

# Converting Colors

YUV(195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2BDBB
RGB	210, 189, 187
RGB Percent	82%, 74%, 73%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2588, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	5°, 20%, 78%
HSV	5°, 11%, 82%
XYZ	53.7456, 53.6847, 54.5432
YIQ	195.0510, 13.1580, 3.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

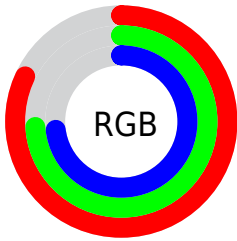
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	210, 189, 187
Decimal	13811131
CIE Lab	78.28, 7.10, 3.71
CIE LCh	78, 8.006, 27.593
Yxy	53.6847, 0.3318, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292001211 (0xFFD2BDBB)
YUV	195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103
Hunter-Lab	73.2698, 2.7128, 7.1525

# Details

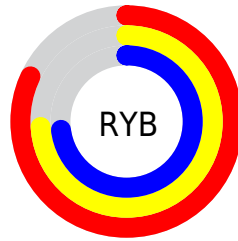
The YUV color  $195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $201.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103$ , and the grayscale version is  $195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $247.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477$ , and  $141.4530, -3.6743, 11.8807$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $181.5040, -7.6435, 24.9910$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $208.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296$ .

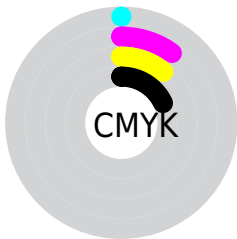
# Distribution



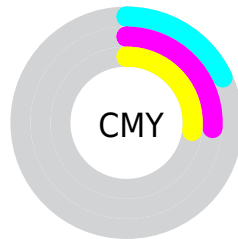
- Red (82%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

■ 195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 167.7520, -3.8217,  
12.4955

■ 247.7620, -2.3477,  
6.3477

■ 141.4530, -3.6743,  
11.8807

■ 115.5670, -3.2375,  
11.7807

■ 91.1540, -3.5269,  
11.2659

■ 67.8550, -3.3795,  
10.6512

■ 45.6700, -2.7953,  
9.9364

■ 24.3710, -2.6479,

9.3216

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

195.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

181.5040, -7.6435,  
24.9910

208.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

167.9570,  
-11.3178, 36.8717

222.1450, 3.3795,  
-10.6512

153.8230,  
-14.7027, 49.2672

236.2790, 6.7645,  
-23.0467

140.2760,  
-18.3771, 61.1479

241.5450, 6.6333,  
-27.6650

126.7290,  
-22.0514, 73.0287

■ 113.1820,  
-25.7257, 84.9094

■ 99.6350, -29.4001,  
96.7901

■ 86.0880, -33.0744,  
108.6708

■ 73.3560, -36.1645,  
119.8368

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195.5500, -0.7642, 11.7956



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



194.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



191.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



192.9050, 7.4418, -6.9327

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



201.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



191.4500, 0.7641, -11.7957

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



192.3930, -6.1097, -0.3447



191.3510, 4.2640, -14.3398



194.6070, 6.1097, 0.3447



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



193.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623



191.3510, 4.2640, -14.3398



192.8940, 7.4473, -8.6770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



249.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034



196.2710, 5.7824, 12.0403



124.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

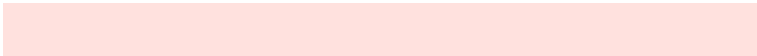


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



233.6280, -5.7326, 18.7432



201.5080, -7.1524, 7.4475



97.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



59.0370, -29.1052, 95.5606



14.6070, -7.2013, 23.1467



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103



243.3720, 5.7326, -18.7432



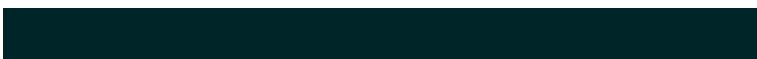
195.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



101.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



109.5500, 28.8159, -96.0754



26.3930, 7.2013, -23.1467



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

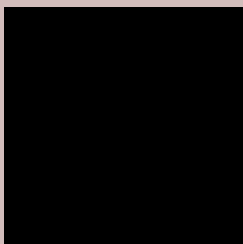
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

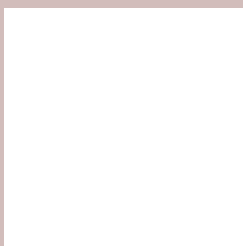
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.0510, -3.9691,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

### Protanopia

194.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

### Deuteranopia

195.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138



## Tritanopia

196.0710, 2.4300, 13.9697

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

## Protanomaly

194.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477

## Deuteranomaly

195.3610, -4.1220, 15.4694

## Tritanomaly

195.7890, 0.1040, 13.3400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

## Achromatopsia

195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

194.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 189, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 189, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 189, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 189, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 189, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 189, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 189, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 189, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 189, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 189, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 195.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 189, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
189, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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