

# Converting Colors

YUV(191.2850, -59.3005,  
26.9371)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371)  
contains.

<b>YUV(191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(191.2850, -59.3005,  
26.9371)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEC747
RGB	222, 199, 71
RGB Percent	87%, 78%, 28%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2196, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.68, 0.13
HSL	51°, 70%, 57%
HSV	51°, 68%, 87%
XYZ	51.6850, 56.8314, 14.2067
YIQ	191.2850, 54.7960, -34.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

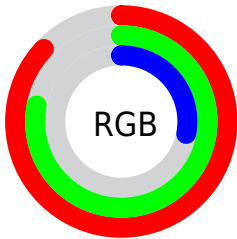
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	98, 222, 71
Decimal	14600007
CIELab	80.08, -6.05, 64.22
CIELCh	80, 64.508, 95.379
Yxy	56.8314, 0.4212, 0.4631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292790087 (0xFFDEC747)
YUV	191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371
Hunter-Lab	75.3866, -9.5471, 41.5973

# Details

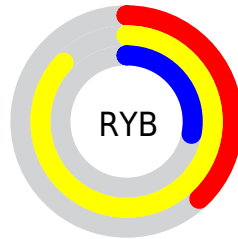
The YUV color **191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **101.7150, 59.3005, -26.9371**, and the grayscale version is **192.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240.2940, -56.3469, 12.8972**, and **133.8520, -65.9890, 25.5628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187.0160, -68.0419, 30.6810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195.5540, -50.5591, 23.1931**.

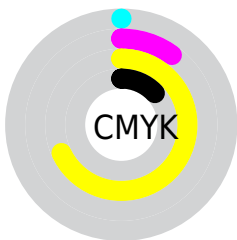
# Distribution



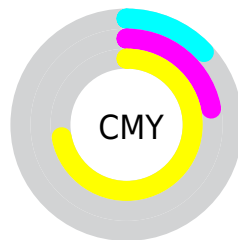
- Red (87%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 191.2850,  
-59.3005, 26.9371

■ 191.2850,  
-59.3005, 26.9371

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 163.1600,  
-59.7319, 25.2927

■ 240.2940,  
-56.3469, 12.8972

■ 133.8520,  
-65.9890, 25.5628

■ 243.3720,  
-44.5534, 10.1978

■ 110.8050,  
-54.6269, 21.2190

■ 246.6780,  
-31.8863, 7.2984

■ 87.7580, -43.2647,  
16.8752

■ 249.8700,  
-19.6559, 4.4990

■ 66.1840, -32.6287,  
12.1166

■ 253.1760, -6.9888,  
1.5996

■ 45.1970, -22.2821,  
6.8432

■ 25.6940, -12.6671,

2.8994

■ 0.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 191.2850,  
-59.3005, 26.9371

■ 191.2850,  
-59.3005, 26.9371

■ 187.0160,  
-68.0419, 30.6810

■ 195.5540,  
-50.5591, 23.1931

■ 182.1600,  
-76.4939, 34.9397

■ 200.4100,  
-42.1071, 18.9344

■ 177.7770,  
-85.6721, 38.7836

■ 204.7930,  
-32.9289, 15.0905

■ 176.7340,  
-87.1299, 39.6983

■ 209.6490,  
-24.4770, 10.8318

■ 213.9180,  
-15.7356, 7.0879

■ 218.1870, -6.9942,  
3.3440

■ 223.0430, 1.4578,  
-0.9147

■ 227.4260, 10.6360,  
-4.7586

■ 229.8710, 12.3886,  
-6.9029

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.1760, -50.3728, 56.8506



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



184.5760, -44.1610, -22.4302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



162.3190, 45.6917, -142.3538



195.7300, 26.7551, 51.9798

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



101.7150, 59.3005, -26.9371

# Split Complementary

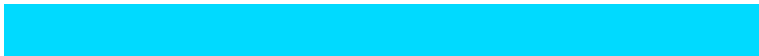
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198.1400, 28.0320, 15.6632



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



157.0360, 48.2963, -137.7206

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



157.5480, 24.8728, -138.1696



177.8430, 38.0384, -67.3913



183.0200, 3.4411, 63.1265



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



176.1870, -24.2492, -62.4310



177.8430, 38.0384, -67.3913



200.4090, 26.9134, 47.8763

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



244.4900, -19.9616, 9.2173



118.9990, -11.3385, 90.3319



121.5310, -12.0938, 5.6733



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371



212.3900, -82.0303, 37.3690



189.8360, -58.5861, -15.6422



109.5720, -4.2260, 2.1294



140.0870, -69.0629, 31.4957



38.4190, -18.9406, 8.4025



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.7150, 59.3005, -26.9371



88.6100, 82.0303, -37.3690



103.1640, 58.5861, 15.6422



103.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294



35.9130, 69.0629, -31.4957



9.5810, 18.9406, -8.4025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

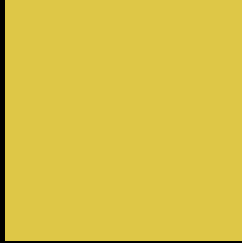
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

### Protanopia

191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

### Deuteranopia

193.5310, -58.9288, 47.7693



## Tritanopia

201.7630, -0.3762, 27.3948

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

## Protanomaly

191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

## Deuteranomaly

193.0740, -59.1965, 40.2771

## Tritanomaly

198.1440, -21.7630, 27.0607

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371

## Achromatopsia

191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

191.0340, -21.7088, 9.6172

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 199, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 199, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 199, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 199, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 199, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 199, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 199, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 199, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 199, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 199,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 191.2850, -59.3005, 26.9371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 199, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
199, 71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor