

# Converting Colors

YUV(198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(198.1200, 18.1818,  
1.6488)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8BEEB
RGB	200, 190, 235
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 92%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2549, 0.0784
CMYK	0.15, 0.19, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	253°, 53%, 83%
HSV	253°, 19%, 92%
XYZ	57.2283, 55.1044, 86.2172
YIQ	198.1200, -8.4850, 16.1150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

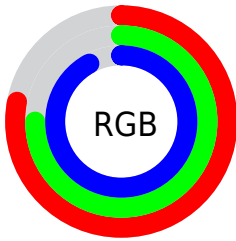
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 190, 235
Decimal	13156075
CIE Lab	79.10, 12.29, -21.06
CIE LCh	79, 24.385, 300.263
Yxy	55.1044, 0.2882, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291346155 (0xFFC8BEEB)
YUV	198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488
Hunter-Lab	74.2324, 7.7051, -16.8998

# Details

The YUV color **198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **226.8800, -18.1818, -1.6488**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332**, and **144.4790, 17.0189, 1.3339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.2370, 27.4912, 2.4232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217.5900, 8.5831, 0.3596**.

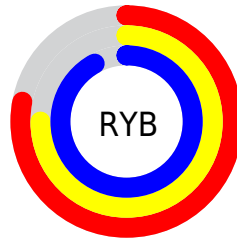
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (75%)

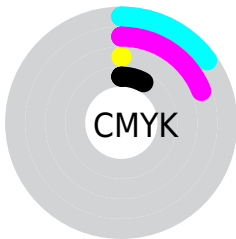
Blue (92%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (92%)

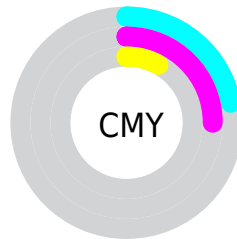


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 198.1200, 18.1818,  
1.6488

■ 198.1200, 18.1818,  
1.6488

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.7070, 17.8924,  
1.1340

■ 249.7170, 2.6045,  
4.6332

■ 144.4790, 17.0189,  
1.3339

■ 118.3650, 16.5821,  
1.4339

■ 93.8380, 15.8559,  
1.0191

■ 70.0120, 15.2771,  
-0.0105

■ 47.4850, 14.5509,  
-0.4253

■ 25.9580, 13.8247,

-0.8402

■ 3.7620, 14.4143,  
-3.2993

■ 0.6840, 2.6208,  
-0.5999

■ 198.1200, 18.1818,  
1.6488

■ 198.1200, 18.1818,  
1.6488

■ 179.2370, 27.4912,  
2.4232

■ 217.5900, 8.5831,  
0.3596

■ 159.4680, 37.2373,  
3.0976

■ 236.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 140.5850, 46.5466,  
3.8720

■ 252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996

■ 121.1150, 56.1453,  
5.1611

■ 102.2320, 65.4546,  
5.9355

■ 82.4630, 75.2007,  
6.6099

■ 62.9930, 84.7995,  
7.8991

■ 44.1100, 94.1088,  
8.6735

■ 42.3380, 94.9824,  
8.4736

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.2310, 23.0571, -22.1276



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



199.6620, 9.5336, 22.2214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



197.0350, -19.7373, 30.6643



187.0720, 3.9085, -40.4051

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



226.8800, -18.1818, -1.6488

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.6690, -8.2178, -24.2657



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



194.7790, -21.5830, 15.9798

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



198.4410, -12.0494, 38.2012



191.9830, -17.7396, -3.4931



186.4160, 15.5709, -47.7228



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



199.7790, 2.0810, 32.6428



191.9830, -17.7396, -3.4931



187.3670, -0.1809, -35.4019

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



242.6070, 6.1097, 0.3447



215.6750, 9.5272, -22.5170



120.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488



206.6130, 23.8548, 2.0934



204.6980, 14.9389, 15.1739



107.8520, 4.5100, 0.1298



32.5940, 73.1642, 6.4951



9.7440, 21.8182, 1.9785



# Inverse Universe

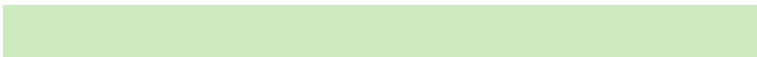
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207.4450, 8.6546, 24.1657



218.8850, 11.3957, 31.6729



220.3020, -14.9389, -15.1739



110.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



70.1930, 34.9079, 97.1777



20.9340, 10.3855, 28.9989



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

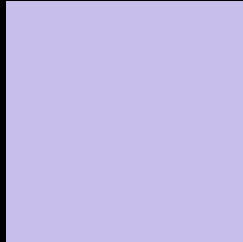
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

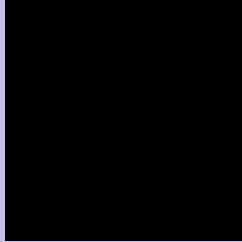
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 198.1200, 18.1818,

1.6488.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488

### Protanopia

196.6240, 20.3984, -9.3172

### Deuteranopia

197.5110, 18.4821, -1.3251



## Tritanopia

196.4220, 6.6940, -0.3701

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488

## Protanomaly

197.4180, 19.5139, -5.6286

## Deuteranomaly

197.8100, 18.3347, -0.7104

## Tritanomaly

197.1600, 10.7671, -0.1403

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488

## Achromatopsia

198.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

198.0200, 6.3991, 0.8595

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 190, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 190, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 190, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 190, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 190, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 190, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 190, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 190, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 190, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 190,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 198.1200, 18.1818, 1.6488 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 190, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
190, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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