

# Converting Colors

YUV(199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FDEE4
RGB	143, 222, 228
RGB Percent	56%, 87%, 89%
CMY	0.4392, 0.1294, 0.1059
CMYK	0.37, 0.03, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	184°, 61%, 73%
HSV	184°, 37%, 89%
XYZ	51.4526, 63.6836, 82.9791
YIQ	199.0630, -49.0100, -14.8820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

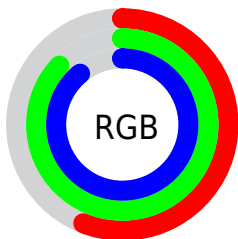
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	143, 184, 228
Decimal	9428708
CIELab	83.80, -22.68, -10.61
CIElCh	84, 25.038, 205.080
Yxy	63.6836, 0.2597, 0.3214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287618788 (0xFF8FDEE4)
YUV	199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673
Hunter-Lab	79.8020, -24.5652, -5.7891

# Details

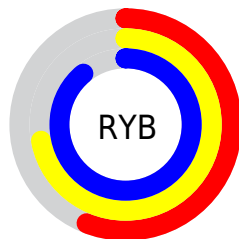
The YUV color **199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **171.9370, -14.2659, 49.1673**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.5550, 8.1074, -33.8127**, and **143.7640, 14.4133, -49.7820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191.0120, 18.2351, -62.2775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207.1140, 10.2968, -36.0570**.

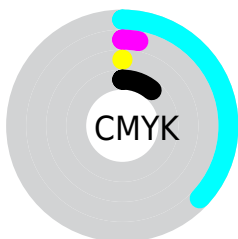
# Distribution



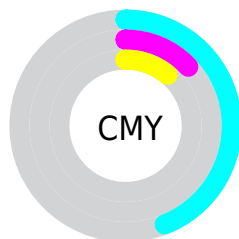
- Red (56%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673

■ 199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 171.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673

■ 238.5550, 8.1074,  
-33.8127

■ 143.7640, 14.4133,  
-49.7820

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,  
-15.9842

■ 116.4650, 14.5608,  
-50.3968

■ 88.0730, 15.7400,  
-55.3150

■ 63.7740, 15.8874,  
-55.9298

■ 46.9500, 12.3497,  
-41.1751

■ 30.9410, 9.3961,

-27.1353

■ 16.8070, 6.0111,  
-14.7397

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673

■ 199.0630, 14.2659,  
-49.1673

■ 191.0120, 18.2351,  
-62.2775

■ 207.1140, 10.2968,  
-36.0570

■ 183.5480, 21.9148,  
-75.9026

■ 214.5780, 6.6170,  
-22.4319

■ 175.7960, 25.7366,  
-88.3981

■ 222.3300, 2.7953,  
-9.9364

■ 168.3320, 29.4163,  
-102.0232

■ 229.7940, -0.8844,  
3.6887

■ 160.2810, 33.3855,  
-115.1334

■ 237.2470, -4.5588,  
15.5694

■ 152.2300, 37.3546,  
-128.2437

■ 238.4210, -5.1376,  
14.5398

■ 150.4360, 38.2391,  
-131.9324

■ 239.0080, -5.4269,  
14.0250

■ 240.1820, -6.0057,  
12.9954

■ 240.7690, -6.2951,  
12.4806

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.9150, 2.0139, -39.3905



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



201.8600, 22.2540, -44.6042

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



213.1070, 11.2862, 20.0772



208.4590, -22.9043, 19.7685

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



171.9370, -14.2659, 49.1673

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.1710, -19.3113, 34.0530



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



212.7470, 0.6177, 35.3019

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



210.5540, 19.9399, -2.2399



211.1960, -10.4496, 38.4161



206.1360, -19.7870, -0.1193

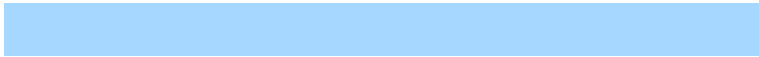


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



204.7950, 24.2581, -34.0232



211.1960, -10.4496, 38.4161



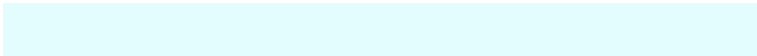
209.0190, -22.1944, 25.4163

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



245.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



193.5790, -21.9774, -44.3578



121.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



215.9190, 19.2669, -66.5810



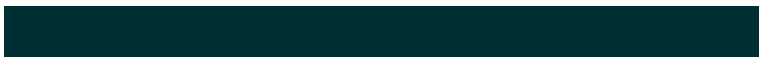
174.4090, 26.4204, -27.5457



110.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625



117.8480, 30.1479, -103.3527



33.4030, 8.6753, -29.2944



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.4210, 21.9774, 44.3578



186.5830, 29.7856, 60.0017



196.5910, -26.4204, 27.5457



107.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



72.4450, 46.1226, 93.4487

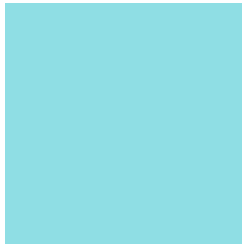


20.6070, 13.0117, 26.6547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

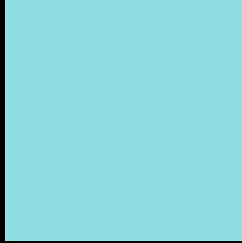
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

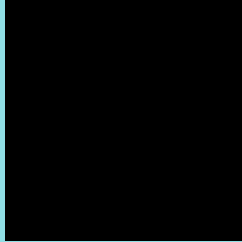
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673.



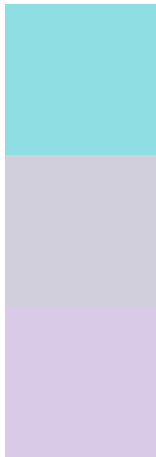
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673.

-49.1673.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673

### Protanopia

208.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

### Deuteranopia

209.9050, 10.8928, 6.2223



## Tritanopia

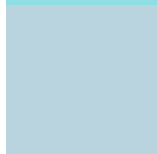
199.9260, 18.7705, -47.2931

# Trichromacy



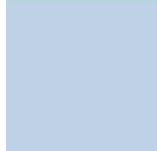
## Original Color

199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



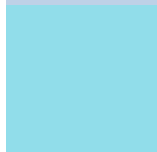
## Protanomaly

205.0670, 8.3480, -17.5988



## Deuteranomaly

205.8270, 12.4103, -13.8803



## Tritanomaly

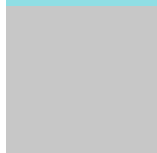
199.7580, 16.8813, -48.0228

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673



## Achromatopsia

199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

198.9700, 5.4378, -17.5137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 222, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 222, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 222, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 222, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 222, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 222, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 222, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 222, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 222, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 222,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 199.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 222, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
222, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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