

# Converting Colors

YUV(194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87DED5
RGB	135, 222, 213
RGB Percent	53%, 87%, 84%
CMY	0.4706, 0.1294, 0.1647
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.04, 0.13
HSL	174°, 57%, 70%
HSV	174°, 39%, 87%
XYZ	48.1232, 62.1975, 72.4198
YIQ	194.9610, -48.9630, -21.2430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

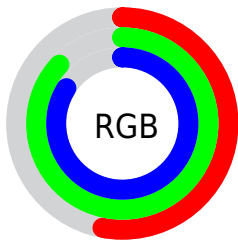
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	135, 181, 222
Decimal	8904405
CIE Lab	83.02, -28.29, -3.86
CIE LCh	83, 28.553, 187.768
Yxy	62.1975, 0.2633, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287094485 (0xFF87DED5)
YUV	194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858
Hunter-Lab	78.8654, -29.0949, 0.7616

# Details

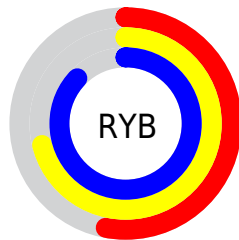
The YUV color **194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **162.0390, -8.8932, 52.5858**, and the grayscale version is **195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.1630, 9.2866, -38.7310**, and **139.6620, 9.0406, -53.2006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.1550, 11.2626, -65.9109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201.7670, 6.5239, -39.2607**.

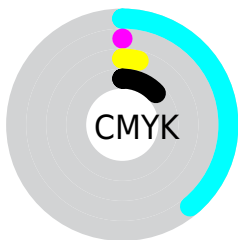
# Distribution



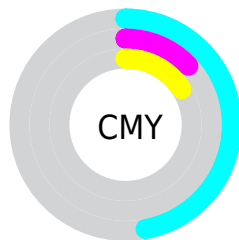
- Red (53%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858

194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

166.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858

236.1630, 9.2866,  
-38.7310

139.6620, 9.0406,  
-53.2006

244.8340, 5.0118,  
-20.9024

111.8790, 9.9197,  
-55.1449

253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

81.5080, 12.5676,  
-64.4665

61.7050, 10.4984,  
-54.1153

44.9950, 7.3975,  
-39.4606

29.5730, 4.1545,

-25.9355

■ 13.2050, 2.3639,  
-11.5808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858

■ 194.9610, 8.8932,  
-52.5858

■ 188.1550, 11.2626,  
-65.9109

■ 201.7670, 6.5239,  
-39.2607

■ 181.2350, 13.1951,  
-79.1361

■ 208.6870, 4.5913,  
-26.0355

■ 174.1300, 15.7119,  
-93.0760

■ 215.7920, 2.0745,  
-12.0956

■ 167.3240, 18.0813,  
-106.4011

■ 222.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 160.5180, 20.4506,  
-119.7263

■ 229.4040, -2.6642,  
14.5547

■ 153.5980, 22.3832,  
-132.9514

■ 232.4370, -2.6804,  
19.7878

■ 153.0000, 22.6780,  
-134.1810

■ 232.6650, -1.8068,  
19.5878

■ 232.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878

■ 233.2350, 0.3771,  
19.0879

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.8850, -5.8593, -34.1021



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



194.9570, 21.7132, -57.8443

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



209.8050, 19.3231, 8.9410



207.1940, -24.2526, 32.2789

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



162.0390, -8.8932, 52.5858

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208.3120, -16.4228, 40.9454



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



211.3750, 8.1961, 31.2431

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



205.5950, 24.3567, -18.9388



208.9280, -3.9085, 40.4051



204.7310, -25.5034, 13.3909



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



197.5540, 26.3489, -51.3519



208.9280, -3.9085, 40.4051



207.6830, -22.5217, 37.1120

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



245.3890, 3.2592, -18.7582



189.0590, -26.6511, -38.6397



122.3900, 1.7797, -10.8660



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

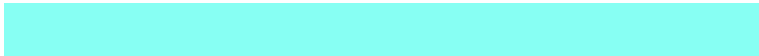


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



217.7520, 12.4473, -72.5735



176.6160, 22.3743, -36.4972



108.5970, 1.1847, -6.6626



121.3240, 18.0813, -106.4011



33.0780, 4.8915, -29.0094



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.0390, -8.8932, 52.5858



172.3620, -12.0105, 72.4735



180.3840, -22.3743, 36.4972



104.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



54.6760, -18.0813, 106.4011

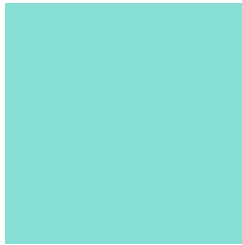


14.9220, -4.8915, 29.0094



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

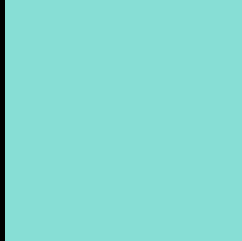
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

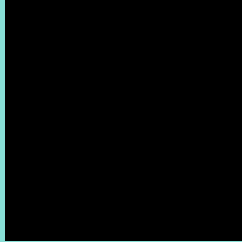
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

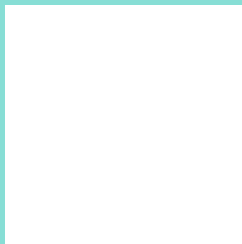
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858.

-52.5858.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858

### Protanopia

206.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738

### Deuteranopia

208.0320, 4.9142, 10.4959



## Tritanopia

197.6160, 18.9233, -49.6522

# Trichromacy



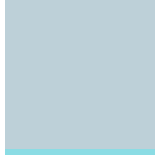
## Original Color

194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



## Protanomaly

202.1720, 2.3802, -16.8138



## Deuteranomaly

203.2310, 6.2951, -12.4806



## Tritanomaly

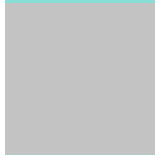
196.6930, 15.4344, -50.5968

# Monochromacy



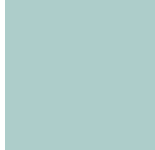
## Original Color

194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858



## Achromatopsia

195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

195.0900, 3.4066, -19.3729

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 222, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 222, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 222, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 222, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

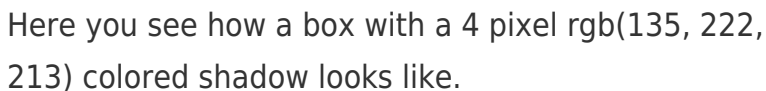
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 222, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 222, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 222, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 222, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 222, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 222, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 194.9610, 8.8932, -52.5858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 222, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
222, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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