

# Converting Colors

YUV(189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA98E3
RGB	250, 152, 227
RGB Percent	98%, 60%, 89%
CMY	0.0196, 0.4039, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	314°, 91%, 79%
HSV	314°, 39%, 98%
XYZ	64.5177, 48.3265, 78.6005
YIQ	189.8520, 34.3330, 44.1010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

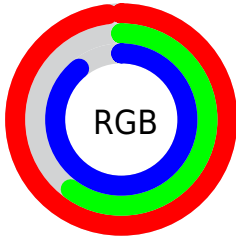
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 152, 227
Decimal	16423139
CIE Lab	75.03, 47.05, -22.46
CIE LCh	75, 52.138, 334.479
Yxy	48.3265, 0.3370, 0.2524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294613219 (0xFFFA98E3)
YUV	189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498
Hunter-Lab	69.5173, 44.0073, -18.3749

# Details

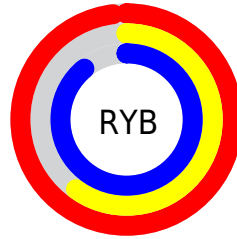
The YUV color **189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **212.1480, -18.3140, -52.7498**, and the grayscale version is **190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227.4110, 13.6014, 24.1956**, and **134.4280, 18.0300, 50.4906** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174.4930, 22.9280, 66.2196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.2110, 13.7000, 39.2800**.

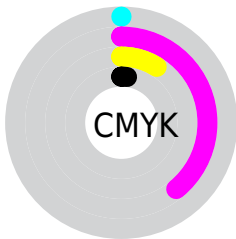
# Distribution



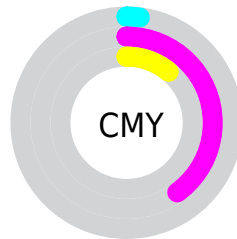
- Red (98%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498


 189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 162.1400, 18.1720,  
51.6202


 227.4110, 13.6014,  
24.1956


 134.4280, 18.0300,  
50.4906

 244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

 107.8300, 18.3248,  
49.2611

 81.2320, 18.6196,  
48.0315

 52.1120, 20.6508,  
49.8908

 32.7970, 18.3411,  
44.0280

 22.8140, 12.4167,

30.8581

■ 12.8310, 6.4923,  
17.6882

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498

■ 189.8520, 18.3140,  
52.7498

■ 174.4930, 22.9280,  
66.2196

■ 205.2110, 13.7000,  
39.2800

■ 159.1340, 27.5419,  
79.6895

■ 220.5700, 9.0860,  
25.8101

■ 143.7750, 32.1559,  
93.1593

■ 235.9290, 4.4720,  
12.3403

■ 128.5300, 37.2067,  
106.5292

■ 251.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296

■ 113.1710, 41.8207,  
119.9990

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 97.8120, 46.4347,  
133.4689

■ 96.5240, 46.5767,  
134.5985

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.4750, 33.2898, 9.2304



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



181.1790, -1.0742, 64.7410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



179.7050, -46.1966, 23.9377



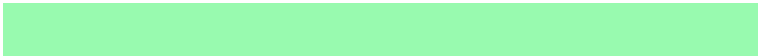
149.2280, 43.7646, -130.8730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



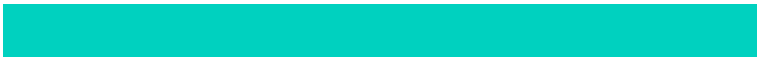
189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



212.1480, -18.3140, -52.7498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.4570, 22.9457, -126.6888



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



174.6120, -35.3047, -16.3227

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



183.0540, -41.9316, 56.0806



164.6180, -11.1507, -63.6860



147.0570, 53.2159, -128.9690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



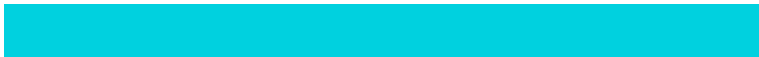
189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



179.4060, -15.4832, 66.2959



164.6180, -11.1507, -63.6860



148.1050, 36.9232, -129.8881

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



236.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586



170.0490, 39.4158, 4.3420



116.8640, 3.0250, 9.7663



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



181.3680, 22.4966, 64.5753



184.2660, -3.0891, 57.6487



117.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



72.9270, 35.0390, 101.7960



23.5970, 11.5377, 32.8024



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



181.3680, 22.4966, 64.5753



217.7340, 3.0891, -57.6487



117.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



72.9270, 35.0390, 101.7960

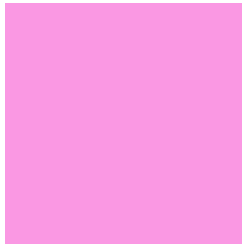


23.5970, 11.5377, 32.8024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

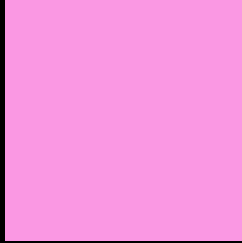
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

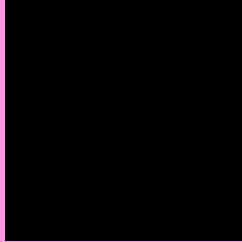
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 189.8520, 18.3140,

52.7498.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498

### Protanopia

185.4410, 31.3346, -17.0498

### Deuteranopia

186.8700, 17.3191, -1.6400



## Tritanopia

188.0000, -6.4090, 49.1120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



## Protanomaly

187.3410, 26.4539, 8.4709



## Deuteranomaly

187.8170, 17.8382, 18.5775



## Tritanomaly

188.4160, 2.7529, 50.5012

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498



## Achromatopsia

190.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

189.8420, 6.4869, 19.4326

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 152, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 152, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 152, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 152, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 152, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 152, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 152, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 152, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 152, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 152,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 189.8520, 18.3140, 52.7498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 152, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
152, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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