

# Converting Colors

YUV(198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DDFDB
RGB	141, 223, 219
RGB Percent	55%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.4471, 0.1255, 0.1412
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.02, 0.13
HSL	177°, 56%, 71%
HSV	177°, 37%, 87%
XYZ	50.1584, 63.5525, 76.6411
YIQ	198.0260, -47.5880, -18.6280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

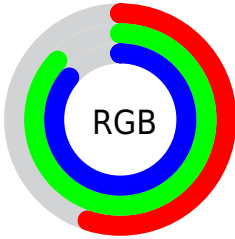
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	141, 183, 223
Decimal	9297883
CIELab	83.73, -25.83, -5.96
CIELCh	84, 26.505, 192.987
Yxy	63.5525, 0.2635, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287487963 (0xFF8DDFDB)
YUV	198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118
Hunter-Lab	79.7199, -27.2006, -1.1963

# Details

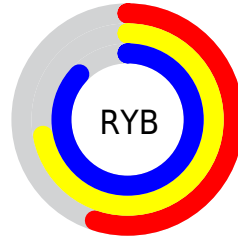
The YUV color **198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **165.9740, -10.3402, 50.0118**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.9570, 8.4022, -35.0423**, and **142.7270, 10.4876, -50.6266** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191.3340, 13.1463, -63.4369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204.7180, 7.5340, -36.5867**.

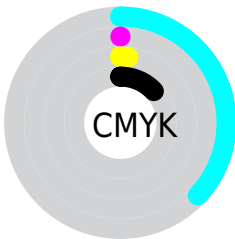
# Distribution



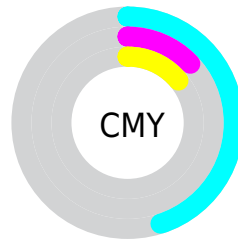
- Red (55%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118

■ 198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118

■ 237.9570, 8.4022,  
-35.0423

■ 142.7270, 10.4876,  
-50.6266

■ 246.6280, 4.1274,  
-17.2138

■ 115.5420, 11.0718,  
-51.3413

■ 87.1500, 12.2511,  
-56.2595

■ 62.8620, 12.3930,  
-55.1300

■ 46.1520, 9.2921,  
-40.4753

■ 30.7300, 6.0491,

-26.9502

■ 15.5360, 3.6798,  
-13.6251

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118

■ 198.0260, 10.3402,  
-50.0118

■ 191.3340, 13.1463,  
-63.4369

■ 204.7180, 7.5340,  
-36.5867

■ 184.3430, 16.0999,  
-77.4768

■ 211.7090, 4.5805,  
-22.5468

■ 177.6510, 18.9061,  
-90.9019

■ 218.4010, 1.7743,  
-9.1217

■ 170.9590, 21.7122,  
-104.3270

■ 225.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

■ 164.2670, 24.5184,  
-117.7522

■ 232.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

■ 157.1620, 27.0351,  
-131.6921

■ 232.9100, -3.4066,  
19.3729

■ 155.0690, 28.0670,  
-135.9955

■ 233.0240, -2.9698,  
19.2730

■ 233.1380, -2.5330,  
19.1730

■ 233.2520, -2.0962,  
19.0730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.1560, -3.5279, -35.2168



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



199.1750, 21.1127, -51.8965

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



212.3170, 16.1127, 12.0000



208.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



165.9740, -10.3402, 50.0118

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.7740, -17.1436, 38.7862



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



212.9900, 5.4279, 32.4578

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



208.5850, 22.8826, -12.7910



211.0480, -5.9397, 38.5459



206.6810, -23.0137, 8.1728

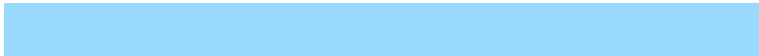


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



201.5550, 24.8694, -43.4597



211.0480, -5.9397, 38.5459



210.0630, -22.2161, 32.3937

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



246.5140, 3.6906, -17.1138



190.3300, -24.3197, -39.7544



122.8030, 2.0691, -10.3512



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



220.9420, 14.3256, -68.3551



176.7630, 22.7948, -31.3642



108.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



122.3500, 22.0125, -107.3010



33.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.9740, -10.3402, 50.0118



177.0580, -14.3256, 68.3551



187.2370, -22.7948, 31.3642



104.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



53.6500, -22.0124, 107.3010

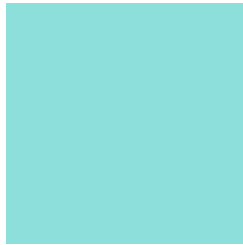


14.5800, -6.2019, 29.3093



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

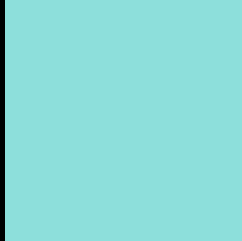
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

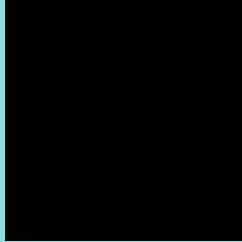
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118.



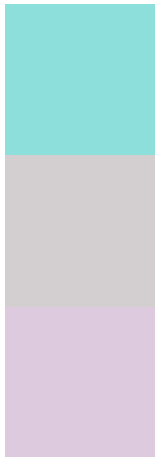
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118.

-50.0118.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118

### Protanopia

208.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592

### Deuteranopia

210.0750, 6.3720, 9.5812



## Tritanopia

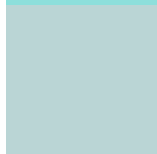
199.9260, 18.7705, -47.2931

# Trichromacy



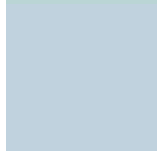
## Original Color

198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



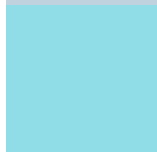
## Protanomaly

204.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990



## Deuteranomaly

205.9860, 7.8949, -12.2657



## Tritanomaly

199.1170, 15.7183, -48.3376

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118



## Achromatopsia

198.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

197.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 223, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 223, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 223, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 223, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 223, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 223, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 223, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 223, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 223, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 223, 219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 198.0260, 10.3402, -50.0118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 223, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
223, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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