

# Converting Colors

YUV(192.6830, -19.0707,  
50.2670)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(192.6830, -19.0707,  
50.2670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAAB9A
RGB	250, 171, 154
RGB Percent	98%, 67%, 60%
CMY	0.0196, 0.3294, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.38, 0.02
HSL	11°, 91%, 79%
HSV	11°, 38%, 98%
XYZ	59.8200, 51.7829, 37.4141
YIQ	192.6830, 52.5410, 11.4610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

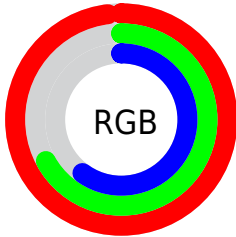
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 175, 154
Decimal	16427930
CIE Lab	77.15, 26.98, 20.52
CIE LCh	77, 33.894, 37.260
Yxy	51.7829, 0.4014, 0.3475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294618010 (0xFFFAAB9A)
YUV	192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670
Hunter-Lab	71.9603, 22.4549, 19.5458

# Details

The YUV color **192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **211.3170, 19.0707, -50.2670**, and the grayscale version is **193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233.2060, -12.4266, 19.1133**, and **138.1170, -17.3127, 46.3784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177.5060, -23.9135, 63.5772**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207.8600, -14.2280, 36.9568**.

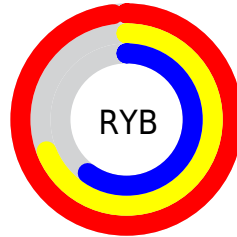
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (67%)

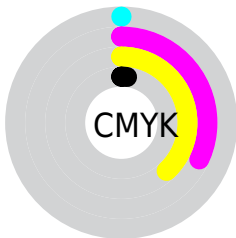
Blue (60%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (60%)

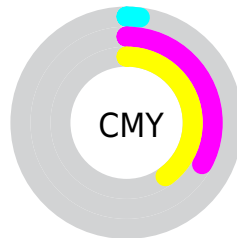


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



192.6830,  
-19.0707, 50.2670

192.6830,  
-19.0707, 50.2670

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

164.9000,  
-18.1917, 48.3227

233.2060,  
-12.4266, 19.1133

138.1170,  
-17.3127, 46.3784

252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

112.3340,  
-16.4337, 44.4341

87.2520, -15.4072,  
41.8750

62.2840, -13.9440,  
39.2159

38.6150, -12.6282,  
37.1716

16.4450, -8.1074,

33.8127

■ 8.4860, -3.6906,  
17.1138

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 192.6830,  
-19.0707, 50.2670

■ 192.6830,  
-19.0707, 50.2670

■ 177.5060,  
-23.9135, 63.5772

■ 207.8600,  
-14.2280, 36.9568

■ 162.9160,  
-29.0456, 76.3727

■ 222.4500, -9.0958,  
24.1614

■ 147.7390,  
-33.8883, 89.6829

■ 237.6270, -4.2531,  
10.8511

■ 133.1490,  
-39.0205, 102.4783

■ 252.2170, 0.8790,  
-1.9443

■ 117.9720,  
-43.8632, 115.7886

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 103.3820,  
-48.9953, 128.5840

■ 100.5780,  
-49.5850, 131.0431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.3530, -5.1040, 50.5564



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



190.4890, -28.3421, 37.2821

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



179.7980, -7.2954, -40.1648



188.6850, 31.2143, -25.1567

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



211.3170, 19.0707, -50.2670

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



174.4540, 11.1152, -65.2962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



184.4890, -21.9331, -11.8299



172.8130, 26.7142, -75.2580



194.4290, 22.9595, 9.2708



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



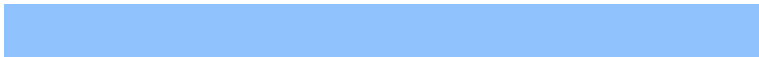
192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



189.2330, -30.1879, 22.5977



172.8130, 26.7142, -75.2580



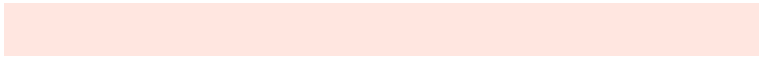
185.7760, 33.1414, -36.6376

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



236.7910, -6.3060, 15.9693



191.8240, 20.7928, 51.0204



117.1430, -3.5215, 9.5216



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



184.7230, -23.0344, 61.6329



220.2720, -32.6721, 26.0715



117.6480, -2.7845, 6.4477



75.8820, -37.4098, 99.2045



24.6960, -12.1751, 31.8386

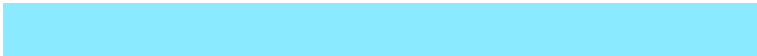


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211.3170, 19.0707, -50.2670



207.6900, 23.3238, -61.1181



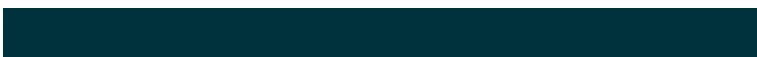
183.7280, 32.6721, -26.0715



119.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



112.5310, 37.6992, -98.6897



36.3040, 12.1751, -31.8386



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

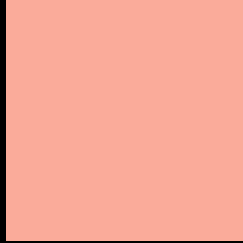
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 192.6830, -19.0707,

50.2670.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670

### Protanopia

190.2110, -13.4150, 9.4620

### Deuteranopia

191.4260, -19.4370, 27.6904



## Tritanopia

193.8970, -6.8512, 50.9563

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670

## Protanomaly

191.1420, -15.3530, 24.4315

## Deuteranomaly

192.1820, -19.3167, 35.7974

## Tritanomaly

193.1590, -10.9244, 50.7266

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670

## Achromatopsia

193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

192.9870, -6.8956, 18.4284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 171, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 171, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 171, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 171, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 171, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 171, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 171, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 171, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 171, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 171,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 192.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 171, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
171, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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