

# Converting Colors

YUV(195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFCFBF
RGB	175, 207, 191
RGB Percent	69%, 81%, 75%
CMY	0.3137, 0.1882, 0.2510
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.08, 0.19
HSL	150°, 25%, 75%
HSV	150°, 15%, 81%
XYZ	49.3960, 57.5012, 57.7856
YIQ	195.6080, -13.9360, -11.7600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

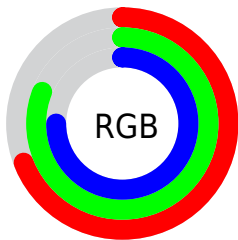
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 196, 207
Decimal	11521983
CIELab	80.46, -13.78, 4.39
CIELCh	80, 14.464, 162.350
Yxy	57.5012, 0.2999, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289712063 (0xFFAFCFBF)
YUV	195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732
Hunter-Lab	75.8295, -16.4253, 7.8990

# Details

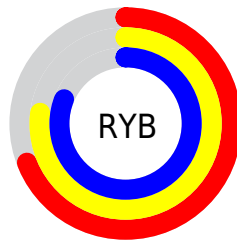
The YUV color  $195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $186.3920, 2.2717, 18.0732$ , and the grayscale version is  $196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $246.9120, 0.0434, -13.9548$ , and  $142.0210, -1.9824, -17.5584$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $188.1890, -3.5442, -29.9838$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $203.0270, -0.9993, -6.1627$ .

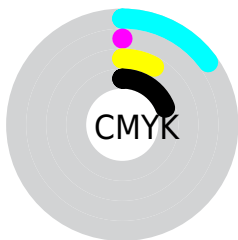
# Distribution



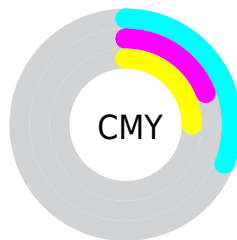
- Red (69%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732

■ 195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 168.0210, -1.9824,  
-17.5584

■ 246.9120, 0.0434,  
-13.9548

■ 142.0210, -1.9824,  
-17.5584

■ 116.3200, -2.1298,  
-16.9436

■ 91.7330, -1.8404,  
-16.4288

■ 68.1460, -1.5510,  
-15.9140

■ 45.5590, -1.2616,  
-15.3992

■ 23.6730, -0.8248,

-15.4992

■ 1.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732

■ 195.6080, -2.2717,  
-18.0732

■ 188.1890, -3.5442,  
-29.9838

■ 203.0270, -0.9993,  
-6.1627

■ 180.9550, -5.4008,  
-41.1795

■ 210.2610, 0.8573,  
5.0331

■ 173.5360, -6.6732,  
-53.0901

■ 217.6800, 2.1298,  
16.9436

■ 166.1170, -7.9457,  
-65.0006

■ 224.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098

■ 158.8830, -9.8023,  
-76.1964

■ 225.4560, 8.6492,  
25.9101

■ 151.4640,  
-11.0748, -88.1069

■ 226.5960, 13.0172,  
24.9103

■ 144.0450,  
-12.3472, -100.0175

■ 226.8240, 13.8908,  
24.7104

■ 136.5120,  
-14.0564, -111.8280

■ 133.3650,  
-14.4769, -116.9611

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.6650, -8.7088, -6.7222



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



195.1000, 4.8807, -25.5207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



199.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



201.3250, -9.5272, 22.5170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



186.3920, 2.2717, 18.0732

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201.8180, -3.8543, 22.9616



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



201.4490, 9.1456, 6.6222

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



197.4350, 13.5895, -18.7985



202.2070, 2.8559, 17.3585



200.0700, -12.8525, 15.7246



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



195.2400, 9.2487, -26.5205



202.2070, 2.8559, 17.3585



201.4930, -7.6380, 23.2466

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



250.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



198.5680, -11.6190, -6.6371



125.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

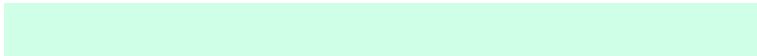


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732



237.9120, -3.4076, -27.1098



197.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729



101.0270, -0.9993, -6.1627



108.1920, -11.9267, -94.8844



26.3470, -3.1291, -23.1063



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.3920, 2.2717, 18.0732



224.0880, 3.4076, 27.1098



184.5680, -4.7170, 19.6729



97.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



59.8080, 11.9267, 94.8844



14.5390, 2.6923, 23.2063



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

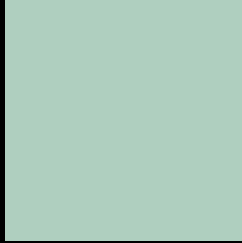
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

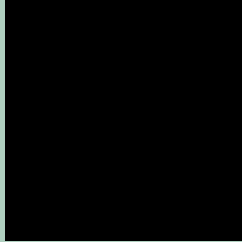
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732.



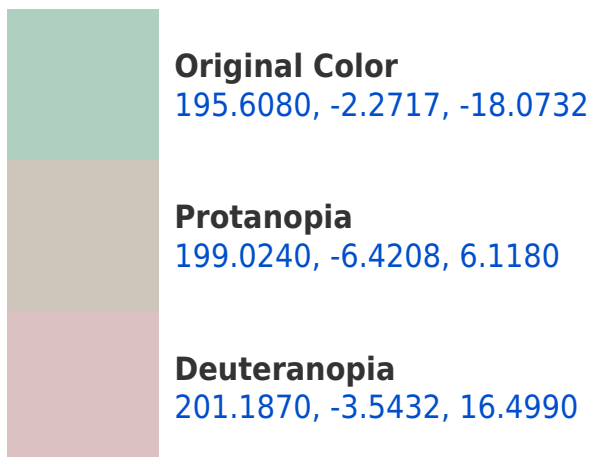
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732.

-18.0732.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

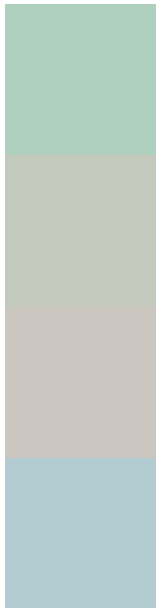




## Tritanopia

197.9470, 10.3791, -15.7395

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732

## Protanomaly

197.7240, -4.7939, -2.3889

## Deuteranomaly

199.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886

## Tritanomaly

196.7960, 6.0166, -16.4841

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732

## Achromatopsia

196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

195.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 207, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 207, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 207, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 207, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 207, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 207, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 207, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 207, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 207, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 207,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 195.6080, -2.2717, -18.0732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 207, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
207, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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