

Converting Colors

YUV(20.0280, 31.0452,
-17.5646)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(20.0280, 31.0452,
-17.5646)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001253
RGB	0, 18, 83
RGB Percent	0%, 7%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9294, 0.6745
CMYK	1.00, 0.78, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	227°, 100%, 16%
HSV	227°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	1.7776, 1.0571, 8.2940
YIQ	20.0280, -31.5930, 16.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

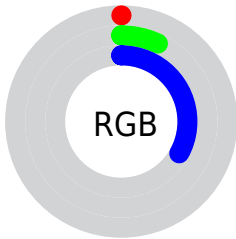
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 15, 83
Decimal	4691
CIE _{Lab}	9.46, 22.98, -40.89
CIE _{LCh}	9, 46.904, 299.343
Yxy	1.0571, 0.1597, 0.0950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278194771 (0xFF001253)
YUV	20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646
Hunter-Lab	10.2818, 12.8682, -40.6301

Details

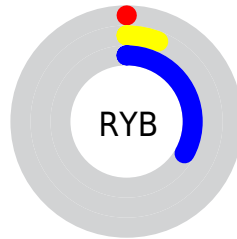
The YUV color **20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **62.9720, -31.0452, 17.5646**, and the grayscale version is **20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.5180, 31.2966, -4.8393**, and **5.3920, 15.5827, -4.7288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.9420, 28.1296, -15.7351**.

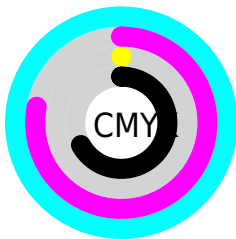
Distribution



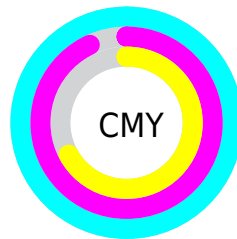
- Red (0%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.0280, 31.0452,
-17.5646

■ 20.0280, 31.0452,
-17.5646

■ 247.3690, 3.7621,
6.6924

■ 6.8400, 26.2079,
-5.9987

■ 69.5180, 31.2966,
-4.8393

■ 5.3920, 15.5827,
-4.7288

■ 93.8710, 32.6016,
-3.3949

■ 2.0690, 5.3890,
-1.8145

■ 119.1100, 33.4698,
-1.8505

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 145.6370, 34.1960,
-1.4356

■ 172.2780, 35.3589,
-1.1208

■ 198.0520, 28.0754,

1.7084

■ 222.8600, 15.8450,
4.5078

■ 20.0280, 31.0452,
-17.5646

■ 25.9420, 28.1296,
-15.7351

■ 32.7420, 24.7772,
-13.8057

■ 39.2430, 21.5722,
-12.4911

■ 45.1570, 18.6566,
-10.6617

■ 51.6580, 15.4516,
-9.3471

■ 57.8710, 12.3886,
-6.9029

■ 63.7850, 9.4730,
-5.0734

■ 70.2860, 6.2680,
-3.7588

■ 77.0860, 2.9156,
-1.8294

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2720, 30.9249, -25.6715



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



24.6660, 16.9267, 30.9879

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



21.4510, -10.5753, 32.0535



25.7430, -0.3663, -22.5766

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



62.9720, -31.0452, 17.5646

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.3060, -10.9969, -19.5624



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



25.1400, -12.3940, 8.6472

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



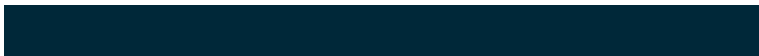
20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



22.1260, -10.9081, 45.4935



19.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032



29.9780, 13.3218, -26.2907

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



26.2730, 6.2744, 40.9796



19.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032



24.1470, -6.4815, -21.1769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



82.7570, 11.9518, -6.8029



56.0170, 3.9356, -49.1269



38.6280, 7.5784, -4.0588



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



25.6990, 40.0814, -22.5380



16.0400, 33.0113, 5.2269



38.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



25.4710, 39.2078, -22.3381



55.7980, 86.8676, -48.9348

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8690, -4.3724, 49.2269



34.6150, -5.7262, 63.4816



66.9600, -33.0113, -5.2269



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



34.0170, -5.4314, 62.2521



75.0680, -12.3585, 137.6294

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

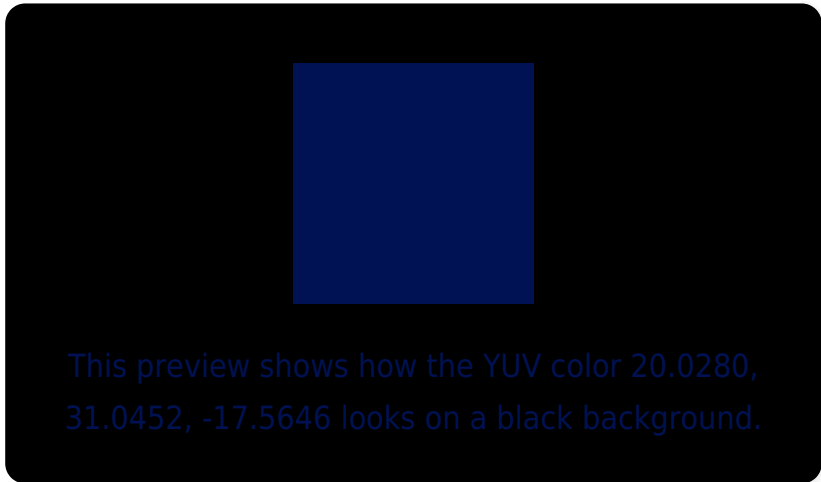
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

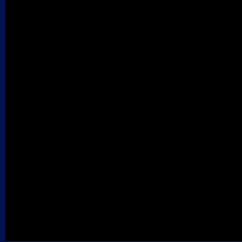
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.0280, 31.0452,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

23.0480, 17.2313, -20.2131

Deuteranopia

23.1960, 12.7214, -20.3429

Tritanopia

22.5460, 5.1538, -19.7728

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

21.7260, 22.3201, -19.0537

Deuteranomaly

22.2160, 19.1205, -19.4834

Tritanomaly

21.6630, 14.4631, -18.9985

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

19.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 18, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 18, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 18, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 18, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 18, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 18, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 18, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 18, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 18, 83); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 18, 83) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 20.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 18, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 18,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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