

# Converting Colors

YUV(193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B5C5CE
RGB	181, 197, 206
RGB Percent	71%, 77%, 81%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2275, 0.1922
CMYK	0.12, 0.04, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	202°, 20%, 76%
HSV	202°, 12%, 81%
XYZ	50.1629, 54.2125, 66.2127
YIQ	193.2420, -12.4250, -0.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

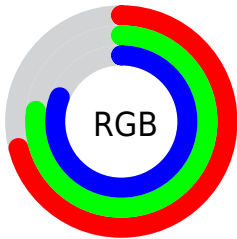
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	181, 191, 206
Decimal	11912654
CIE Lab	78.59, -3.63, -6.36
CIE LCh	79, 7.327, 240.296
Yxy	54.2125, 0.2941, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290102734 (0xFFB5C5CE)
YUV	193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362
Hunter-Lab	73.6291, -7.2405, -1.7775

# Details

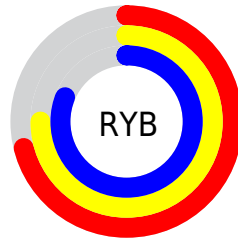
The YUV color  $193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $193.7580, -6.2897, 10.7362$ , and the grayscale version is  $193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.0310, 2.9427, -10.5512$ , and  $139.5410, 6.1423, -10.1215$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $182.8540, 11.4110, -20.0430$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $203.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295$ .

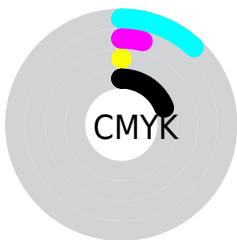
# Distribution



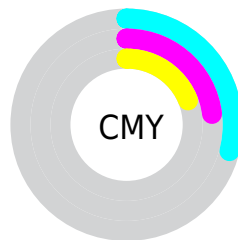
- Red (71%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

■ 193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 166.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

■ 249.0310, 2.9427,  
-10.5512

■ 139.5410, 6.1423,  
-10.1215

■ 114.4270, 5.7055,  
-10.0215

■ 89.7260, 5.5581,  
-9.4067

■ 66.3130, 5.2687,  
-9.9215

■ 43.6120, 5.1213,  
-9.3067

■ 22.9110, 4.9739,

-8.6919

■ 1.1400, 4.3680,  
-0.9998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

■ 193.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

■ 182.8540, 11.4110,  
-20.0430

■ 203.6300, 1.1684,  
-1.4295

■ 172.1780, 16.6742,  
-28.2201

■ 214.3060, -4.0949,  
6.7476

■ 161.7900, 21.7955,  
-37.5268

■ 224.6940, -9.2161,  
16.0544

■ 151.1140, 27.0588,  
-45.7040

■ 232.9780,  
-13.3002, 19.3133

■ 140.7260, 32.1801,  
-55.0107

■ 237.0870,  
-15.3259, 15.7097

■ 130.3380, 37.3014,  
-64.3174

■ 241.1960,  
-17.3516, 12.1061

■ 119.6620, 42.5646,  
-72.4946

■ 245.8920,  
-19.6668, 7.9877

■ 109.2740, 47.6859,  
-81.8013

■ 249.4140,  
-21.4031, 4.8989

■ 100.9680, 51.7808,  
-88.5489

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192.3620, 4.2585, -12.5955



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



194.3890, 6.7102, -5.6032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



195.9520, -0.4693, 10.5661



193.3220, -5.0887, -1.1594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



193.7580, -6.2897, 10.7362

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.3120, -6.5628, 4.9884



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



195.4530, -3.6743, 11.8807

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



196.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



195.1600, -5.9949, 9.5067



192.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



194.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



195.1600, -5.9949, 9.5067



193.5180, -5.6784, 1.2997

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



249.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



196.7010, -3.3036, -13.7698



124.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

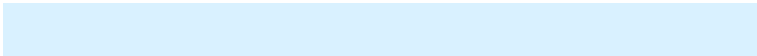


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



235.4200, 9.6529, -16.1543



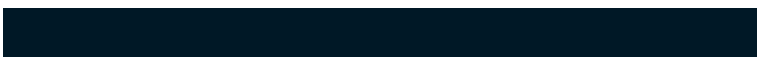
186.1980, 9.7624, -4.5586



96.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



81.1460, 41.8330, -71.1650



18.4200, 9.6529, -16.1543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.2990, 3.3036, 13.7698



231.0980, 4.8817, 20.9621



200.8020, -9.7624, 4.5586



95.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



61.7180, 21.8310, 91.4553

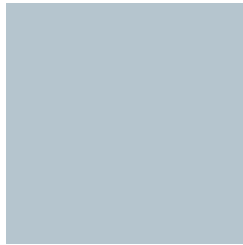


14.0980, 4.8817, 20.9621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

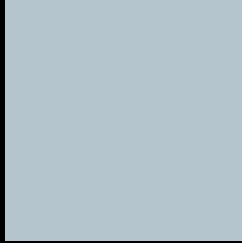
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

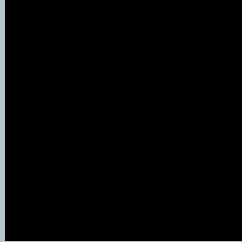
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

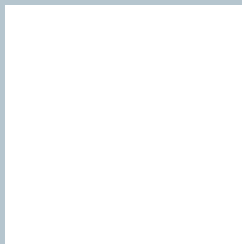
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362.

-10.7362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

### Protanopia

194.8520, 4.5100, 0.1298

### Deuteranopia

196.5480, 5.6458, 9.1664



## Tritanopia

193.6380, 9.0525, -10.2065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

## Protanomaly

194.0580, 5.3944, -3.5589

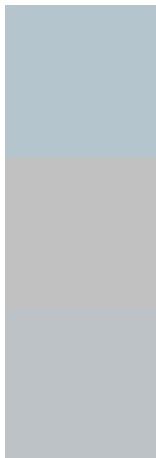
## Deuteranomaly

195.5040, 5.6675, 2.1890

## Tritanomaly

193.4100, 8.1789, -10.0066

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

## Achromatopsia

193.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

192.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 197, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 197, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 197, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 197, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

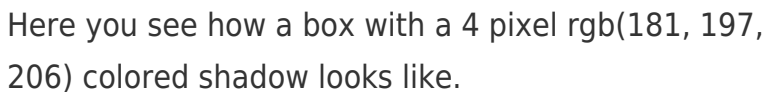
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 197, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 197, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 197, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 197, 206); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 197, 206); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 197, 206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 193.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 197, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
197, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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