

# Converting Colors

YUV(196.8000, -10.2544,  
-24.3806)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(196.8000, -10.2544,  
-24.3806)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9D7B0
RGB	169, 215, 176
RGB Percent	66%, 84%, 69%
CMY	0.3373, 0.1569, 0.3098
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.18, 0.16
HSL	129°, 37%, 75%
HSV	129°, 21%, 84%
XYZ	48.4991, 60.1705, 50.1322
YIQ	196.8000, -14.8970, -21.8810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

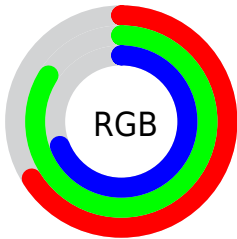
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	169, 209, 215
Decimal	11130800
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	81.93, -22.57, 14.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	82, 26.776, 147.441
Y <sub>xy</sub>	60.1705, 0.3054, 0.3789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289320880 (0xFFA9D7B0)
YUV	196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806
Hunter-Lab	77.5696, -24.1428, 15.9804

# Details

The YUV color **196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **187.2000, 10.2544, 24.3806**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.4080, -5.6241, -16.1438**, and **142.6260, -9.6756, -23.3510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.4690, -15.0212, -35.4913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551**.

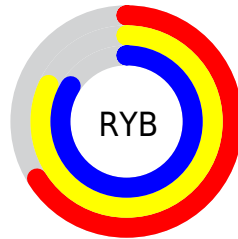
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (84%)

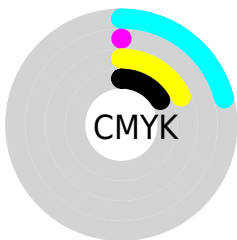
Blue (69%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (84%)

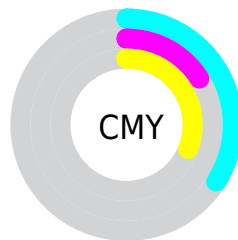


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 196.8000,  
-10.2544, -24.3806

■ 196.8000,  
-10.2544, -24.3806

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.2130, -9.9650,  
-23.8658

■ 243.4080, -5.6241,  
-16.1438

■ 142.6260, -9.6756,  
-23.3510

254.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 117.0390, -9.3862,  
-22.8362

■ 91.5660, -8.6600,  
-22.4214

■ 67.7940, -7.7864,  
-22.6213

■ 44.0220, -6.9128,  
-22.8213

■ 23.1040, -7.9393,

-20.2622

■ 7.6310, -3.7621,  
-6.6924

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 196.8000,  
-10.2544, -24.3806

■ 196.8000,  
-10.2544, -24.3806

■ 188.4690,  
-15.0212, -35.4913

■ 205.4300, -5.6350,  
-12.6551

■ 179.8390,  
-19.6406, -47.2168

■ 213.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 171.0950,  
-24.6968, -58.8423

■ 222.5050, 4.1880,  
10.0811

■ 162.7640,  
-29.4637, -69.9530

■ 230.8360, 8.9549,  
21.1918

■ 154.4330,  
-34.2305, -81.0637

■ 231.5200, 11.5756,  
20.5920

■ 145.8030,  
-38.8499, -92.7892

■ 137.3580,  
-44.0535, -103.8000

■ 129.9670,  
-47.8047, -113.9811

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.0110, -20.2184, -1.7636



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



193.9360, 3.4826, -43.7939

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



201.4800, 25.3994, -26.7310



206.7620, -12.2077, 42.3047

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



187.2000, 10.2544, 24.3806

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208.1280, -0.5561, 38.4757



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



205.7930, 20.8081, -0.6955

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



196.0060, 24.1540, -47.3633



207.8300, 11.4228, 22.9511



205.0140, -21.2059, 35.0677



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



192.5850, 12.5296, -52.2560



207.8300, 11.4228, 22.9511



207.0870, -8.4239, 42.0197

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



249.0330, -3.4673, -7.9219



207.6630, -19.0609, 0.2955



124.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

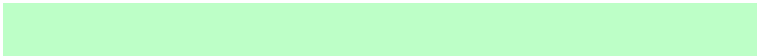


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806



228.8820, -14.7318, -34.9765



199.4220, -0.2080, -26.6801



102.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627



103.3410, -38.1291, -90.6301



26.0390, -9.3862, -22.8362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.2000, 10.2544, 24.3806



215.1180, 14.7318, 34.9765



184.5780, 0.2080, 26.6801



100.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



67.6590, 38.1291, 90.6301

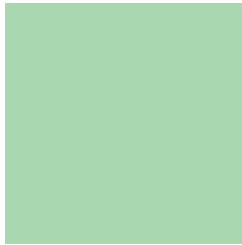


17.0750, 9.8230, 22.7362



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

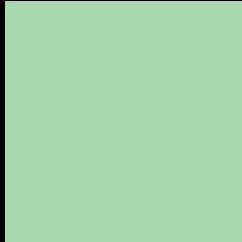
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

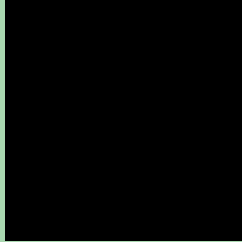
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **YUV 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806.

-24.3806.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806

### Protanopia

202.5270, -16.0358, 10.0618

### Deuteranopia

204.6410, -12.1480, 23.1168



## Tritanopia

200.9680, 11.8478, -20.1429

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806

## Protanomaly

200.3190, -13.9613, -2.0338

## Deuteranomaly

201.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

## Tritanomaly

199.7800, 3.5595, -21.7321

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806

## Achromatopsia

197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

197.2070, -4.0461, -8.9515

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 215, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 215, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 215, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 215, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 215, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 215, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 215, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 215, 176); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 215, 176); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 215, 176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 196.8000, -10.2544, -24.3806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 215, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
215, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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