

# Converting Colors

YUV(199.0650, -28.6260,  
35.0230)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(199.0650, -28.6260,  
35.0230)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFBE8D
RGB	239, 190, 141
RGB Percent	94%, 75%, 55%
CMY	0.0627, 0.2549, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.41, 0.06
HSL	30°, 75%, 75%
HSV	30°, 41%, 94%
XYZ	58.8178, 57.1007, 33.1208
YIQ	199.0650, 44.9330, -4.8510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

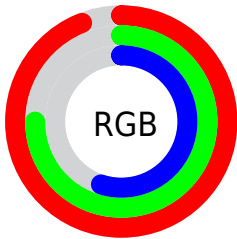
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 239, 141
Decimal	15711885
CIE Lab	80.24, 11.27, 31.42
CIE LCh	80, 33.378, 70.265
Yxy	57.1007, 0.3946, 0.3831
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293901965 (0xFFEFBE8D)
YUV	199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230
Hunter-Lab	75.5650, 6.7008, 26.9082

# Details

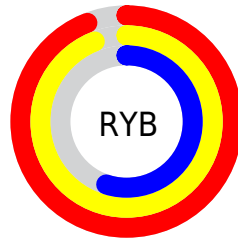
The YUV color **199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **180.9350, 28.6260, -35.0230**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242.8770, -23.6034, 10.6319**, and **144.7980, -27.0154, 31.7492** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189.2850, -35.6365, 43.6001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.8450, -21.6156, 26.4459**.

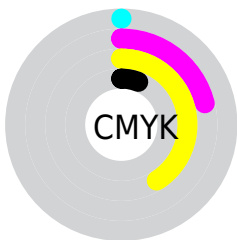
# Distribution



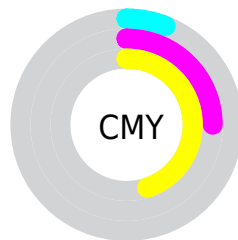
- Red (94%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



199.0650,  
-28.6260, 35.0230

199.0650,  
-28.6260, 35.0230

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

171.5810,  
-27.8944, 33.6935

242.8770,  
-23.6034, 10.6319

144.7980,  
-27.0154, 31.7492

251.3520,  
-13.9775, 3.1993

118.4280,  
-25.8470, 30.3196

254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

93.6450, -24.9680,  
28.3753

69.5630, -23.9416,  
25.8162

46.7800, -23.0625,  
23.8719

26.6790, -13.1527,

18.6985

■ 7.1760, -3.5378,  
14.7546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.0650,  
-28.6260, 35.0230

■ 199.0650,  
-28.6260, 35.0230

■ 189.2850,  
-35.6365, 43.6001

■ 208.8450,  
-21.6156, 26.4459

■ 179.5050,  
-42.6470, 52.1771

■ 218.6250,  
-14.6051, 17.8689

■ 169.7250,  
-49.6574, 60.7542

■ 228.4050, -7.5947,  
9.2918

■ 159.9450,  
-56.6679, 69.3312

■ 238.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

150.2790,  
-63.2415, 77.8083

247.2810, 3.8055,  
-7.2624

141.3140,  
-69.6678, 85.6706

250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.7320, -20.0809, 47.5930



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



196.3950, -29.2817, 11.9316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



182.9100, 12.8624, -65.6961



202.8100, 21.7857, 12.4446

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



180.9350, 28.6260, -35.0230

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.3220, 28.4353, -20.4534



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



182.9490, 27.1401, -71.8693

# Square

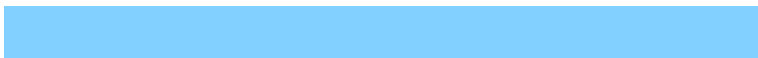
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



187.9440, -5.3954, -42.9239



189.7370, 32.1747, -53.2663



203.5330, 8.6112, 38.1206



# Rectangle

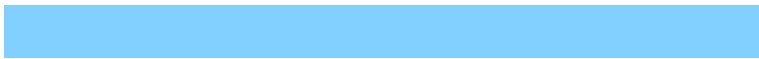
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



194.1370, -24.7175, -5.3821



189.7370, 32.1747, -53.2663



201.9550, 25.1652, 1.7935

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



242.6610, -9.1999, 10.8213



175.8880, 6.9572, 55.3492



120.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230



204.3560, -36.6575, 44.4148



227.8280, -42.8062, 9.7978



115.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



109.0200, -53.7469, 65.7575



33.1800, -16.3577, 20.0131

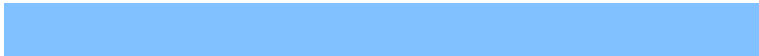


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.9350, 28.6260, -35.0230



181.2310, 36.3681, -44.9296



152.1720, 42.8062, -9.7978



112.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885



74.9800, 53.7469, -65.7575

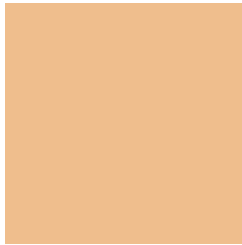


22.8200, 16.3577, -20.0131



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

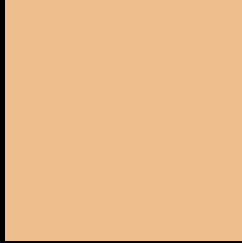
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

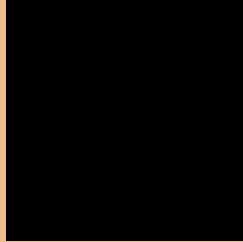
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230

### Protanopia

197.3290, -25.7982, 14.6205

### Deuteranopia

199.0540, -28.6206, 33.2786



## Tritanopia

202.8350, -2.8767, 36.1017

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230

## Protanomaly

198.1450, -26.6935, 21.7978

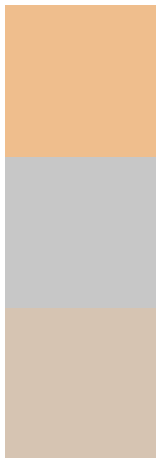
## Deuteranomaly

199.3530, -28.7680, 33.8934

## Tritanomaly

201.7180, -12.1860, 35.3273

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230

## Achromatopsia

199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

199.3300, -10.5157, 12.8656

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 190, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 190, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 190, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 190, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 190, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 190, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 190, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 190, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 190, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 190,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 199.0650, -28.6260, 35.0230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 190, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
190, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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