

# Converting Colors

YUV(195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(195.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFC9AF
RGB	191, 201, 175
RGB Percent	75%, 79%, 69%
CMY	0.2510, 0.2118, 0.3137
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.13, 0.21
HSL	83°, 19%, 74%
HSV	83°, 13%, 79%
XYZ	50.1104, 55.9448, 48.7148
YIQ	195.0460, 2.3860, -10.2060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

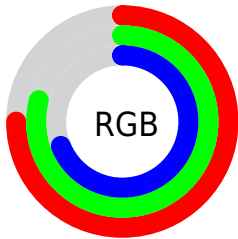
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 201, 185
Decimal	12569007
CIELab	79.58, -8.07, 11.83
CIELCh	80, 14.320, 124.296
Yxy	55.9448, 0.3238, 0.3615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290759087 (0xFFBFC9AF)
YUV	195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483
Hunter-Lab	74.7963, -11.3059, 13.7418

# Details

The YUV color **195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **180.9540, 9.8827, 3.5483**, and the grayscale version is **195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249.8720, -9.3039, -2.5187**, and **141.5730, -9.1565, -3.1335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190.3740, -17.4394, -6.4670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297**.

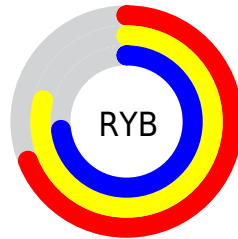
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (79%)

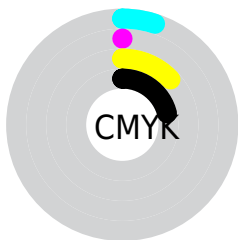
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (73%)

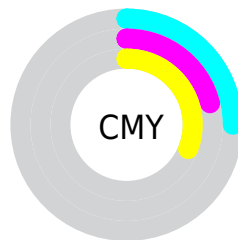


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 195.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483

■ 195.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 168.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483

■ 249.8720, -9.3039,  
-2.5187

■ 141.5730, -9.1565,  
-3.1335

■ 115.6870, -8.7197,  
-3.2335

■ 91.3880, -8.5723,  
-3.8483

■ 67.8010, -8.2829,  
-3.3335

■ 45.3280, -7.5567,  
-2.9187

■ 24.2850, -9.0145,

-2.0039

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 195.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483

■ 195.0460, -9.8827,  
-3.5483

■ 190.3740,  
-17.4394, -6.4670

■ 199.7180, -2.3260,  
-0.6297

■ 186.0010,  
-25.1435, -8.7709

■ 204.0910, 5.3781,  
1.6742

■ 181.3290,  
-32.7002, -11.6895

■ 208.7630, 12.9348,  
4.5928

■ 176.6570,  
-40.2569, -14.6082

■ 213.4350, 20.4915,  
7.5115

■ 171.9850,  
-47.8136, -17.5268

■ 215.8270, 19.3123,  
12.4297

■ 167.4980,  
-55.9545, -19.7307

■ 217.9200, 18.2804,  
16.7332

■ 162.8260,  
-63.5112, -22.6494

■ 220.3120, 17.1012,  
21.6514

■ 158.1540,  
-71.0679, -25.5681

■ 222.7040, 15.9219,  
26.5696

■ 155.0630,  
-76.4461, -27.2423

■ 223.3020, 15.6271,  
27.7991

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.7270, -12.6834, 8.1324



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



193.4620, -4.1718, -15.3142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



194.8970, 12.8688, -20.9577



199.9750, -1.9597, 21.9469

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



180.9540, 9.8827, 3.5483

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200.2390, 4.3192, 14.6994



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



197.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



192.6530, 9.5381, -26.0057



198.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336



199.0800, -7.9274, 22.7318



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



192.9820, 0.5019, -21.0322



198.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336



199.8330, 0.0823, 20.3175

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



252.6640, -3.7784, -1.4593



188.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362



126.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

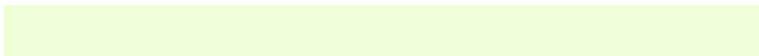


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



245.5420, -15.5502, -5.7373



191.1590, -7.9664, -11.5404



97.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445



125.5810, -61.9114, -22.4345



27.7100, -13.6610, -5.0077



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.9540, 9.8827, 3.5483



223.4580, 15.5502, 5.7373



184.8410, 7.9664, 11.5404



91.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



37.4190, 61.9114, 22.4345



8.2900, 13.6610, 5.0077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

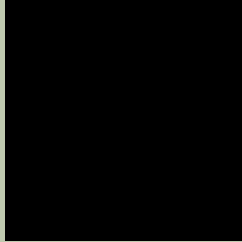
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

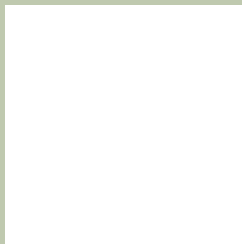
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483.

-3.5483.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

### Protanopia

196.3680, -11.5204, 8.4473

### Deuteranopia

198.3850, -10.5428, 21.5874



## Tritanopia

197.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

## Protanomaly

196.1610, -10.9254, 4.2438

## Deuteranomaly

197.0310, -10.3683, 12.2508

## Tritanomaly

196.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

## Achromatopsia

195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

195.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 201, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 201, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 201, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 201, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 201, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 201, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 201, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 201, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 201, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 201,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 195.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 201, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
201, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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