

# Converting Colors

YUV(189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BCAD7
RGB	155, 202, 215
RGB Percent	61%, 79%, 84%
CMY	0.3922, 0.2078, 0.1569
CMYK	0.28, 0.06, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	193°, 43%, 73%
HSV	193°, 28%, 84%
XYZ	46.9038, 54.1159, 72.2633
YIQ	189.4290, -32.1850, -5.9210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

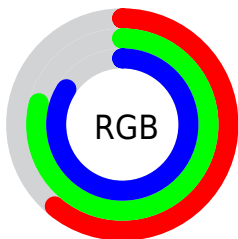
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	155, 181, 215
Decimal	10210007
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	78.53, -12.34, -11.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 16.847, 222.925
Yxy	54.1159, 0.2707, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288400087 (0xFF9BCAD7)
YUV	189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942
Hunter-Lab	73.5635, -14.9252, -6.7476

# Details

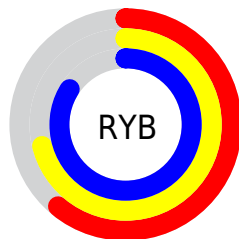
The YUV color  $189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $180.5710, -12.6065, 30.1942$ , and the grayscale version is  $189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $241.8440, 6.4859, -27.0502$ , and  $135.6140, 12.0223, -29.4795$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $179.9160, 17.2964, -41.1453$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $198.9420, 7.9166, -19.2431$ .

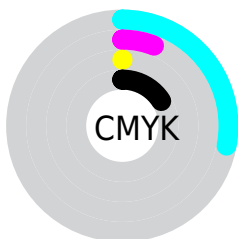
# Distribution



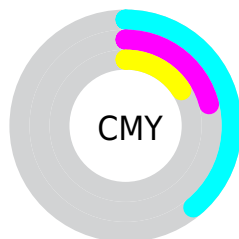
- Red (61%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942

■ 189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 162.3150, 12.1697,  
-30.0943

■ 241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

■ 135.6140, 12.0223,  
-29.4795

■ 250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

■ 109.6140, 12.0223,  
-29.4795

■ 84.6140, 12.0223,  
-29.4795

■ 59.7170, 12.4645,  
-31.3238

■ 36.8910, 11.8857,  
-32.3534

■ 22.1700, 8.7902,

-19.4431

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942

■ 189.4290, 12.6065,  
-30.1942

■ 179.9160, 17.2964,  
-41.1453

■ 198.9420, 7.9166,  
-19.2431

■ 171.2890, 21.5495,  
-51.9965

■ 207.5690, 3.6635,  
-8.3920

■ 161.7760, 26.2394,  
-62.9476

■ 217.0820, -1.0264,  
2.5591

■ 152.5620, 30.7819,  
-73.2839

■ 226.2960, -5.5689,  
12.8954

■ 143.6360, 35.1825,  
-84.7498

■ 232.8300, -8.7902,  
19.4431

■ 134.4220, 39.7250,  
-95.0861

■ 235.7650,  
-10.2371, 16.8691

■ 124.9090, 44.4149,  
-106.0372

■ 238.7000,  
-11.6841, 14.2951

■ 123.1260, 45.2939,  
-107.9815

■ 241.0480,  
-12.8417, 12.2359

■ 243.9830,  
-14.2886, 9.6619

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.0070, 5.9125, -29.8241



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



191.6950, 15.9264, -21.6575

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



197.0440, 3.4293, 20.1324



192.9610, -14.2778, 6.1732

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



180.5710, -12.6065, 30.1942

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.6250, -14.6051, 17.8689



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



197.3130, -4.5913, 26.0355

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



196.6880, 10.0138, 8.1666



196.2930, -10.9904, 25.1760



191.3120, -10.0138, -8.1666



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



193.6360, 15.4625, -12.8358



196.2930, -10.9904, 25.1760



193.7550, -15.1622, 9.8619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



246.6720, 4.1057, -10.2363



191.7020, -11.6851, -32.1877



122.3520, 2.7845, -6.4477



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

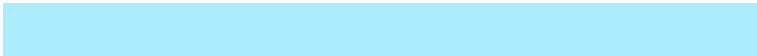


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942



219.3180, 17.5912, -42.3749



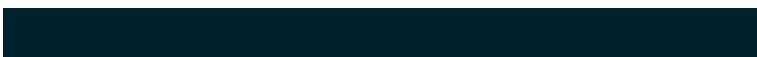
171.8190, 21.2882, -14.7503



102.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329



98.1520, 35.9141, -86.0793



24.8600, 8.9430, -21.8022



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178.2980, 11.6851, 32.1877



203.6400, 16.4465, 45.0427



198.1810, -21.2882, 14.7503



100.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



66.4050, 33.3243, 91.7298

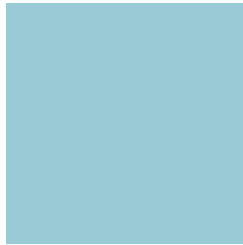


16.7330, 8.5126, 23.0362



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

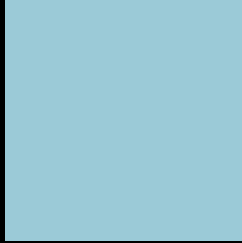
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942.



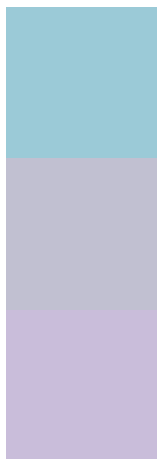
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942.

-30.1942.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942

### Protanopia

194.2370, 7.2782, -1.0848

### Deuteranopia

195.8940, 10.8983, 4.4780



## Tritanopia

190.0700, 13.7695, -29.8794

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942

## Protanomaly

192.6270, 9.0579, -11.9509

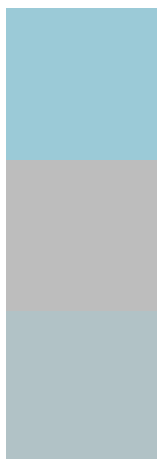
## Deuteranomaly

193.6320, 11.5204, -8.4473

## Tritanomaly

189.9560, 13.3327, -29.7794

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942

## Achromatopsia

189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.3730, 4.2531, -10.8511

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 202, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 202, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 202, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 202, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 202, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 202, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 202, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 202, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 202, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 202,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.4290, 12.6065, -30.1942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 202, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
202, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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