

# Converting Colors

YUV(199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041)  
contains.

<b>YUV(199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86E5DA
RGB	134, 229, 218
RGB Percent	53%, 90%, 85%
CMY	0.4745, 0.1020, 0.1451
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.05, 0.10
HSL	173°, 65%, 71%
HSV	173°, 41%, 90%
XYZ	50.5057, 66.1689, 76.4396
YIQ	199.3410, -53.0890, -23.5610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

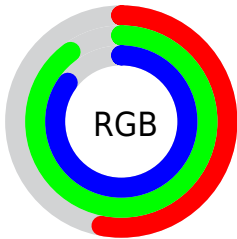
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 184, 229</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8840666</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.08, -30.72, -3.47</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">85, 30.913, 186.450</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.1689, 0.2615, 0.3426</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287030746 (0xFF86E5DA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.3443, -31.5239, 1.2259</a>

# Details

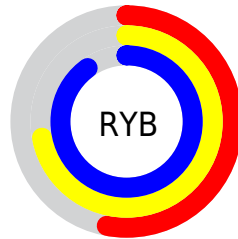
The YUV color **199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **163.6590, -9.1989, 57.3041**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235.8640, 9.4340, -39.3457**, and **143.1560, 9.7831, -58.0188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192.1220, 11.2789, -71.1440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.5600, 7.1189, -43.4641**.

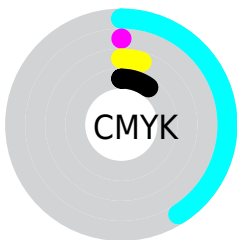
# Distribution



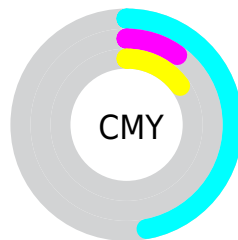
- Red (53%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041

199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

171.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041

235.8640, 9.4340,  
-39.3457

143.1560, 9.7831,  
-58.0188

244.8340, 5.0118,  
-20.9024

114.7750, 10.9569,  
-61.1927

253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

83.2080, 14.1945,  
-72.9734

65.6830, 10.5093,  
-57.6040

48.9730, 7.4083,  
-42.9493

32.9640, 4.4547,

-28.9094

■ 18.3570, 1.7960,  
-16.0991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041

■ 199.3410, 9.1989,  
-57.3041

■ 192.1220, 11.2789,  
-71.1440

■ 206.5600, 7.1189,  
-43.4641

■ 185.0170, 13.7956,  
-85.0839

■ 213.6650, 4.6022,  
-29.5242

■ 177.7980, 15.8756,  
-98.9238

■ 220.8840, 2.5222,  
-15.6843

■ 170.5790, 17.9556,  
-112.7638

■ 228.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 163.7730, 20.3249,  
-126.0889

■ 235.2080, -2.0745,  
12.0956

■ 157.4510, 21.9627,  
-138.0845

■ 237.3440, -1.6486,  
15.4843

■ 237.6860, -0.3382,  
15.1844

■ 237.9140, 0.5354,  
14.9844

■ 238.2560, 1.8458,  
14.6845

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.1190, -7.4537, -36.0614



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



198.6680, 23.3347, -64.6068

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



215.5060, 19.4705, 8.3262



213.3470, -26.3001, 35.6527

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



163.6590, -9.1989, 57.3041

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



217.0270, 9.3537, 33.3023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



209.4160, 22.4729, -21.4128



211.9600, -2.4453, 37.7461



210.4600, -27.8348, 14.5056

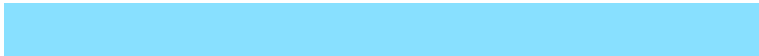


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



201.2220, 26.5126, -57.1997



211.9600, -2.4453, 37.7461



212.4550, -23.3953, 37.3120

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



245.2750, 2.8224, -18.6582



193.0540, -29.1136, -42.1434



122.2760, 1.3429, -10.7661



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

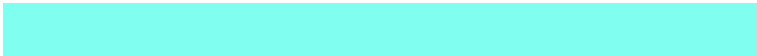


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



215.3170, 12.1687, -76.5770



179.4630, 24.4217, -39.8711



111.1840, 0.8953, -7.1774



123.0850, 17.2131, -107.9455



35.0670, 4.8970, -30.7538



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163.6590, -9.1989, 57.3041



167.5690, -12.6055, 76.6770



183.5370, -24.4217, 39.8711



106.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774



55.9150, -17.2131, 107.9455

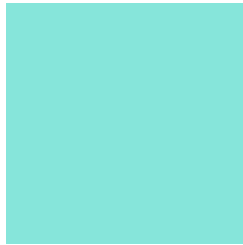


15.9330, -4.8970, 30.7538



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

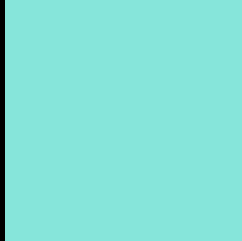
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

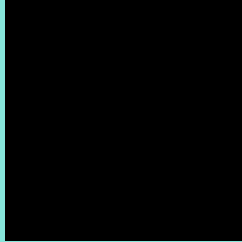
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

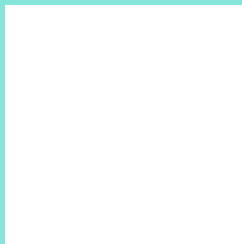
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041.

-57.3041.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041

### Protanopia

211.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886

### Deuteranopia

213.6300, 4.6194, 11.7255



## Tritanopia

201.9360, 20.2446, -53.4409

# Trichromacy



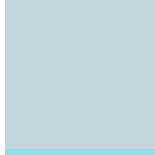
## Original Color

199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



## Protanomaly

207.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



## Deuteranomaly

208.5190, 6.1531, -13.6102



## Tritanomaly

200.6000, 16.4662, -54.9002

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041



## Achromatopsia

199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

199.0790, 3.4121, -21.1173

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 229, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 229, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 229, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 229, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 229, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 229, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 229, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 229, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 229, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 229, 218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 199.3410, 9.1989, -57.3041 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 229, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
229, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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