

# Converting Colors

YUV(191.9910, -70.0016,  
52.6279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(191.9910, -70.0016,  
52.6279)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCBD32
RGB	252, 189, 50
RGB Percent	99%, 74%, 20%
CMY	0.0118, 0.2588, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.80, 0.01
HSL	41°, 97%, 59%
HSV	41°, 80%, 99%
XYZ	58.9182, 57.3209, 10.9763
YIQ	191.9910, 82.1670, -29.8730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

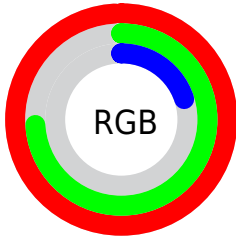
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">142, 252, 50</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16563506</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">80.36, 10.98, 73.06</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">80, 73.877, 81.452</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">57.3209, 0.4631, 0.4506</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4294753586 (0xFFFCBD32)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">75.7106, 6.4157, 44.4017</a>

# Details

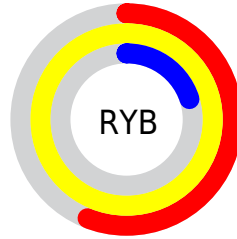
The YUV color **191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **110.0090, 70.0016, -52.6279**, and the grayscale version is **193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232.3720, -61.3154, 19.8448**, and **136.6420, -67.3645, 46.7950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184.4450, -78.6064, 59.2457**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199.5370, -61.3967, 46.0101**.

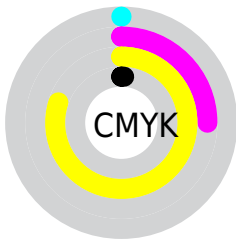
# Distribution



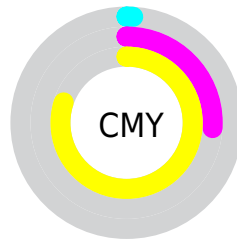
- Red (99%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



191.9910,  
-70.0016, 52.6279

191.9910,  
-70.0016, 52.6279

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

162.0850,  
-75.9639, 51.6685

232.3720,  
-61.3154, 19.8448

136.6420,  
-67.3645, 46.7950

241.4340,  
-51.9790, 11.8974

112.9970,  
-55.7075, 41.2216

244.6260,  
-39.7486, 9.0980

90.2380, -44.4873,  
35.7483

247.9320,  
-27.0815, 6.1986

68.0660, -33.5565,  
29.7601

251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

46.7800, -23.0625,  
23.8719

254.5440, -1.7472,

27.2660, -13.4421,

0.3999

18.1837

■ 7.1760, -3.5378,  
14.7546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 191.9910,  
-70.0016, 52.6279

■ 191.9910,  
-70.0016, 52.6279

■ 184.4450,  
-78.6064, 59.2457

■ 199.5370,  
-61.3967, 46.0101

■ 176.8990,  
-87.2112, 65.8636

■ 207.0830,  
-52.7919, 39.3922

■ 214.7430,  
-43.7503, 32.6744

■ 221.7020,  
-34.8561, 26.5713

■ 229.2480,  
-26.2513, 19.9535

■ 236.7940,  
-17.6464, 13.3357

■ 244.3400, -9.0416,  
6.7178

■ 252.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.2400, -43.9953, 64.6875



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



186.2680, -63.7291, 0.6420

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



164.4560, 41.1872, -144.2279



198.6480, 27.7815, 49.4207

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



110.0090, 70.0016, -52.6279

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.0490, 32.5138, -21.9680



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



162.3190, 45.6917, -142.3538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



155.7750, 10.4639, -136.6147



154.1010, 49.7432, -135.1466



181.9720, 19.7338, 64.0456



# Rectangle

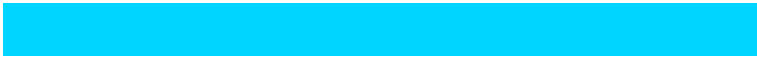
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



179.9390, -44.8329, -40.2885



154.1010, 49.7432, -135.1466



199.7230, 27.2516, 32.6919

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



236.8930, -21.1462, 15.8798



117.6940, -1.8211, 117.7864



116.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279



182.4580, -85.0218, 63.6193



217.9090, -82.7791, -2.5512



121.1700, -4.5208, 3.3589



132.8210, -65.4808, 49.2690



42.8930, -21.1462, 15.8798



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.0090, 70.0016, -52.6279



83.1290, 84.7324, -64.1341



84.0910, 82.7791, 2.5512



115.8300, 4.5208, -3.3589



56.1790, 65.4808, -49.2690



18.1070, 21.1462, -15.8798



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 191.9910, -70.0016,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279

### Protanopia

190.4180, -67.7471, 29.4514

### Deuteranopia

191.6920, -69.8542, 52.0131



## Tritanopia

203.0920, -5.9614, 45.5233

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279

## Protanomaly

190.9460, -68.5004, 37.7584

## Deuteranomaly

191.6920, -69.8542, 52.0131

## Tritanomaly

199.3270, -29.2482, 47.9482

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279

## Achromatopsia

192.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

192.0630, -25.6671, 19.2387

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 189, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 189, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 189, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 189, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 189, 50) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 189, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 189, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 189, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 189, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 189,  
50) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 191.9910, -70.0016, 52.6279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 189, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
189, 50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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