

# Converting Colors

YUV(195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93D8D7
RGB	147, 216, 215
RGB Percent	58%, 85%, 84%
CMY	0.4235, 0.1529, 0.1569
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	179°, 47%, 71%
HSV	179°, 32%, 85%
XYZ	48.8542, 60.2211, 73.3389
YIQ	195.2550, -40.8030, -14.9390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

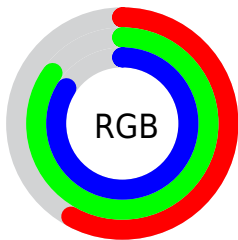
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	147, 182, 216
Decimal	9689303
CIELab	81.96, -21.71, -6.42
CIElCh	82, 22.643, 196.478
Yxy	60.2211, 0.2678, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287879383 (0xFF93D8D7)
YUV	195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196
Hunter-Lab	77.6022, -23.4298, -1.7112

# Details

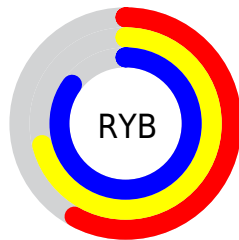
The YUV color **195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **167.7450, -9.7343, 42.3196**, and the grayscale version is **195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239.4520, 7.6652, -31.9684**, and **140.5540, 9.5869, -41.7049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.6770, 12.9772, -55.8447**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201.8330, 6.4913, -28.7945**.

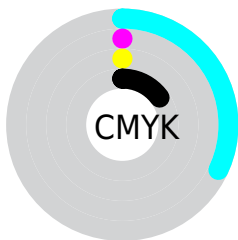
# Distribution



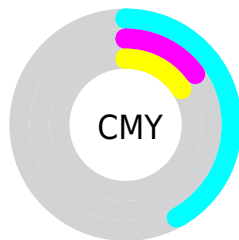
- Red (58%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196

■ 195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 167.5540, 9.5869,  
-41.7049

■ 239.4520, 7.6652,  
-31.9684

■ 140.5540, 9.5869,  
-41.7049

■ 248.1230, 3.3904,  
-14.1399

■ 114.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196

■ 87.7710, 10.4659,  
-43.6492

■ 59.5850, 12.5296,  
-52.2560

■ 42.8750, 9.4286,  
-37.6014

■ 27.4530, 6.1857,

-24.0763

■ 10.4980, 4.6845,  
-9.2067

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196

■ 195.2550, 9.7343,  
-42.3196

■ 188.6770, 12.9772,  
-55.8447

■ 201.8330, 6.4913,  
-28.7945

■ 182.2840, 15.6360,  
-68.6551

■ 208.2260, 3.8326,  
-15.9842

■ 175.7060, 18.8789,  
-82.1802

■ 214.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 169.4270, 21.9745,  
-95.0905

■ 221.0830, -2.5059,  
10.4512

■ 162.7350, 24.7806,  
-108.5156

■ 227.7750, -5.3121,  
23.8763

■ 156.1570, 28.0236,  
-122.0407

■ 227.8890, -4.8753,  
23.7763

■ 151.0740, 30.5295,  
-132.4919

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.3460, -1.6496, -30.9984



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



196.8450, 18.3174, -41.9601

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



207.4050, 12.6183, 12.7998



203.8660, -20.1469, 22.0425

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



167.7450, -9.7343, 42.3196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.0830, -15.8169, 33.2532



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



207.9850, 2.9654, 28.9542

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



204.6950, 19.3774, -8.5025



207.0970, -6.9498, 35.8719



201.6960, -19.0771, 5.5286



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



199.2850, 21.0585, -34.4529



207.0970, -6.9498, 35.8719



204.7140, -19.5790, 26.5608

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



247.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694



187.8020, -20.1154, -34.9064



123.1020, 1.9217, -9.7365



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



225.8830, 13.8617, -59.5334



175.9980, 19.7210, -25.4312



103.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



119.5290, 23.8962, -104.8269



30.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.7450, -9.7343, 42.3196



187.2310, -13.4249, 59.4334



187.0020, -19.7210, 25.4312



99.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



51.3570, -24.3330, 104.9269

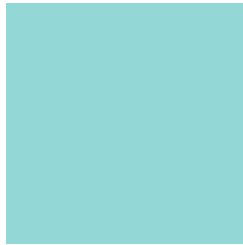


12.9710, -5.9017, 26.3354



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

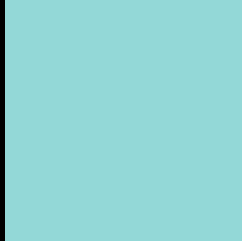
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

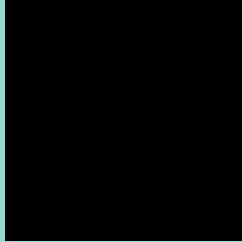
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196.



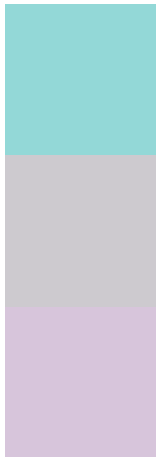
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196.

-42.3196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196

### Protanopia

203.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

### Deuteranopia

204.8900, 6.9562, 8.8665



## Tritanopia

197.1010, 16.7122, -40.4306

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196

## Protanomaly

200.4650, 4.7008, -14.4398

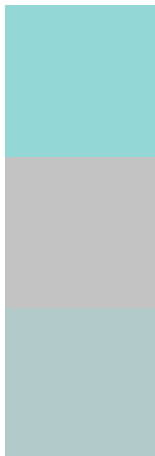
## Deuteranomaly

201.4100, 8.1789, -10.0066

## Tritanomaly

196.7050, 13.9494, -40.9603

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196

## Achromatopsia

195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

195.4110, 3.2484, -15.2694

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 216, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 216, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 216, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 216, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 216, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 216, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 216, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 216, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 216, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 216,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 195.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 216, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
216, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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