

Converting Colors

YUV(189.8150, -36.3908,
5.4242)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(189.8150, -36.3908,
5.4242)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C974
RGB	196, 201, 116
RGB Percent	77%, 79%, 45%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2118, 0.5451
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.42, 0.21
HSL	64°, 44%, 62%
HSV	64°, 42%, 79%
XYZ	46.8040, 54.7700, 24.6278
YIQ	189.8150, 24.3050, -27.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

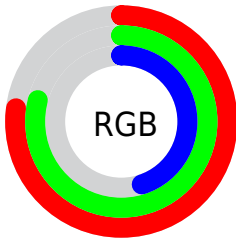
Format	Color
RYB	116, 201, 121
Decimal	12896628
CIELab	78.91, -14.25, 41.78
CIELCh	79, 44.142, 108.836
Yxy	54.7700, 0.3709, 0.4340
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291086708 (0xFFC4C974)
YUV	189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242
Hunter-Lab	74.0068, -16.6234, 32.0743

Details

The YUV color **189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **127.1850, 36.3908, -5.4242**, and the grayscale version is **190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244.8970, -37.4172, 7.9833**, and **135.8580, -34.9330, 4.5095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187.2360, -44.9793, 6.8090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192.3940, -27.8022, 4.0395**.

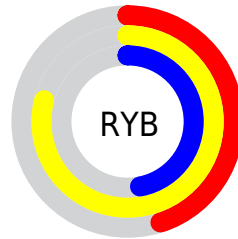
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (79%)

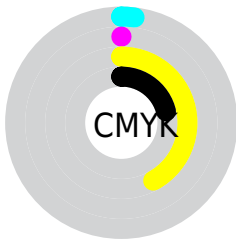
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (47%)

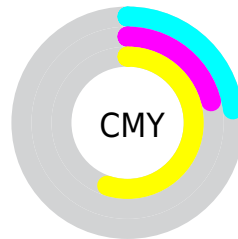


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 189.8150,
-36.3908, 5.4242

■ 189.8150,
-36.3908, 5.4242

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 162.6300,
-35.8066, 4.7095

■ 244.8970,
-37.4172, 7.9833

■ 135.8580,
-34.9330, 4.5095

■ 248.3880,
-25.3343, 5.7987

■ 109.7870,
-33.9120, 3.6948

■ 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 84.8470, -34.9276,
2.7652

254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 61.6880, -30.4122,
1.1506

■ 41.5980, -20.5078,
-2.2784

■ 21.4970, -10.5980,

-7.4519

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 189.8150,
-36.3908, 5.4242

■ 189.8150,
-36.3908, 5.4242

■ 187.2360,
-44.9793, 6.8090

■ 192.3940,
-27.8022, 4.0395

■ 184.6570,
-53.5679, 8.1938

■ 194.9730,
-19.2137, 2.6547

■ 181.7790,
-62.0090, 8.9638

■ 197.8510,
-10.7725, 1.8847

■ 179.2000,
-70.5976, 10.3486

■ 200.4300, -2.1840,
0.4999

■ 176.6210,
-79.1862, 11.7334

■ 203.1230, 6.8414,
-0.9849

■ 174.4980,
-86.0275, 12.7183

■ 205.7020, 15.4299,
-2.3697

■ 208.0530, 23.1449,
-3.5545

■ 208.3520, 22.9975,
-2.9397

■ 208.9500, 22.7027,
-1.7101

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.6170, -39.2512, 36.2929



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



184.3680, -21.8734, -31.0177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



154.1010, 49.7432, -135.1466



197.2680, 7.2629, 50.6310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



127.1850, 36.3908, -5.4242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200.5930, 24.3577, 27.5439



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



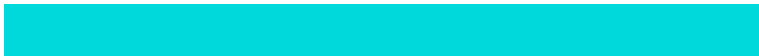
180.2130, 36.8700, -65.9618

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



152.4590, 33.2977, -133.7065



193.5230, 30.3082, -14.4907



192.0070, -10.3565, 55.2449

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



178.6880, -7.2412, -57.6084



193.5230, 30.3082, -14.4907



200.0380, 12.7993, 48.2017

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



250.6400, -14.1195, 2.0697



143.7630, -13.6872, 50.1968



125.0080, -8.8779, 0.8700



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242



237.7880, -55.6045, 8.0789



177.2570, -30.1997, -20.3964



97.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998



141.7270, -69.8714, 10.7634



31.2980, -15.4299, 2.3697

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.1850, 36.3908, -5.4242



142.2120, 55.6045, -8.0789



139.7430, 30.1997, 20.3964



91.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



21.5720, 69.7240, -10.1486



4.7020, 15.4299, -2.3697

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

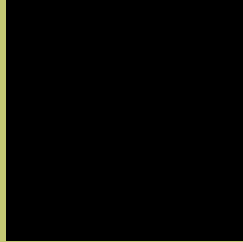
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242

Protanopia

191.4470, -38.1814, 19.7790

Deuteranopia

193.3120, -36.6358, 37.4374



Tritanopia

197.0810, 3.9041, 7.8220

Trichromacy



Original Color

189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242

Protanomaly

190.6420, -37.2915, 14.3460

Deuteranomaly

191.6480, -36.3085, 25.7417

Tritanomaly

194.5850, -10.6414, 6.5030

Monochromacy



Original Color

189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242

Achromatopsia

190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

189.8680, -13.2459, 1.8698

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 201, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 201, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 201, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 201, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 201, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 201, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 201, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 201, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 201, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 201,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.8150, -36.3908, 5.4242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 201, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
201, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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