

# Converting Colors

YUV(190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690)  
contains.

<b>YUV(190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABC4D7
RGB	171, 196, 215
RGB Percent	67%, 77%, 84%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2314, 0.1569
CMYK	0.20, 0.09, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	206°, 35%, 76%
HSV	206°, 20%, 84%
XYZ	48.8003, 53.0441, 71.9565
YIQ	190.6910, -20.9990, 0.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

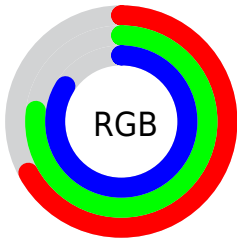
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">171, 187, 215</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11257047</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.90, -4.37, -12.31</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">78, 13.063, 250.442</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.0441, 0.2808, 0.3052</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289447127 (0xFFABC4D7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.8314, -7.8519, -7.5958</a>

# Details

The YUV color **190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **195.3090, -11.9843, 17.2690**, and the grayscale version is **191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842**, and **136.8760, 11.4001, -16.5543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.1290, 17.6844, -25.5461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202.5520, 6.1369, -8.3771**.

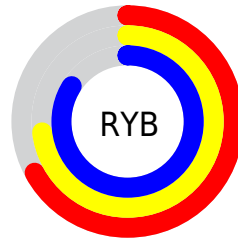
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (77%)

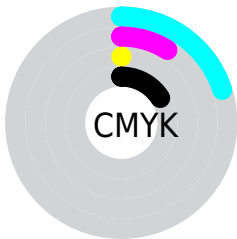
Blue (84%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (84%)

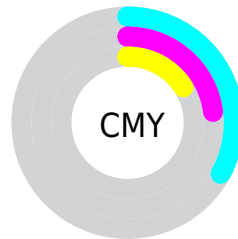


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690

■ 190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 163.5770, 11.5475,  
-17.1690

■ 245.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 136.8760, 11.4001,  
-16.5543

■ 111.7620, 10.9633,  
-16.4543

■ 86.7620, 10.9633,  
-16.4543

■ 63.5340, 10.0897,  
-16.2543

■ 40.5340, 10.0897,  
-16.2543

■ 19.7080, 9.5110,

-17.2839

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690

■ 190.6910, 11.9843,  
-17.2690

■ 179.1290, 17.6844,  
-25.5461

■ 202.5520, 6.1369,  
-8.3771

■ 166.6810, 23.8213,  
-33.9232

■ 214.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 154.8200, 29.6687,  
-42.8151

■ 226.5620, -5.7001,  
8.2771

■ 143.2580, 35.3688,  
-51.0923

■ 237.5260,  
-11.1053, 15.3247

■ 131.3970, 41.2163,  
-59.9842

■ 242.8090,  
-13.7098, 10.6915

■ 119.2480, 47.2057,  
-67.7465

■ 248.6790,  
-16.6037, 5.5435

■ 107.3870, 53.0532,  
-76.6384

■ 250.4400,  
-17.4719, 3.9991

■ 96.1240, 58.6059,  
-84.3007

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.2620, 9.2378, -23.0318



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



192.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



194.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



190.4910, -8.1301, -5.6926

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



195.3090, -11.9843, 17.2690

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



194.2430, -8.5008, 19.9579

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



194.8970, 3.0088, 14.9993



193.1130, -11.3947, 14.8099



188.9180, -2.4246, -15.7141



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



193.5300, 9.5987, 1.2892



193.1130, -11.3947, 14.8099



191.1710, -9.4513, -1.9040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



246.4060, 4.2368, -5.6181



198.8800, -4.8708, -24.4508



122.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

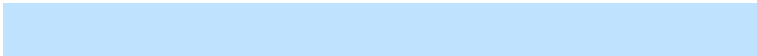


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690



219.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314



178.3640, 18.0615, -6.4582



100.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



76.4330, 46.6215, -67.0317



19.5770, 11.5475, -17.1690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.0060, 4.4340, 24.5507



214.2400, 6.2907, 35.7465



207.6360, -18.0615, 6.4582



99.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



62.1870, 17.1628, 95.4290

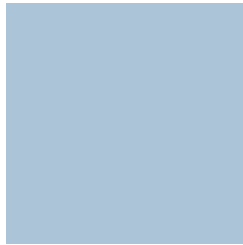


15.7070, 4.5814, 23.9360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

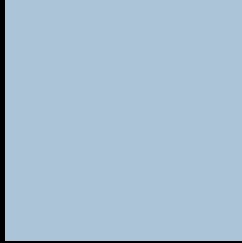
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

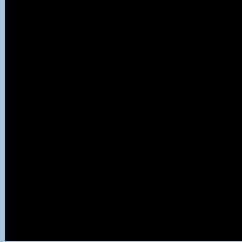
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

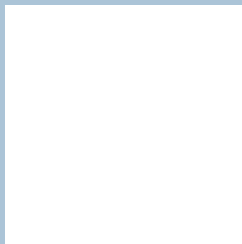
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690.

-17.2690.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690

### Protanopia

193.0950, 9.3202, -2.7143

### Deuteranopia

194.0080, 11.3351, 4.3780



## Tritanopia

190.0500, 10.8213, -17.5839

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690

## Protanomaly

192.2900, 10.2100, -8.1473

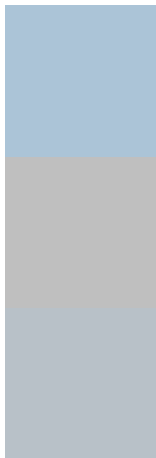
## Deuteranomaly

192.6650, 11.5042, -3.2142

## Tritanomaly

190.1640, 11.2581, -17.6838

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690

## Achromatopsia

191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

191.1070, 4.3842, -6.2328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 196, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 196, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 196, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 196, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 196, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 196, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 196, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 196, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 196, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 196,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 190.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 196, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
196, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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