

# Converting Colors

YUV(19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649)  
contains.

<b>YUV(19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(19.2270, -7.5069,  
27.8649)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	330604
RGB	51, 6, 4
RGB Percent	20%, 2%, 2%
CMY	0.8000, 0.9765, 0.9843
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.92, 0.80
HSL	3°, 85%, 11%
HSV	3°, 92%, 20%
XYZ	1.4523, 0.8428, 0.2010
YIQ	19.2270, 27.4620, 8.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

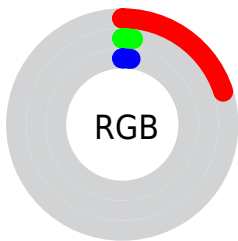
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">51, 6, 4</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3343876</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">7.61, 22.29, 10.25</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">8, 24.535, 24.696</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.8428, 0.5818, 0.3377</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281533956</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF330604</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">9.1805, 12.1712, 5.1283</a>

# Details

The YUV color **19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **35.7730, 7.5069, -27.8649**, and the grayscale version is **19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.9500, -7.3703, 30.7389**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4230, -8.0965, 30.3240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7320, -6.7699, 24.7910**.

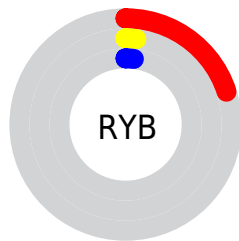
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (2%)

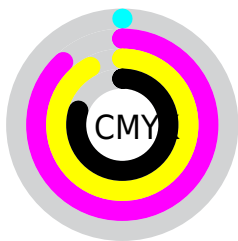
Blue (2%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (2%)

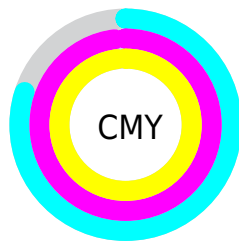


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.2270, -7.5069,  
27.8649

■ 19.2270, -7.5069,  
27.8649

■ 238.5350, -4.7008,  
14.4398

■ 7.5890, -3.2484,  
15.2694

■ 65.9500, -7.3703,  
30.7389

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 89.7330, -8.2494,  
32.6832

■ 114.6300, -8.6916,  
34.5275


■ 140.8150, -9.2758,  
35.2422


■ 167.5980,  
-10.1548, 37.1866


■ 194.6090,


-10.1602, 38.9309


 218.9070, -8.8282,  
31.6536


 19.2270, -7.5069,  
27.8649


 19.2270, -7.5069,  
27.8649


 16.4230, -8.0965,  
30.3240

 22.7320, -6.7699,  
24.7910

 26.2370, -6.0328,  
21.7172

 29.7420, -5.2958,  
18.6433

 33.2470, -4.5588,  
15.5694

 36.1650, -3.5323,  
13.0103

■ 39.7840, -2.3585,  
9.8364

■ 43.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

■ 46.7940, -0.8844,  
3.6887

■ 50.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.5500, 2.6869, 24.9507



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



21.3740, -10.5374, 19.8430

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



17.6100, -8.6817, -15.4440



21.5320, 16.4997, -18.8836

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



35.7730, 7.5069, -27.8649

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.1960, 12.7214, -20.3429



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



20.9500, -0.9613, -18.3731

# Square

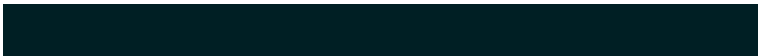
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



19.7470, -9.7353, -4.1631



22.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580



22.1530, 14.7146, -6.2732



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



22.2160, -10.9525, 12.9656



22.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580



22.0050, 15.7735, -19.2984

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



53.9690, -2.9427, 10.5512



23.1830, 12.7278, 24.3955



25.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649



21.4950, -10.5970, 39.0309



32.7280, -14.1629, 16.0245



23.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



28.9590, -14.2768, 52.6560



70.1660, -34.5918, 128.7734



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.7730, 7.5069, -27.8649



44.5050, 10.5970, -39.0309



22.2720, 14.1629, -16.0245



24.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



60.0410, 14.2768, -52.6560

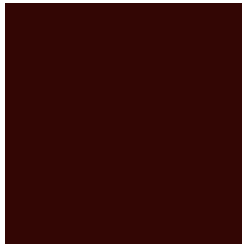


146.8340, 34.5918, -128.7734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

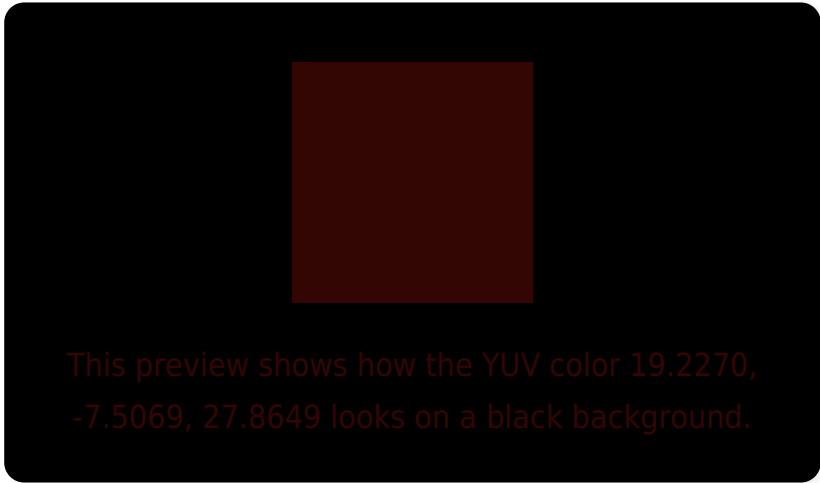
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

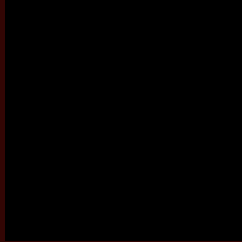
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649.



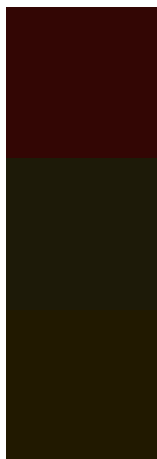
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 19.2270, -7.5069,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649

### Protanopia

24.8450, -8.3046, 3.6439

### Deuteranopia

24.5420, -12.0992, 7.4177



## Tritanopia

19.3410, -7.0701, 27.7649

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649

## Protanomaly

23.0140, -7.8949, 12.2657

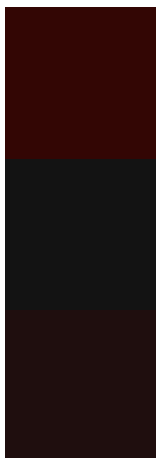
## Deuteranomaly

22.6400, -10.6685, 15.2247

## Tritanomaly

19.3410, -7.0701, 27.7649

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649

## Achromatopsia

19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

19.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 6, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 6, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 6, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 6, 4) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 6, 4) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 6, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 6, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 6, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 6, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 6, 4) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 19.2270, -7.5069, 27.8649 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 6, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 6,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor