

Converting Colors

YUV(19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(19.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	240C10
RGB	36, 12, 16
RGB Percent	14%, 5%, 6%
CMY	0.8588, 0.9529, 0.9373
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.56, 0.86
HSL	350°, 50%, 9%
HSV	350°, 67%, 14%
XYZ	0.9526, 0.6754, 0.5704
YIQ	19.6320, 13.0200, 6.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

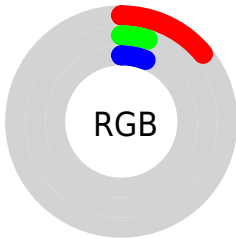
Format	Color
RYB	36, 12, 16
Decimal	2362384
CIELab	6.10, 12.54, 2.36
CIELCh	6, 12.758, 10.664
Yxy	0.6754, 0.4333, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280552464 (0xFF240C10)
YUV	19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547
Hunter-Lab	8.2184, 6.3068, 1.6380

Details

The YUV color **19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **28.3680, 1.7906, -14.3547**, and the grayscale version is **20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9420, -1.9434, 16.7139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.3220, -1.6377, 11.9956**.

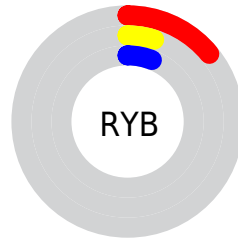
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (5%)

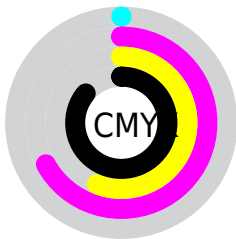
Blue (6%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (6%)

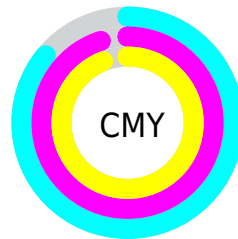


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547

■ 19.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547

■ 241.5500, -0.7642,
11.7956

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 63.2300, -2.0854,
15.5843

■ 86.8280, -2.3802,
16.8138

■ 111.1270, -2.5276,
17.4286

■ 136.7250, -2.8224,
18.6582

■ 163.0240, -2.9698,
19.2730

■ 190.3230, -3.1172,

19.8877

■ 217.6220, -3.2646,
20.5025

■ 19.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547

■ 19.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547

■ 16.9420, -1.9434,
16.7139

■ 22.3220, -1.6377,
11.9956

■ 14.8390, -2.3856,
18.5582

■ 24.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 12.1490, -2.5385,
20.9173

■ 27.1150, -1.0427,
7.7921

■ 11.4480, -2.6859,
21.5321

■ 29.2180, -0.6005,
5.9478

■ 31.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 34.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 36.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 39.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739

■ 41.4940, 0.7425,
-4.8182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



19.2100, -8.4845, 14.7248

Triad

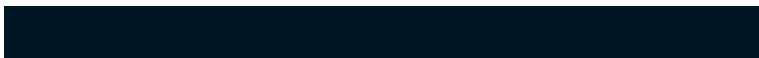
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



17.0890, -8.4249, -4.4631



16.9040, 8.9213, -14.8248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



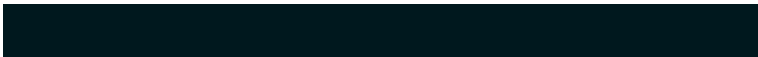
19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



28.3680, 1.7906, -14.3547

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5080, 6.1586, -15.3545



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



15.9290, -2.4300, -13.9697

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



18.6170, -9.1782, 3.8439



17.2970, 2.8116, -15.1695



18.5460, 8.6048, -6.6178

Rectangle

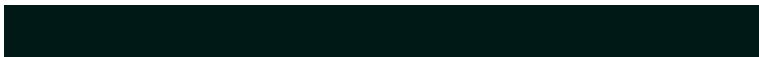
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



18.6720, -9.2053, 12.5657



17.2970, 2.8116, -15.1695



17.3770, 8.1951, -15.2396

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



39.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



20.7160, 7.5350, 9.8961



18.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



20.7470, -2.8333, 22.1469



23.8720, -5.8529, 10.6363



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



26.1140, -5.9722, 49.0120



66.4810, -15.5201, 124.9892

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547



20.7470, -2.8333, 22.1469



24.1280, 5.8529, -10.6363



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



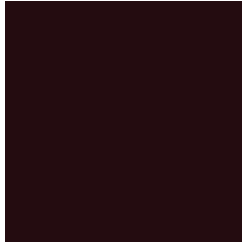
26.1140, -5.9722, 49.0120



66.4810, -15.5201, 124.9892

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

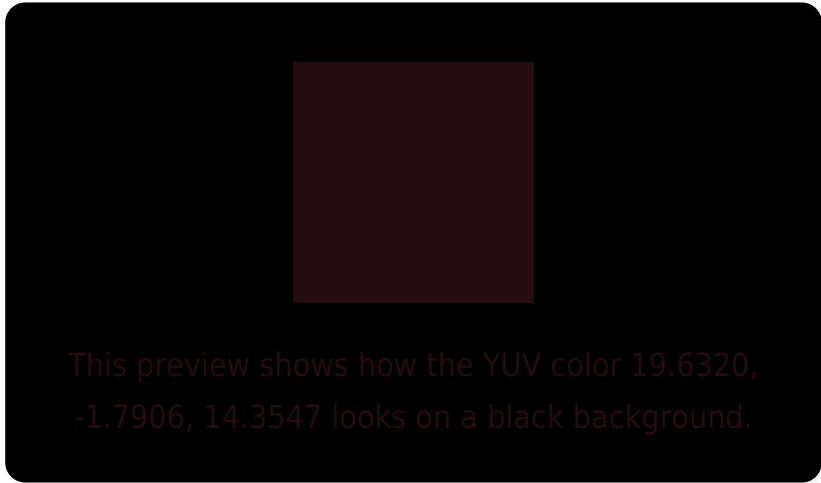
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547.

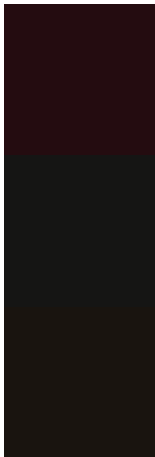


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 19.6320, -1.7906,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547

Protanopia

20.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

Deuteranopia

20.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738



Tritanopia

19.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547

Protanomaly

20.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

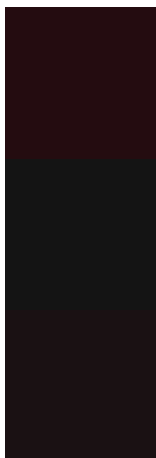
Deuteranomaly

20.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773

Tritanomaly

19.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547

Achromatopsia

20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

19.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 12, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 12, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 12, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 12, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 12, 16) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 12, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 12, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 12, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 12, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 12, 16)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 19.6320, -1.7906, 14.3547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 12, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 12,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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