

# Converting Colors

YUV(199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(199.8130, 0.5852,  
45.7680)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FCADC9                     |
| RGB         | 252, 173, 201              |
| RGB Percent | 99%, 68%, 79%              |
| CMY         | 0.0118, 0.3216, 0.2118     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.31, 0.20, 0.01     |
| HSL         | 339°, 93%, 83%             |
| HSV         | 339°, 31%, 99%             |
| XYZ         | 65.6311, 54.7996, 62.3766  |
| YIQ         | 199.8130, 38.0960, 25.4560 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

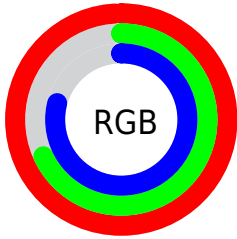
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 252, 173, 201                |
| Decimal                             | 16559561                     |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 78.93, 32.77, -2.44          |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 79, 32.865, 355.742          |
| Yxy                                 | 54.7996, 0.3590,<br>0.2998   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294749641<br>(0xFFFCADC9)   |
| <b>YUV</b>                          | 199.8130, 0.5852,<br>45.7680 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 74.0268, 28.7087,<br>1.8597  |

# Details

The YUV color  $199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF99CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $225.1870, -0.5852, -45.7680$ , and the grayscale version is  $200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $239.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848$ , and  $145.2040, 0.8854, 42.7941$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $183.3140, 0.8312, 60.2376$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $216.3120, 0.3392, 31.2984$ .

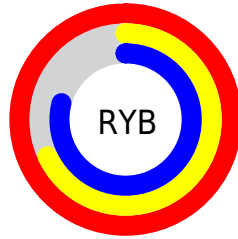
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (68%)

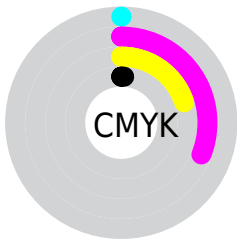
Blue (79%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (79%)

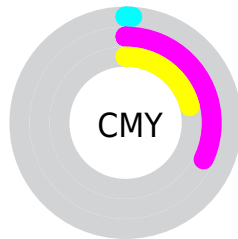


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (32%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 199.8130, 0.5852,  
45.7680

 199.8130, 0.5852,  
45.7680


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 172.2150, 0.8800,  
44.5384


 239.7380, 7.5242,  
13.3848

 145.2040, 0.8854,  
42.7941

 118.6060, 1.1802,  
41.5645


 93.1220, 1.9119,  
40.2350


 68.2250, 2.3541,  
38.3907


 43.1540, 3.3751,  
37.5759


 21.5450, 3.6753,

34.6020


 12.6010, -4.7333,  
24.9059


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 199.8130, 0.5852,  
45.7680


 199.8130, 0.5852,  
45.7680


 183.3140, 0.8312,  
60.2376


 216.3120, 0.3392,  
31.2984


 166.7010, 0.6404,  
74.8072

 232.9250, 0.5300,  
16.7288

 149.6150, 1.1758,  
89.7916

 250.0110, -0.0054,  
1.7444

 133.1160, 1.4218,  
104.2613

 254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 116.6170, 1.6678,  
118.7309

■ 100.0040, 1.4770,  
133.3005

■ 85.4940, 1.7285,  
146.0258

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.0630, 14.7589, 26.2547



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



197.7630, -13.6872, 50.1968

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



191.0450, -25.1652, -1.7935



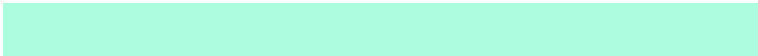
182.9160, 30.6074, -63.9473

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



225.1870, -0.5852, -45.7680

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178.9400, 20.7356, -70.9844



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



186.9690, -13.2957, -28.9138

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



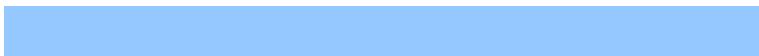
199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



194.1730, -29.1723, 23.5273



181.9840, 3.9519, -54.3600



191.0210, 31.5416, -36.8524



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



197.2650, -21.8226, 46.2486



181.9840, 3.9519, -54.3600



180.3130, 28.4397, -68.6805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



239.7890, 0.1040, 13.3400



196.9560, 27.1367, 22.8406



118.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



190.8790, 0.5527, 56.2341



203.0780, -14.8285, 42.9046



116.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



64.1490, 1.4055, 109.4943



20.7470, 0.6177, 35.3019



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



190.8790, 0.5527, 56.2341



221.9220, 14.8285, -42.9046



116.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



64.1490, 1.4055, 109.4943



20.7470, 0.6177, 35.3019



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

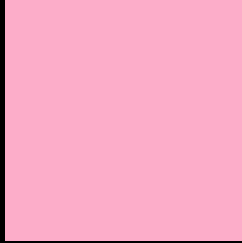
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 199.8130, 0.5852,

45.7680.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680

### Protanopia

196.2800, 8.7360, -1.9996

### Deuteranopia

198.0880, -0.0434, 13.9548



## Tritanopia

199.2060, -5.5246, 45.4233

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



## Protanomaly

197.2930, 5.7716, 15.5290



## Deuteranomaly

198.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505



## Tritanomaly

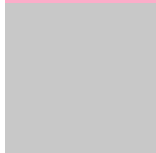
199.1890, -3.0512, 45.4382

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680



## Achromatopsia

200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

199.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 173, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 173, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 173, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 173, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 173, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 173, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 173, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 173, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 173, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 173,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 199.8130, 0.5852, 45.7680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 173, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
173, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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