

# Converting Colors

YUV(193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83DED0
RGB	131, 222, 208
RGB Percent	51%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.4863, 0.1294, 0.1843
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.06, 0.13
HSL	171°, 58%, 69%
HSV	171°, 41%, 87%
XYZ	46.8665, 61.6219, 69.0986
YIQ	193.1950, -49.7420, -23.6460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

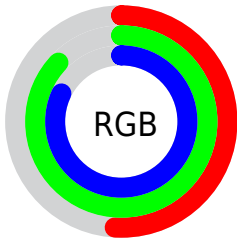
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	131, 180, 222
Decimal	8642256
CIELab	82.71, -30.47, -1.68
CIELCh	83, 30.516, 183.150
Yxy	61.6219, 0.2639, 0.3470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286832336 (0xFF83DED0)
YUV	193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450
Hunter-Lab	78.4996, -30.8048, 2.7602

# Details

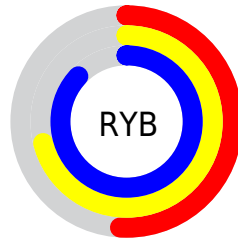
The YUV color **193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **159.8050, -7.2989, 54.5450**, and the grayscale version is **193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234.9670, 9.8763, -41.1901**, and **137.1240, 8.3199, -55.3597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186.2750, 9.2314, -67.7702**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200.1150, 5.3663, -41.3199**.

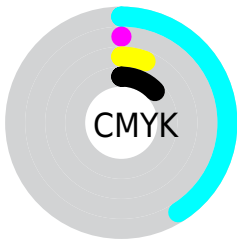
# Distribution



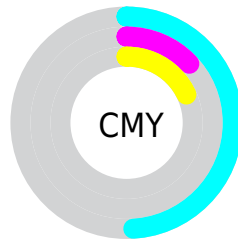
- Red (51%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450

■ 193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 165.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450

■ 234.9670, 9.8763,  
-41.1901

■ 137.1240, 8.3199,  
-55.3597

■ 243.6380, 5.6015,  
-23.3615

■ 109.9280, 8.9095,  
-57.8189

■ 252.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

■ 78.6600, 11.9996,  
-68.9848

■ 61.2490, 8.7512,  
-53.7154

■ 44.5390, 5.6503,  
-39.0607

■ 28.6440, 3.1335,

-25.1208

■ 11.4610, 0.7587,  
-10.0513

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450

■ 193.1950, 7.2989,  
-54.5450

■ 186.2750, 9.2314,  
-67.7702

■ 200.1150, 5.3663,  
-41.3199

■ 179.2410, 10.7272,  
-80.8954


■ 207.1490, 3.8705,  
-28.1947

■ 172.0220, 12.8072,  
-94.7353

■ 214.3680, 1.7906,  
-14.3547


■ 164.9880, 14.3029,  
-107.8605

■ 221.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

 158.0680, 16.2355,  
-121.0856

 228.3220, -1.6377,  
11.9956

 151.7460, 17.8732,  
-133.0812

 232.5510, -2.2436,  
19.6878

 233.0070, -0.4965,  
19.2879

 233.3490, 0.8139,  
18.9879

 233.8050, 2.5611,  
18.5880

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.3860, -9.0643, -32.7875



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



192.2120, 21.5875, -64.2069

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



208.5810, 22.3916, 4.7525



206.4010, -24.8477, 36.4823

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



159.8050, -7.2989, 54.5450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.6650, -15.1178, 42.3898



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



210.6460, 10.5275, 30.1285

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



202.6050, 25.8307, -25.0866



208.0960, -2.0193, 41.1348



204.2970, -27.2614, 17.2795



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



194.8520, 27.6810, -58.6292



208.0960, -2.0193, 41.1348



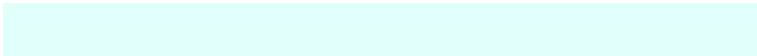
207.3030, -22.8274, 41.8303

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



245.1610, 2.3856, -18.5582



188.9020, -28.5457, -37.6251



122.2760, 1.3429, -10.7661



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

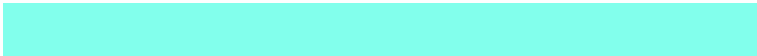


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



215.4590, 10.1267, -74.9475



177.1810, 22.0958, -40.5007



108.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626



120.2980, 14.1501, -105.5013



32.8500, 4.0179, -28.8095



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.8050, -7.2989, 54.5450



169.5410, -10.1267, 74.9475



175.8190, -22.0958, 40.5007



104.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



55.7020, -14.1501, 105.5013

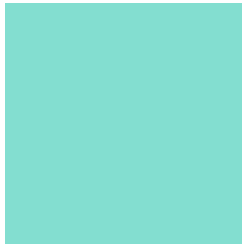


15.1500, -4.0179, 28.8095



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

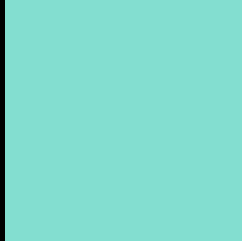
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

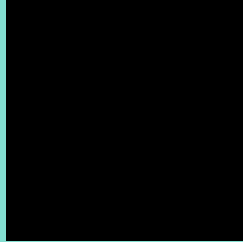
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

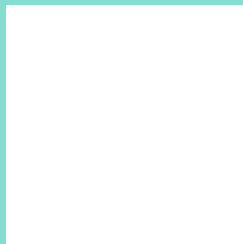
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450.



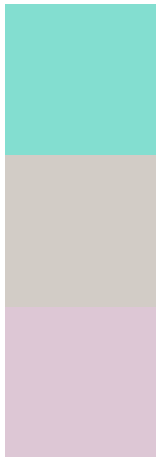
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450.

-54.5450.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450

### Protanopia

205.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885

### Deuteranopia

207.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254



## Tritanopia

196.0180, 19.2181, -50.8818

# Trichromacy



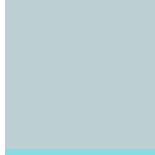
## Original Color

193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



## Protanomaly

201.0040, 0.4910, -17.5435



## Deuteranomaly

201.7750, 4.5479, -12.0807



## Tritanomaly

194.5680, 15.0030, -52.2411

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450



## Achromatopsia

193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

193.1500, 2.3911, -20.3025

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 222, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 222, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 222, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 222, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 222, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 222, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 222, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 222, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 222, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 222,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 193.1950, 7.2989, -54.5450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 222, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
222, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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