

Converting Colors

YUV(20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(20.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F0F11
RGB	31, 15, 17
RGB Percent	12%, 6%, 7%
CMY	0.8784, 0.9412, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.45, 0.88
HSL	352°, 35%, 9%
HSV	352°, 52%, 12%
XYZ	0.8371, 0.6734, 0.6162
YIQ	20.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

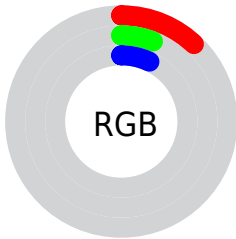
Format	Color
RYB	31, 15, 17
Decimal	2035473
CIELab	6.08, 8.07, 1.67
CIELCh	6, 8.242, 11.722
Yxy	0.6734, 0.3936, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280225553 (0xFF1F0F11)
YUV	20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365
Hunter-Lab	8.2062, 3.8469, 1.2925

Details

The YUV color **20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **25.9880, 1.4849, -9.6365**, and the grayscale version is **20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921**.

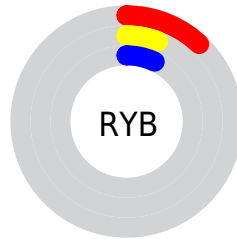
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (6%)

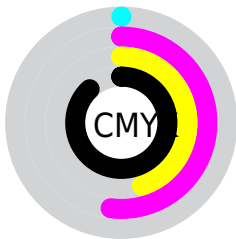
Blue (7%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (7%)

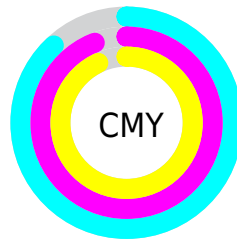


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (88%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (94%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365

■ 20.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365

■ 243.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 62.6100, -1.7797,
10.8660

■ 85.9090, -1.9271,
11.4808

■ 110.3220, -1.6377,
11.9956

■ 136.2080, -2.0745,
12.0956

■ 162.5070, -2.2220,
12.7104

■ 189.5070, -2.2220,

12.7104

■ 216.8060, -2.3694,
13.3251

■ 20.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365

■ 20.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365

■ 17.9090, -1.9271,
11.4808

■ 22.1150, -1.0427,
7.7921

■ 15.9200, -1.9326,
13.2252

■ 24.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 13.8170, -2.3748,
15.0695

■ 26.2070, -0.5951,
4.2035

■ 11.7140, -2.8170,
16.9138

■ 28.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 9.7250, -2.8224,
18.6582

■ 31.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 32.9890, 0.0054,
-1.7444

■ 35.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 37.1950, 0.8899,
-5.4330

■ 39.1840, 0.8953,
-7.1774

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0980, 1.4307, 7.8071



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



19.6870, -5.2687, 9.9215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



17.8980, -5.3727, -3.4185



17.5410, 6.1423, -10.1215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



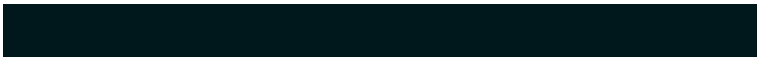
20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



25.9880, 1.4849, -9.6365

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



16.7060, -0.8411, -10.2662

Square

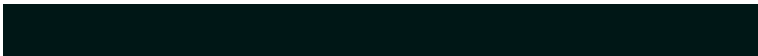
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



18.5460, -8.1572, 3.0292



16.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



19.3570, 5.2470, -2.9441

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



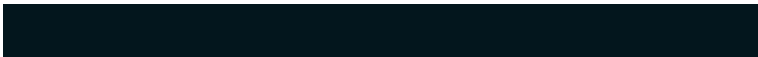
20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



19.2200, -7.0105, 8.5771



16.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



17.1170, 5.8583, -12.3806

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



36.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



21.0100, 4.9251, 7.0072



17.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



23.8170, -2.3748, 15.0695



23.3060, -4.0949, 6.7476



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



24.7610, -7.2772, 47.5676



64.8570, -19.1565, 124.6594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



23.8170, -2.3748, 15.0695



22.6940, 4.0949, -6.7476



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



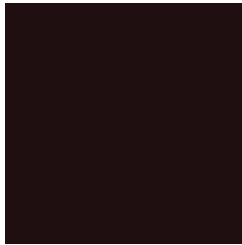
24.7610, -7.2772, 47.5676



64.8570, -19.1565, 124.6594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

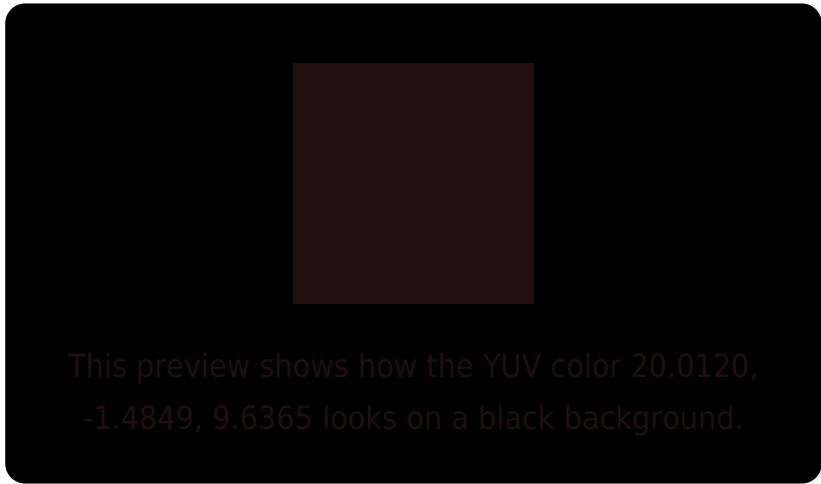
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365.

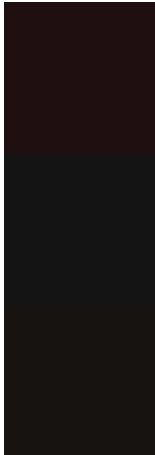


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.0120, -1.4849,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

Protanopia

20.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

Deuteranopia

19.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590



Tritanopia

19.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

Protanomaly

20.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035

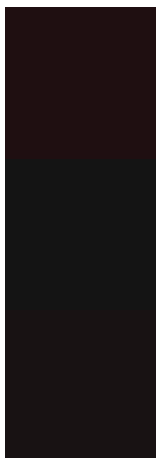
Deuteranomaly

20.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182

Tritanomaly

19.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

Achromatopsia

20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

19.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 15, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 15, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 15, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 15, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 15, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 15, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 15, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 15, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 15, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 15, 17)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 20.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 15, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 15,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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