

Converting Colors

YUV(189.5980, -26.9168,
46.8336)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(189.5980, -26.9168,
46.8336)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | F3AD87 |
| RGB | 243, 173, 135 |
| RGB Percent | 95%, 68%, 53% |
| CMY | 0.0471, 0.3216, 0.4706 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.29, 0.44, 0.05 |
| HSL | 21°, 82%, 74% |
| HSV | 21°, 44%, 95% |
| XYZ | 56.2789, 50.6911, 29.7398 |
| YIQ | 189.5980, 53.9180, 3.0220 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

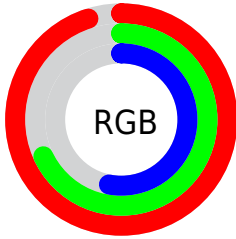
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 243, 194, 135 |
| Decimal | 15969671 |
| CIE Lab | 76.49, 21.19, 29.70 |
| CIE LCh | 76, 36.488, 54.496 |
| Yxy | 50.6911, 0.4117, 0.3708 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294159751 (0xFFFF3AD87) |
| YUV | 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.1977, 16.5011, 25.0725 |

Details

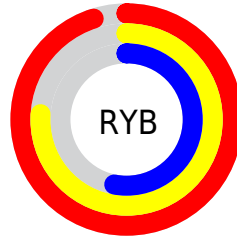
The YUV color $189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9966$. A complement of this color would be $188.4020, 26.9168, -46.8336$, and the grayscale version is $190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $232.2140, -21.3045, 19.9833$, and $135.1460, -24.7220, 42.8450$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $177.4700, -32.7697, 57.4698$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $201.7260, -21.0639, 36.1973$.

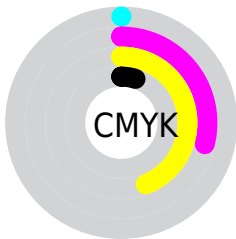
Distribution



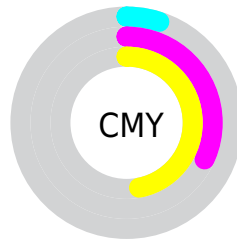
- Red (95%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

189.5980,
-26.9168, 46.8336

189.5980,
-26.9168, 46.8336

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

161.8150,
-26.0378, 44.8892

232.2140,
-21.3045, 19.9833

135.1460,
-24.7220, 42.8450

250.5540,
-17.0351, 3.8991

109.3630,
-23.8430, 40.9006

253.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

84.3950, -22.3797,
38.2416

60.3130, -21.3533,
35.6825

37.6870, -18.5797,
32.7235

16.7000, -8.2331,

27.4501

■ 4.4850, -2.2111,
9.2217

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 189.5980,
-26.9168, 46.8336

■ 189.5980,
-26.9168, 46.8336

■ 177.4700,
-32.7697, 57.4698

■ 201.7260,
-21.0639, 36.1973

■ 165.2280,
-39.0594, 68.2060

■ 213.3810,
-14.4848, 25.9759

■ 153.6870,
-45.2017, 78.3275

■ 225.5090, -8.6319,
15.3396

■ 141.5590,
-51.0546, 88.9638

■ 237.6370, -2.7790,
4.7034

■ 129.4310,
-56.9075, 99.6000

■ 249.6510, 2.6371,
-5.8329

■ 123.1390,
-60.7075, 105.1181

■ 251.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



191.5680, -14.5770, 55.6299



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



186.6850, -32.3827, 26.5863

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



172.9400, 3.9736, -61.3374



190.3500, 29.4075, -5.5689

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



188.4020, 26.9168, -46.8336

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182.4160, 35.7839, -44.2148



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



167.2480, 23.5417, -84.4095

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



179.0890, -15.3269, -30.7731



171.0930, 35.4502, -77.2576



193.9430, 16.7901, 28.1140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



185.0310, -30.5813, 8.7428



171.0930, 35.4502, -77.2576



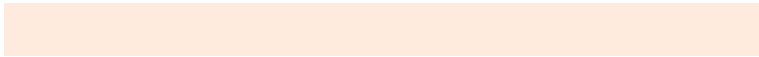
188.3700, 32.3556, -17.8645

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



238.9110, -8.3371, 14.1101



175.2720, 14.6559, 59.3975



117.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336



187.9540, -33.5013, 58.7993



221.2960, -42.5439, 19.0344



115.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181



93.7690, -46.2281, 80.8866



29.9680, -14.7742, 25.4611

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188.4020, 26.9168, -46.8336



186.4590, 33.7907, -58.2845



156.7040, 42.5439, -19.0344



116.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181



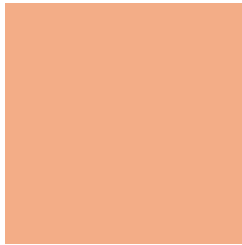
92.2310, 46.2281, -80.8866



29.0320, 14.7742, -25.4611

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

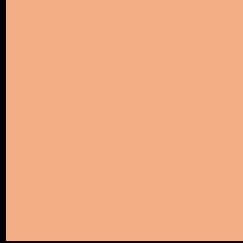
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

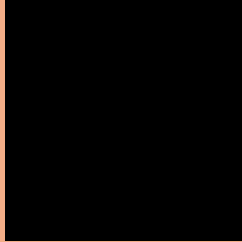
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.5980, -26.9168,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336

Protanopia

187.5290, -22.4458, 12.6911

Deuteranopia

188.6840, -27.4522, 31.8491



Tritanopia

192.4020, -6.1142, 47.8824

Trichromacy



Original Color

189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336

Protanomaly

188.1500, -24.2309, 25.3015

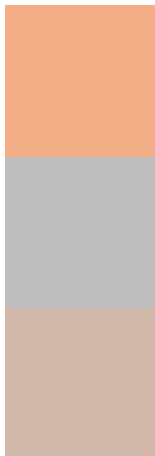
Deuteranomaly

189.1300, -27.1791, 37.5970

Tritanomaly

191.4530, -13.5343, 47.8377

Monochromacy



Original Color

189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336

Achromatopsia

190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

189.8790, -9.8003, 16.7691

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 173, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 173, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 173, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 173, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 173, 135) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 173, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 173, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 173, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 173, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 173,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.5980, -26.9168, 46.8336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 173, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
173, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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