

# Converting Colors

YUV(191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FD94FA
RGB	253, 148, 250
RGB Percent	99%, 58%, 98%
CMY	0.0078, 0.4196, 0.0196
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.01, 0.01
HSL	302°, 96%, 79%
HSV	302°, 42%, 99%
XYZ	68.3532, 48.9646, 96.2910
YIQ	191.0230, 29.8380, 53.9820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

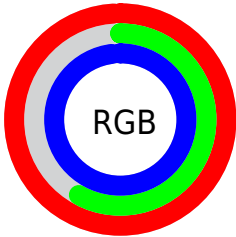
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	253, 148, 250
Decimal	16618746
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.43, 53.87, -34.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 63.884, 327.489
Yxy	48.9646, 0.3200, 0.2292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294808826 (0xFFFD94FA)
YUV	191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538
Hunter-Lab	69.9747, 51.9081, -32.6057

# Details

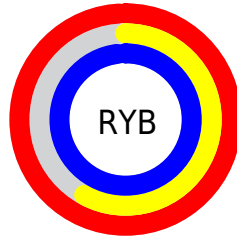
The YUV color **191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **209.9770, -29.0757, -54.3538**, and the grayscale version is **191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.0630, 14.7589, 26.2547**, and **135.1860, 28.5023, 51.5799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176.2340, 35.8736, 67.3238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.8120, 22.2777, 41.3839**.

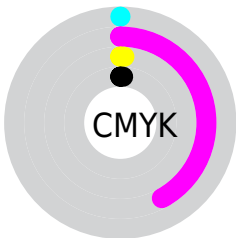
# Distribution



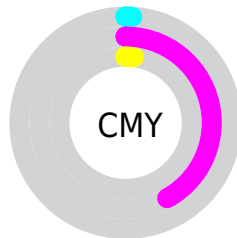
- Red (99%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538

 191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 162.8980, 28.6443,  
52.7095


 225.0630, 14.7589,  
26.2547


 135.1860, 28.5023,  
51.5799

 242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256

 107.8870, 28.6497,  
50.9651

 80.0010, 29.0865,  
50.8651

 46.0710, 32.9960,  
56.9427

 35.1480, 26.0560,  
42.8432

 25.0510, 19.6949,

29.7733

■ 14.9540, 13.3337,  
16.7033

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,  
-2.5144

■ 191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538

■ 191.0230, 29.0757,  
54.3538

■ 176.2340, 35.8736,  
67.3238

■ 205.8120, 22.2777,  
41.3839

■ 160.9720, 43.3978,  
80.7086

■ 221.0740, 14.7535,  
27.9991

■ 146.1830, 50.1958,  
93.6785

■ 235.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 131.3940, 56.9938,  
106.6485

■ 250.6520, 1.1576,  
2.0592

■ 116.6050, 63.7917, 254.2880, -0.1420,  
119.6184 -1.1296

■ 103.6910, 70.1583, 254.4020, 0.2948,  
130.9440 -1.2296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183.5550, 35.2224, -3.9947



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



176.3180, 8.2242, 69.0041

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



179.4650, -58.8962, 37.3032



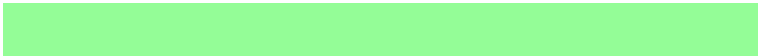
152.7500, 42.0282, -133.9617

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



209.9770, -29.0757, -54.3538

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.0240, 16.2572, -128.0630



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



173.6980, -49.1511, -8.5051

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



179.3820, -46.0373, 66.3170



161.7780, -20.5966, -67.3343



151.1660, 51.1902, -132.5726



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



172.4590, -9.1003, 72.3885



161.7780, -20.5966, -67.3343



151.1710, 33.4397, -132.5770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



236.6890, 8.5343, 16.0587



160.5680, 45.5690, -9.2681



117.3200, 4.7722, 9.3664



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



179.9950, 35.0055, 65.7794



185.2090, 6.7990, 59.4527



120.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



78.3130, 53.0897, 98.8265



26.2040, 17.6474, 33.1471



# Inverse Universe

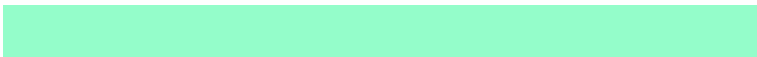
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



179.9950, 35.0055, 65.7794



215.7910, -6.7990, -59.4527



120.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



78.3130, 53.0897, 98.8265



26.2040, 17.6474, 33.1471



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

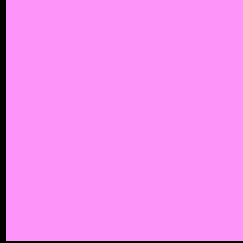
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

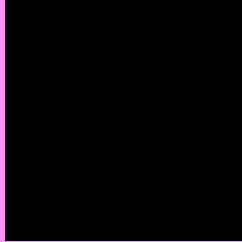
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.0230, 29.0757,

54.3538.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538

### Protanopia

186.1140, 33.9608, -19.3940

### Deuteranopia

186.9640, 28.1187, -12.2464



## Tritanopia

189.2880, -6.5510, 47.9824

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



## Protanomaly

187.8230, 32.1323, 7.1712



## Deuteranomaly

188.2320, 28.4796, 12.0745



## Tritanomaly

189.7410, 6.5367, 50.2161

# Monochromacy



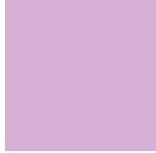
## Original Color

191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538



## Achromatopsia

191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

190.8790, 10.4127, 20.2771

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 148, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 148, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 148, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 148, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 148, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 148, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 148, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 148, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 148, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 148,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 191.0230, 29.0757, 54.3538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 148, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
148, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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