 6.05
CIELCh	77, 10.695, 145.570
Yxy	52.3588, 0.3110, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289971380 (0xFFB3C4B4)
YUV	189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516
Hunter-Lab	72.3594, -11.7512, 9.0009

# Details

The YUV color **189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **185.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245.6800, -4.7722, -9.3664**, and **135.5060, -4.1935, -8.3368** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181.0610, -9.3971, -19.3475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444**.

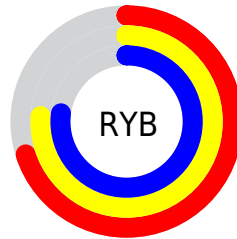
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (77%)

Blue (71%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (77%)

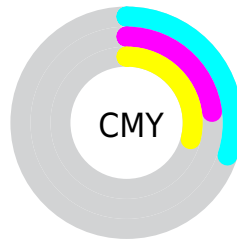


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (23%)


Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 189.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516

 189.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 162.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516


 245.6800, -4.7722,  
-9.3664

 135.5060, -4.1935,  
-8.3368

 110.5060, -4.1935,  
-8.3368

 85.9190, -3.9041,  
-7.8220

 62.9190, -3.9041,  
-7.8220

 40.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

 19.9190, -3.9041,

-7.8220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516

■ 189.0930, -4.4828,  
-8.8516

■ 181.0610, -9.3971,  
-19.3475

■ 197.1250, 0.4314,  
1.6444

■ 173.2140,  
-14.8955, -29.1287

■ 204.9720, 5.9298,  
11.4256

■ 165.1820,  
-19.8097, -39.6246

■ 213.0040, 10.8440,  
21.9215

■ 157.3350,  
-25.3082, -49.4058

■ 220.2530, 16.6373,  
30.4731

■ 149.3030,  
-30.2224, -59.9017

■ 220.3670, 17.0741,  
30.3731

■ 141.1570,  
-35.5734, -70.2977

■ 133.4240,  
-40.6350, -80.1788

■ 125.2780,  
-45.9861, -90.5748

■ 117.5450,  
-51.0477, -100.4560

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.9370, -7.8569, 0.0553



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



188.1290, 0.9224, -15.8991

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



190.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



193.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



185.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



192.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



189.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840



193.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



192.5090, -8.6319, 15.3396



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



187.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433



193.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



193.6000, -3.2538, 17.0138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



251.8100, -1.8783, -4.2184



193.7630, -7.2782, 1.0848



125.6360, -1.2995, -3.1888



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

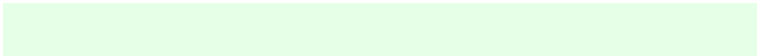


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



244.7890, -6.7980, -12.9700



190.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514



92.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480



95.5330, -42.6608, -83.7824



19.5990, -8.6763, -17.1883



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516



240.0970, 6.3612, 13.0699



184.9950, 0.9885, 9.6514



91.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



65.3530, 42.2240, 83.8824

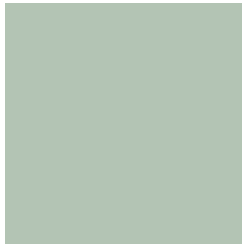


13.4010, 8.6763, 17.1883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

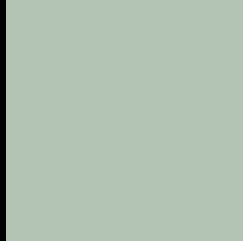
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

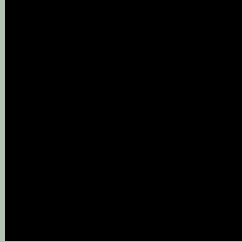
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

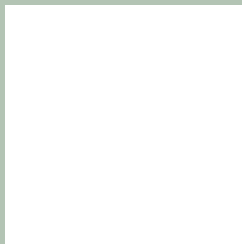
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516.

-8.8516.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

### Protanopia

190.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179

### Deuteranopia

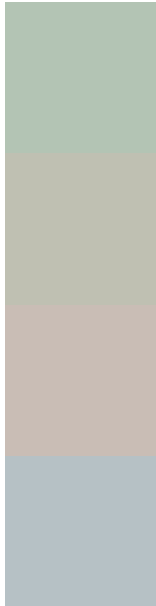
193.0300, -5.4378, 17.5137



## **Tritanopia**

191.0190, 7.8786, -7.0327

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

## Protanomaly

190.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849

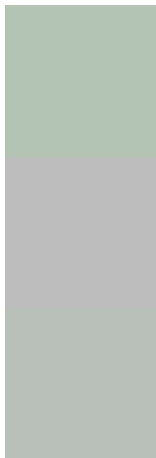
## Deuteranomaly

191.6760, -5.2633, 8.1771

## Tritanomaly

190.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

## Achromatopsia

189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 196, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 196, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 196, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 196, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 196, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 196, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 196, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 196, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 196, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 196,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 196, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
196, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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