

# Converting Colors

YUV(189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99CFC2
RGB	153, 207, 194
RGB Percent	60%, 81%, 76%
CMY	0.4000, 0.1882, 0.2392
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.06, 0.19
HSL	166°, 36%, 71%
HSV	166°, 26%, 81%
XYZ	45.1873, 55.2930, 59.3299
YIQ	189.3720, -28.0110, -15.4910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

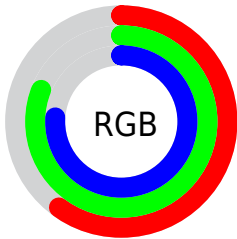
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	153, 184, 207
Decimal	10080194
CIELab	79.21, -20.15, 0.80
CIElCh	79, 20.165, 177.729
Yxy	55.2930, 0.2828, 0.3460
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288270274 (0xFF99CFC2)
YUV	189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982
Hunter-Lab	74.3593, -21.6562, 4.7450

# Details

The YUV color  $189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $170.6280, -2.2816, 31.8982$ , and the grayscale version is  $189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $240.3770, 4.7441, -28.3946$ , and  $135.6710, 2.1342, -31.2835$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $182.5230, 3.1932, -44.3087$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $196.2210, 1.3700, -19.4878$ .

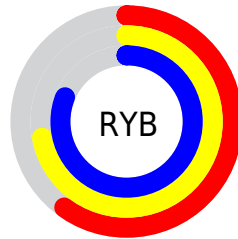
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (81%)

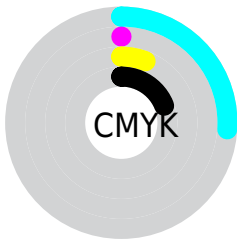
Blue (76%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (81%)

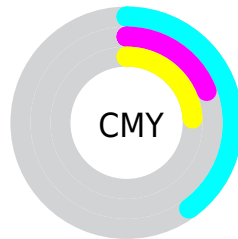


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982

■ 189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 161.7850, 2.5710,  
-31.3834

■ 240.3770, 4.7441,  
-28.3946

■ 135.6710, 2.1342,  
-31.2835

■ 249.6180, 2.6533,  
-11.0660

■ 109.4970, 2.7130,  
-30.2539

■ 84.4970, 2.7130,  
-30.2539

■ 60.0130, 3.4446,  
-31.5834

■ 36.8280, 4.0288,  
-32.2982

■ 22.1070, 0.9332,

-19.3878

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982

■ 189.3720, 2.2816,  
-31.8982

■ 182.5230, 3.1932,  
-44.3087

■ 196.2210, 1.3700,  
-19.4878

■ 175.9730, 3.9573,  
-56.1043

■ 202.7710, 0.6059,  
-7.6922

■ 169.1240, 4.8689,  
-68.5147

■ 209.6200, -0.3057,  
4.7183

■ 162.2750, 5.7804,  
-80.9252

■ 216.4690, -1.2172,  
17.1287

■ 155.4260, 6.6920,  
-93.3356

■ 222.7200, -1.8340,  
28.3096

■ 148.8760, 7.4561,  
-105.1313

■ 223.2900, 0.3500,  
27.8097

■ 142.0270, 8.3677,  
-117.5417

■ 223.8600, 2.5340,  
27.3098

■ 139.4070, 8.6733,  
-122.2599

■ 224.4300, 4.7180,  
26.8099

■ 225.0000, 6.9020,  
26.3100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



191.5280, -7.6553, -18.0031



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



189.4450, 11.6126, -38.1013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



198.0120, 15.2771, -0.0105



197.3380, -15.9426, 26.8906

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



170.6280, -2.2816, 31.8982

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198.7930, -9.2649, 31.7535



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



199.2870, 8.2395, 17.2883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



194.5150, 18.9731, -18.8687



199.6600, -0.8184, 29.2392



195.3920, -17.9413, 14.5652



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



190.3080, 16.1172, -36.2271



199.6600, -0.8184, 29.2392



198.1040, -14.3483, 28.8498

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



248.4500, 0.7642, -11.7956



188.8840, -17.6908, -19.1923



123.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

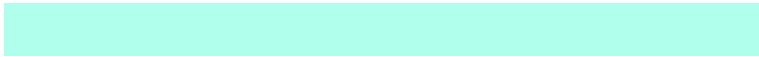


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982



229.2130, 3.3460, -46.6678



183.2230, 11.7221, -26.5056



101.3690, 0.3111, -6.4626



113.2080, 7.2925, -99.2834



27.6010, 1.6757, -24.2061



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170.6280, -2.2816, 31.8982



201.7870, -3.3460, 46.6678



177.3640, -12.0115, 25.9908



97.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



54.9060, -6.8557, 99.1834



13.3990, -1.6757, 24.2061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

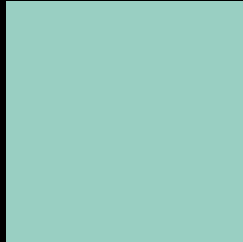
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

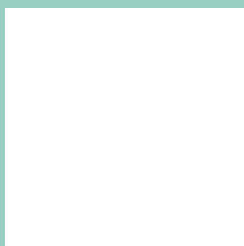
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982.



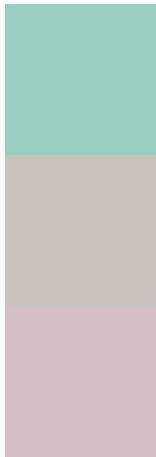
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982.

-31.8982.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982

### Protanopia

195.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

### Deuteranopia

197.2020, 0.3934, 13.8548



## Tritanopia

191.3690, 13.6221, -29.2646

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982

## Protanomaly

193.4890, -1.7201, -8.3219

## Deuteranomaly

194.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739

## Tritanomaly

190.3320, 9.6963, -30.1092

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982

## Achromatopsia

189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.4500, 0.7642, -11.7956

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 207, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 207, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 207, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 207, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 207, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 207, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 207, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 207, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 207, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 207,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 207, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
207, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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