

# Converting Colors

YUV(196.9210, -16.7231,  
43.9193)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(196.9210, -16.7231,  
43.9193)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7B2A3
RGB	247, 178, 163
RGB Percent	97%, 70%, 64%
CMY	0.0314, 0.3020, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.34, 0.03
HSL	11°, 84%, 80%
HSV	11°, 34%, 97%
XYZ	60.8890, 54.2593, 41.9142
YIQ	196.9210, 45.9390, 9.9630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

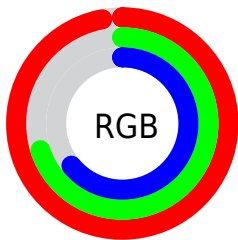
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 181, 163
Decimal	16233123
CIE Lab	78.61, 23.21, 17.64
CIE LCh	79, 29.153, 37.226
Yxy	54.2593, 0.3877, 0.3455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294423203 (0xFFF7B2A3)
YUV	196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193
Hunter-Lab	73.6609, 18.6437, 17.8257

# Details

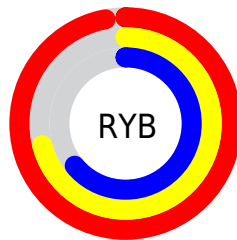
The YUV color **196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **213.0790, 16.7231, -43.9193**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.4550, -10.0843, 14.5100**, and **142.5400, -15.5492, 40.7454** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182.3310, -21.8552, 56.7147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211.5110, -11.5909, 31.1239**.

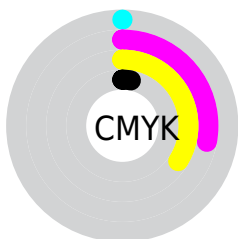
# Distribution



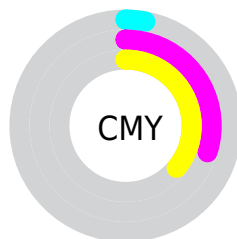
- Red (97%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



196.9210,  
-16.7231, 43.9193

196.9210,  
-16.7231, 43.9193

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

169.4370,  
-15.9914, 42.5898

238.4550,  
-10.0843, 14.5100

142.5400,  
-15.5492, 40.7454

253.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

116.7570,  
-14.6702, 38.8011

91.0880, -13.3544,  
36.7568

66.8920, -12.7648,  
34.2977

43.3370, -11.0121,  
32.1535

20.5540, -10.1331,

30.2091

■ 9.3830, -4.1328,  
18.9581

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 196.9210,  
-16.7231, 43.9193

■ 196.9210,  
-16.7231, 43.9193

■ 182.3310,  
-21.8552, 56.7147

■ 211.5110,  
-11.5909, 31.1239

■ 167.2680,  
-26.2611, 69.9250

■ 226.5740, -7.1850,  
17.9136

■ 152.6780,  
-31.3933, 82.7204

■ 241.1640, -2.0529,  
5.1182

■ 138.0880,  
-36.5254, 95.5158

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 123.6120,  
-41.2207, 108.2113

■ 108.4350,  
-46.0635, 121.5215

■ 99.6810, -49.1427,  
129.1988

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.7220, -4.7929, 44.0938



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



195.0800, -24.6894, 32.3788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



185.7710, -6.2961, -34.0022



193.5670, 26.8355, -20.6683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



213.0790, 16.7231, -43.9193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187.0430, 28.0798, -46.5187



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



182.2490, 8.7512, -53.7154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



189.5970, -19.0283, -10.1706



181.9460, 21.7186, -59.5886



197.6200, 19.9073, 8.2263



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



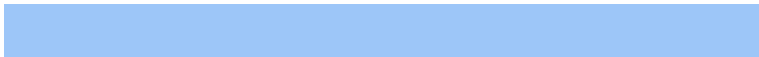
196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



193.6610, -25.9619, 20.4683



181.9460, 21.7186, -59.5886



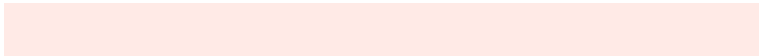
191.4410, 27.8836, -30.2048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



239.8230, -4.8427, 13.3102



196.0960, 18.1937, 44.6428



118.5450, -3.2267, 8.2920



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



192.5480, -20.9762, 54.7704



220.9880, -28.5881, 22.8125



114.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477



74.9850, -36.9676, 97.3602



23.5110, -11.5909, 31.1239



# Inverse Universe

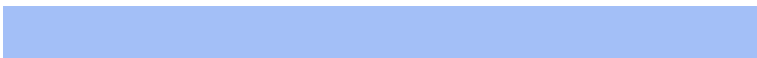
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.0790, 16.7231, -43.9193



212.4520, 20.9762, -54.7704



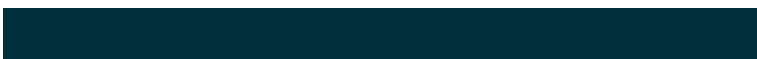
189.0120, 28.5881, -22.8125



117.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477



111.0150, 36.9676, -97.3602



34.9020, 11.8803, -30.6091



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193

### Protanopia

194.3680, -11.5204, 8.4473

### Deuteranopia

195.3980, -16.9582, 25.9610



## Tritanopia

198.0210, -4.9404, 44.7086

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193

## Protanomaly

195.2880, -13.4530, 21.6724

## Deuteranomaly

196.1430, -16.8325, 32.3236

## Tritanomaly

197.2830, -9.0135, 44.4788

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193

## Achromatopsia

197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

196.9050, -5.8692, 15.8693

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 178, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 178, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 178, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 178, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 178, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 178, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 178, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 178, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 178, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 178,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 196.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 178, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
178, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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