

# Converting Colors

YUV(196.7440, -25.5098,  
-31.3475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475)  
contains.

<b>YUV(196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(196.7440, -25.5098,  
-31.3475)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1E191
RGB	161, 225, 145
RGB Percent	63%, 88%, 57%
CMY	0.3686, 0.1176, 0.4314
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.36, 0.12
HSL	108°, 57%, 73%
HSV	108°, 36%, 88%
XYZ	46.7340, 63.4718, 36.5762
YIQ	196.7440, -12.4640, -38.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

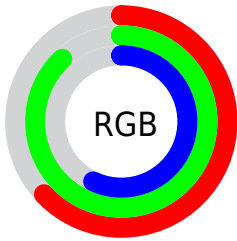
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	145, 225, 209
Decimal	10609041
CIELab	83.69, -35.06, 32.85
CIElCh	84, 48.043, 136.863
Yxy	63.4718, 0.3184, 0.4324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288799121 (0xFFA1E191)
YUV	196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475
Hunter-Lab	79.6692, -34.7129, 28.5483

# Details

The YUV color **196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **173.2560, 25.5098, 31.3475**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.3680, -18.4224, -17.8627**, and **141.7980, -24.0574, -30.5178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.8540, -32.4660, -40.2140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204.7480, -18.1168, -22.5810**.

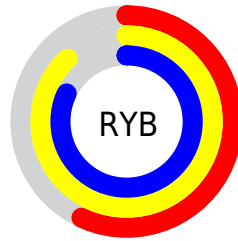
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (88%)

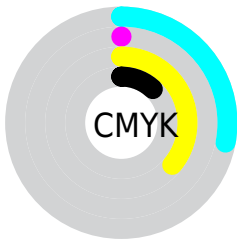
Blue (57%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (82%)

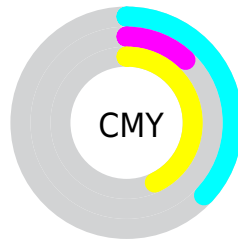


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 196.7440,  
-25.5098, -31.3475

■ 196.7440,  
-25.5098, -31.3475

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.2710,  
-24.7836, -30.9327

■ 237.3680,  
-18.4224, -17.8627

■ 141.7980,  
-24.0574, -30.5178

■ 249.2310,  
-10.4669, -2.8336

■ 116.0260,  
-23.1838, -30.7178

■ 90.2540, -22.3102,  
-30.9178

■ 64.4710, -21.4312,  
-32.8621

■ 39.3290, -19.3892,  
-34.4915

■ 26.4150, -13.0226,

-23.1660

■ 12.3270, -6.0772,  
-10.8108

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 196.7440,  
-25.5098, -31.3475

■ 196.7440,  
-25.5098, -31.3475

■ 188.8540,  
-32.4660, -40.2140

■ 204.7480,  
-18.1168, -22.5810

■ 180.8500,  
-39.8590, -48.9804

■ 212.6380,  
-11.1605, -13.7145

■ 172.9600,  
-46.8153, -57.8469

■ 220.5280, -4.2043,  
-4.8481

■ 164.9560,  
-54.2083, -66.6134

■ 228.5320, 3.1887,  
3.9184

■ 156.9520,  
-61.6013, -75.3799

■ 236.1940, 9.2714,  
12.9849

■ 149.0620,  
-68.5576, -84.2464

■ 237.3900, 8.6817,  
15.4440

■ 145.5300,  
-71.7463, -88.1648

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.6860, -40.7642, 8.1684



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



186.5160, 0.2386, -76.7515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



187.2240, 33.4136, -77.3724



198.8860, -6.8458, 49.2120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



173.2560, 25.5098, 31.3475

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.1900, 12.2313, 43.6834



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



203.5350, 25.3722, -18.0092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



163.4930, 45.1130, -143.3834



212.0940, 21.1527, 28.8586



200.0820, -27.6484, 48.1631



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



172.3870, 22.4872, -119.6114



212.0940, 21.1527, 28.8586



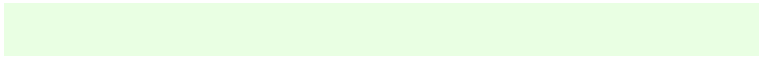
200.0090, -0.0044, 48.2271

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



245.2300, -8.9874, -10.7257



206.4880, -30.3136, 16.2350



121.8760, -5.3619, -6.9073



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475



216.1480, -35.0760, -43.1028



194.6960, -12.6681, -43.5834



108.0550, -3.4781, -4.4332



113.7770, -56.0921, -69.0874



31.1660, -15.3648, -18.5626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.2560, 25.5098, 31.3475



183.8520, 35.0760, 43.1028



175.3040, 12.6681, 43.5834



104.9450, 3.4781, 4.4332



62.2230, 56.0921, 69.0874

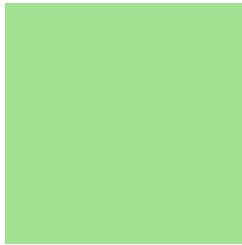


17.1330, 15.2174, 19.1774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

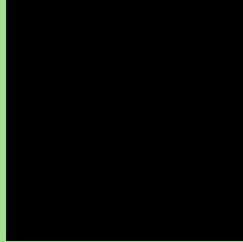
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475.



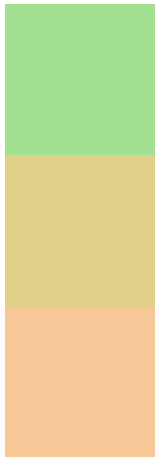
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475.

-31.3475.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475

### Protanopia

205.1030, -33.0818, 17.4497

### Deuteranopia

207.5810, -27.8944, 33.6935



## Tritanopia

204.6900, 13.4638, -25.1611

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475

## Protanomaly

202.0900, -30.1174, -0.0789

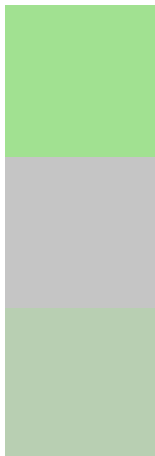
## Deuteranomaly

203.3670, -26.8029, 10.2021

## Tritanomaly

201.8950, -0.9342, -27.0949

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475

## Achromatopsia

197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

196.8170, -9.2768, -11.2405

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 225, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 225, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 225, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 225, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 225, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 225, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 225, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 225, 145); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 225, 145); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 225, 145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 196.7440, -25.5098, -31.3475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 225, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
225, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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