

# Converting Colors

YUV(190.5130, -38.2139,  
30.2451)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(190.5130, -38.2139,  
30.2451)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1BC71
RGB	225, 188, 113
RGB Percent	88%, 74%, 44%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2627, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.50, 0.12
HSL	40°, 65%, 66%
HSV	40°, 50%, 88%
XYZ	52.0152, 53.1662, 23.1434
YIQ	190.5130, 46.1270, -15.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

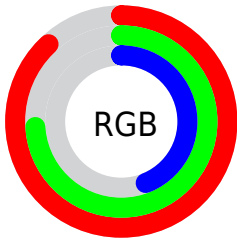
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">168, 225, 113</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14793841</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.97, 3.92, 42.66</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 42.844, 84.747</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.1662, 0.4053, 0.4143</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292983921 (0xFFE1BC71)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.9152, -0.2658, 32.2219</a>

# Details

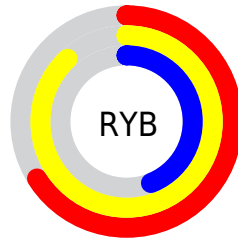
The YUV color **190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **147.4870, 38.2139, -30.2451**, and the grayscale version is **191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.3970, -35.6917, 14.5608**, and **136.3600, -36.1665, 26.8713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183.8960, -45.7977, 36.0482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.2440, -30.1933, 24.3420**.

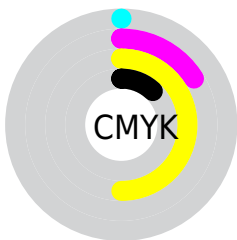
# Distribution



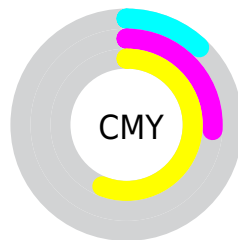
- Red (88%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 190.5130,  
-38.2139, 30.2451

■ 190.5130,  
-38.2139, 30.2451

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 163.1430,  
-37.0455, 28.8156

■ 238.3970,  
-35.6917, 14.5608

■ 136.3600,  
-36.1665, 26.8713

■ 248.0460,  
-26.6447, 6.0987

■ 110.4630,  
-35.7243, 25.0269

■ 251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

■ 85.2240, -36.5924,  
23.4826

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,  
0.3999

■ 62.6950, -30.9086,  
20.4385

■ 42.0070, -20.7095,  
15.7799

■ 22.7920, -11.2365,

10.7064

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 190.5130,  
-38.2139, 30.2451

■ 190.5130,  
-38.2139, 30.2451

■ 183.8960,  
-45.7977, 36.0482

■ 197.2440,  
-30.1933, 24.3420

■ 176.5780,  
-53.5290, 42.4661

■ 204.4480,  
-22.8989, 18.0241

■ 169.9610,  
-61.1128, 48.2692

■ 211.0650,  
-15.3150, 12.2210

■ 162.6430,  
-68.8440, 54.6871

■ 218.3830, -7.5838,  
5.8031

■ 156.0260,  
-76.4278, 60.4902

■ 225.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 155.9120,  
-76.8646, 60.5902

■ 232.3180, 7.7312,  
-6.4179

■ 237.2250, 8.7631,  
-10.7213

■ 241.3340, 6.7373,  
-14.3249

■ 246.0300, 4.4222,  
-18.4433

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.0890, -31.5959, 54.2959



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



186.2810, -33.1695, -1.1234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



150.6810, 36.6393, -132.1472



198.1870, 20.1208, 33.1620

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



147.4870, 38.2139, -30.2451

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.5780, 30.2810, -5.7689



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



163.1150, 45.2993, -109.7259

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



171.4110, 6.2064, -77.5364



182.0620, 35.9584, -53.5514



194.2530, 3.3263, 53.2751



# Rectangle

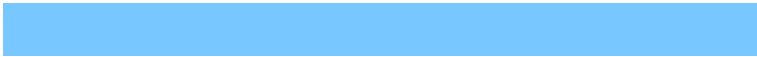
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



183.2440, -23.7843, -24.7700



182.0620, 35.9584, -53.5514



197.6030, 25.8317, 21.3962

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



243.0370, -12.8362, 10.4916



150.7060, -0.3481, 65.1558



120.6820, -7.7312, 6.4179



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451



207.6210, -52.0712, 41.5514



206.5510, -46.1206, -0.4832



108.3980, -3.6472, 3.1590



121.8900, -60.0918, 47.4545



33.1360, -16.3360, 13.0357



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.4870, 38.2139, -30.2451



149.3790, 52.0712, -41.5514



131.4490, 46.1206, 0.4832



104.6020, 3.6472, -3.1590



54.1100, 60.0918, -47.4545



14.8640, 16.3360, -13.0357



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

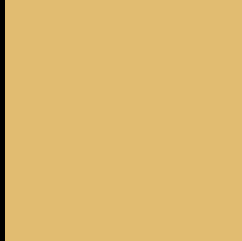
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451

### Protanopia

189.4900, -36.7236, 18.8643

### Deuteranopia

190.9700, -37.9462, 37.7373



## Tritanopia

196.3290, -2.1342, 31.2835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451

## Protanomaly

189.6970, -37.3186, 23.0677

## Deuteranomaly

190.6600, -37.7934, 35.3782

## Tritanomaly

193.8870, -15.2273, 30.7941

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451

## Achromatopsia

191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

190.8090, -13.7098, 10.6915

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 188, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 188, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 188, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 188, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 188, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 188, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 188, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 188, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 188, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 188,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 190.5130, -38.2139, 30.2451 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 188, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
188, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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