

# Converting Colors

YUV(197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9CBC7
RGB	185, 203, 199
RGB Percent	73%, 80%, 78%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2039, 0.2196
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.02, 0.20
HSL	167°, 15%, 76%
HSV	167°, 9%, 80%
XYZ	51.6723, 57.1497, 62.3404
YIQ	197.1620, -9.4440, -5.0600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

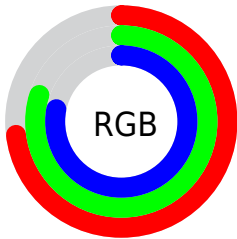
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	185, 195, 203
Decimal	12176327
CIELab	80.26, -6.85, -0.10
CIELCh	80, 6.853, 180.848
Yxy	57.1497, 0.3019, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290366407 (0xFFB9CBC7)
YUV	197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661
Hunter-Lab	75.5974, -10.2872, 4.0255

# Details

The YUV color  $197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $190.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661$ , and the grayscale version is  $197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $250.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069$ , and  $143.4610, 0.7587, -10.0513$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $190.6120, 1.6703, -22.4617$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $203.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296$ .

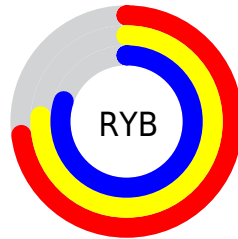
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (80%)

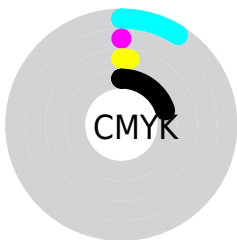
Blue (78%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (80%)

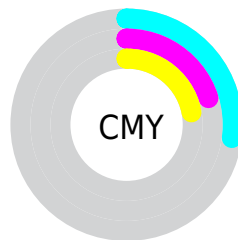


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661

■ 197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661

■ 250.8140, 2.0637,  
-8.6069

■ 143.4610, 0.7587,  
-10.0513

■ 117.8740, 1.0481,  
-9.5365

■ 92.8740, 1.0481,  
-9.5365

■ 69.1730, 0.9007,  
-8.9217

■ 47.1730, 0.9007,  
-8.9217

■ 26.4720, 0.7533,

-8.3069

■ 1.2880, -0.1420,  
-1.1296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661

■ 197.1620, 0.9061,  
-10.6661

■ 190.6120, 1.6703,  
-22.4617

■ 203.7120, 0.1420,  
1.1296

■ 183.8770, 3.0186,  
-34.9721

■ 210.4470, -1.2064,  
13.6400

■ 177.3270, 3.7828,  
-46.7678

■ 216.9970, -1.9705,  
25.4356

■ 170.8910, 4.9837,  
-58.6634

■ 220.1440, -1.5500,  
30.5687

■ 164.3410, 5.7479,  
-70.4591

■ 220.7140, 0.6340,  
30.0688

■ 157.6060, 7.0962,  
-82.9695

■ 221.1700, 2.3812,  
29.6689

■ 151.0560, 7.8604,  
-94.7651

■ 221.7400, 4.5652,  
29.1690

■ 144.6200, 9.0613,  
-106.6607

■ 222.1960, 6.3124,  
28.7691

■ 137.7710, 9.9729,  
-119.0712

■ 222.7660, 8.4964,  
28.2692

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



197.5470, 3.6743, -11.8807

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



199.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594



199.8610, -5.8475, 8.8919

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



190.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



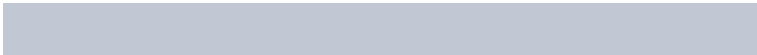
200.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



199.2750, 6.2734, -5.5032



200.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



199.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



197.7150, 5.5635, -11.1511



200.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



199.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



252.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183



196.7620, -5.7987, -6.8073



125.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

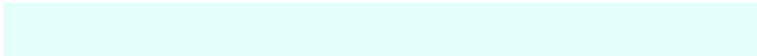


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661



245.9440, 1.5066, -16.6139



194.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920



98.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478



112.1480, 8.3080, -98.3538



25.7260, 2.1071, -22.5617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661



236.0560, -1.5066, 16.6139



193.3170, -4.1003, 8.4920



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.8520, -8.3080, 98.3538



12.2740, -2.1071, 22.5617



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

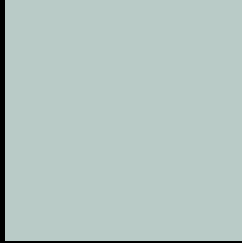
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

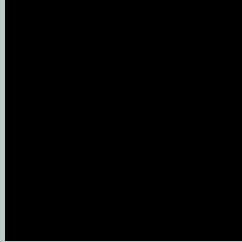
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

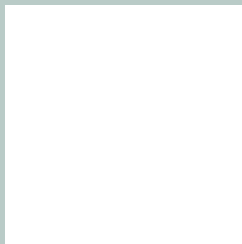
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661.

-10.6661.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661

### Protanopia

199.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738

### Deuteranopia

201.0880, -0.0434, 13.9548



## Tritanopia

198.2360, 8.7577, -8.9770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661

## Protanomaly

198.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592

## Deuteranomaly

199.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183

## Tritanomaly

197.8400, 5.9949, -9.5067

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661

## Achromatopsia

197.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

197.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 203, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 203, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 203, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 203, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 203, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 203, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 203, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 203, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 203, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 203,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 197.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 203, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
203, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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