

# Converting Colors

YUV(194.3210, -23.8223,  
-12.5595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(194.3210, -23.8223,  
-12.5595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B4D392
RGB	180, 211, 146
RGB Percent	71%, 83%, 57%
CMY	0.2941, 0.1725, 0.4275
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.31, 0.17
HSL	89°, 42%, 70%
HSV	89°, 31%, 83%
XYZ	47.3050, 58.3672, 35.9669
YIQ	194.3210, 2.3890, -26.7870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

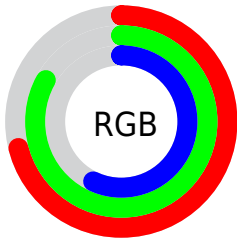
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	146, 211, 177
Decimal	11850642
CIELab	80.94, -21.61, 28.89
CIElCh	81, 36.079, 126.804
Yxy	58.3672, 0.3340, 0.4121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290040722 (0xFFB4D392)
YUV	194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595
Hunter-Lab	76.3984, -23.1722, 25.5663

# Details

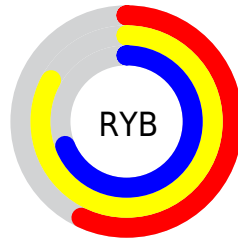
The YUV color **194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **162.6790, 23.8223, 12.5595**, and the grayscale version is **195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.0490, -21.2232, -6.1820**, and **140.0760, -22.2225, -12.3447** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.9370, -31.5209, -16.6077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199.7050, -16.1236, -8.5113**.

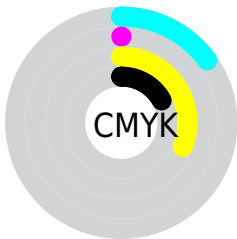
# Distribution



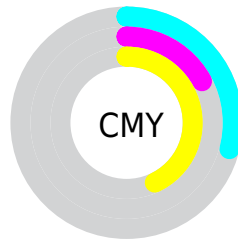
- Red (71%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 194.3210,  
-23.8223, -12.5595

■ 194.3210,  
-23.8223, -12.5595

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 166.8480,  
-23.0961, -12.1447

■ 243.0490,  
-21.2232, -6.1820

■ 140.0760,  
-22.2225, -12.3447

■ 252.0360,  
-11.3567, 2.5994

■ 114.4890,  
-21.9331, -11.8299

■ 89.7170, -21.0595,  
-12.0298

■ 65.8310, -20.6227,  
-12.1298

■ 42.1300, -20.7701,  
-11.5150

■ 22.0290, -10.8603,

-16.6884

■ 3.5220, -1.7363,  
-3.0888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 194.3210,  
-23.8223, -12.5595

■ 194.3210,  
-23.8223, -12.5595

■ 188.9370,  
-31.5209, -16.6077

■ 199.7050,  
-16.1236, -8.5113

■ 183.5530,  
-39.2196, -20.6560

■ 205.0890, -8.4249,  
-4.4631

■ 178.1690,  
-46.9183, -24.7042

■ 210.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 172.7850,  
-54.6170, -28.7524

■ 215.8570, 6.9725,  
3.6334

■ 167.2870,  
-62.7525, -32.7007

■ 221.2410, 14.6712,  
7.6816

■ 161.9030,  
-70.4512, -36.7489

■ 224.6870, 14.9443,  
13.4295

■ 156.7470,  
-77.2763, -40.9971

■ 227.6770, 13.4702,  
19.5773

■ 229.1720, 12.7332,  
22.6512

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.1460, -31.6240, 16.5350



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



188.9610, -7.8688, -42.9388

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



188.4970, 32.7860, -62.7029



201.0860, -3.4934, 47.2826

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



162.6790, 23.8223, 12.5595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.8150, 10.9372, 38.7502



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



197.5770, 28.3095, -26.8160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



181.6380, 28.7725, -82.1205



204.8850, 24.7067, 8.8709



200.3730, -18.9179, 47.9079



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



184.9830, 5.4314, -62.2521



204.8850, 24.7067, 8.8709



203.0410, 1.4588, 45.5680

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



249.0890, -8.4249, -4.4631



183.0450, -18.2632, 24.5165



124.1970, -5.5201, -2.8038



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

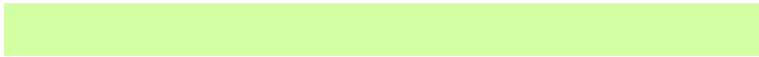


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595



230.8290, -34.4257, -18.2670



184.7530, -19.1052, -32.2324



102.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741



124.9280, -61.5895, -32.3859



30.3460, -14.9606, -8.1964



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.6790, 23.8223, 12.5595



185.1710, 34.4257, 18.2670



172.2470, 19.1052, 32.2324



96.7490, 4.0677, 1.9741



43.0720, 61.5895, 32.3859



10.3550, 15.1080, 7.5817



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

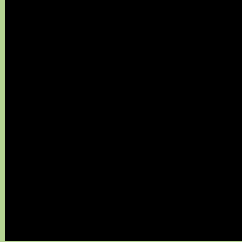
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595.

-12.5595.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595

### Protanopia

198.0580, -28.1296, 15.7351

### Deuteranopia

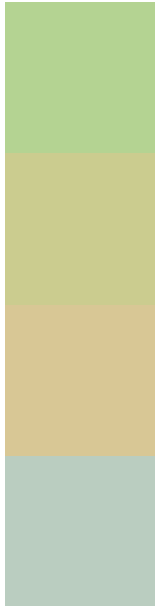
200.3680, -24.8314, 31.2493



## Tritanopia

200.2360, 8.7577, -8.9770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595

## Protanomaly

196.7470, -26.4973, 5.4839

## Deuteranomaly

198.3830, -24.3458, 15.4501

## Tritanomaly

197.8370, -2.8776, -10.3810

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595

## Achromatopsia

194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

194.0890, -8.4249, -4.4631

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 211, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 211, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 211, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 211, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 211, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 211, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 211, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 211, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 211, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 211,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 194.3210, -23.8223, -12.5595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 211, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
211, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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