

# Converting Colors

YUV(199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8B0BD
RGB	248, 176, 189
RGB Percent	97%, 69%, 74%
CMY	0.0275, 0.3098, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.24, 0.03
HSL	349°, 84%, 83%
HSV	349°, 29%, 97%
XYZ	63.4220, 54.6812, 55.3559
YIQ	199.0100, 38.7390, 19.3070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

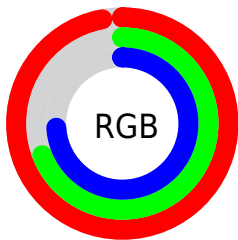
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 176, 189
Decimal	16298173
CIE Lab	78.86, 28.05, 3.92
CIE LCh	79, 28.327, 7.961
Yxy	54.6812, 0.3656, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294488253 (0xFFF8B0BD)
YUV	199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642
Hunter-Lab	73.9468, 23.6875, 7.3787

# Details

The YUV color **199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **224.9900, 4.9349, -42.9642**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402**, and **144.5150, -4.1979, 39.8903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182.0550, -6.4361, 57.8338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.9650, -3.4337, 28.0947**.

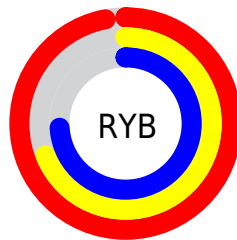
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (69%)

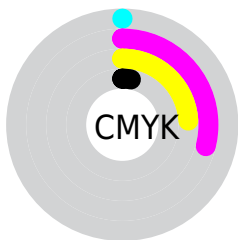
Blue (74%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (74%)

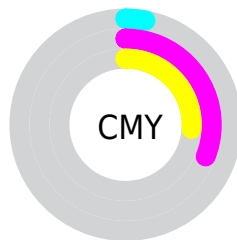


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642


 199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 171.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347


 240.3590, 2.2880,  
12.8402

 144.5150, -4.1979,  
39.8903

 117.9170, -3.9031,  
38.6608

 93.0200, -3.4609,  
36.8165

 68.5360, -2.7292,  
35.4869

 44.7530, -1.8502,  
33.5426

 20.9100, 0.0444,

32.5279

■ 11.1770, -5.0173,  
22.6468

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642

■ 199.0100, -4.9349,  
42.9642

■ 182.0550, -6.4361,  
57.8338

■ 215.9650, -3.4337,  
28.0947

■ 164.9860, -8.3741,  
72.8033

■ 233.0340, -1.4958,  
13.1252

■ 148.6180,  
-10.1647, 87.1580

■ 249.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 131.6630,  
-11.6659, 102.0275

■ 252.9070, 1.0318,  
-4.3034

■ 114.5940,  
-13.6038, 116.9971

■ 97.6390, -15.1050,  
131.8666

■ 80.6840, -16.6062,  
146.7361

■ 79.2820, -16.9010,  
147.9657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.9620, 7.9067, 30.7283



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



197.3230, -16.4282, 42.6897

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



189.8250, -18.1547, -10.3705



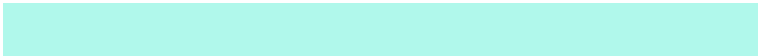
187.8260, 27.2008, -44.5744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



224.9900, 4.9349, -42.9642

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.2560, 21.5658, -57.2295



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



186.2980, -5.5699, -33.5873

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



193.2470, -24.7718, 12.0614



183.3740, 9.1826, -52.0710



194.3500, 25.9565, -18.7239



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



196.3840, -22.3743, 36.4972



183.3740, 9.1826, -52.0710



185.8530, 26.2015, -50.7371

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



239.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



201.8490, 22.7524, 29.0734



117.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



194.4350, -6.1305, 53.1155



211.0290, -17.2693, 32.4236



116.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922



60.3870, -13.0088, 112.7936



19.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016



# Inverse Universe

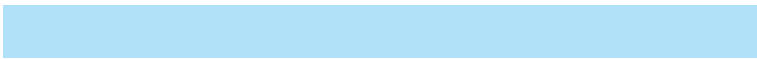
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642



194.4350, -6.1305, 53.1155



212.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



116.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922



60.3870, -13.0088, 112.7936

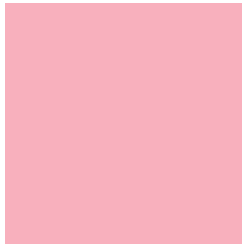


19.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

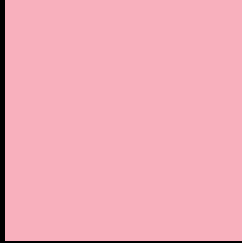
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

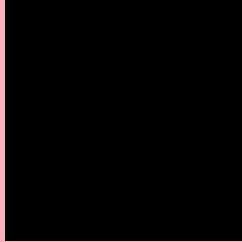
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0100, -4.9349,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

### Protanopia

196.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

### Deuteranopia

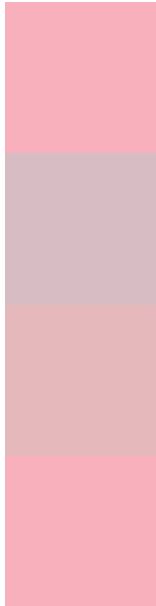
197.4430, -5.1484, 18.0285



## Tritanopia

199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

## Protanomaly

197.2840, -0.6330, 16.4139

## Deuteranomaly

197.9110, -4.8861, 27.2651

## Tritanomaly

199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642

## Achromatopsia

199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

199.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 176, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 176, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 176, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 176, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 176, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 176, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 176, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 176, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 176, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 176,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 199.0100, -4.9349, 42.9642 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 176, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
176, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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