

Converting Colors

YUV(20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(20.9700, 8.8888,
-4.3587)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	101427
RGB	16, 20, 39
RGB Percent	6%, 8%, 15%
CMY	0.9373, 0.9216, 0.8471
CMYK	0.59, 0.49, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	230°, 42%, 11%
HSV	230°, 59%, 15%
XYZ	0.8301, 0.7570, 2.0218
YIQ	20.9700, -8.4830, 5.0610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

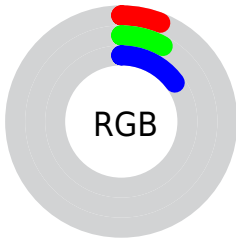
Format	Color
R_YB	16, 19, 39
Decimal	1053735
CIE Lab	6.84, 4.53, -13.59
CIE LCh	7, 14.321, 288.440
Yxy	0.7570, 0.2300, 0.2098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279243815 (0xFF101427)
YUV	20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587
Hunter-Lab	8.7003, 1.8042, -7.6878

Details

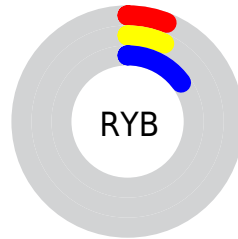
The YUV color **20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **34.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587**, and the grayscale version is **21.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0130, 10.3466, -5.2734**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.9270, 7.4310, -3.4440**.

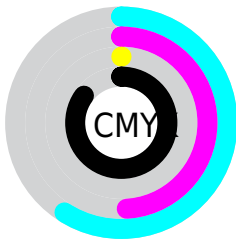
Distribution



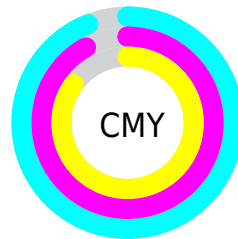
- Red (6%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.9700, 8.8888,
-4.3587

■ 20.9700, 8.8888,
-4.3587

■ 244.6560, 5.0996,
-2.3293

■ 2.6390, 7.5730,
-2.3144

■ 63.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 87.0240, 10.3412,
-3.5290

■ 111.8390, 10.9254,
-4.2438

■ 136.9530, 11.3622,
-4.3438

■ 163.3660, 11.6516,
-3.8290

■ 190.4800, 12.0884,

-3.9290

■ 218.4800, 12.0884,
-3.9290

■ 20.9700, 8.8888,
-4.3587

■ 20.9700, 8.8888,
-4.3587

■ 18.0130, 10.3466,
-5.2734

■ 23.9270, 7.4310,
-3.4440

■ 15.0560, 11.8044,
-6.1881

■ 26.8840, 5.9732,
-2.5293

■ 11.5120, 13.5516,
-6.5880

■ 30.4280, 4.2260,
-2.1294

■ 8.5550, 15.0094,
-7.5027

■ 33.3850, 2.7682,
-1.2146

■ 36.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 39.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.5440, -1.7472,
0.3999

■ 45.5010, -3.2050,
1.3146

■ 48.4580, -4.6628,
2.2293

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9470, 10.3791, -15.7395



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



21.9390, 5.9461, 6.1925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



20.1670, -9.9423, 15.6395



17.6730, -0.8248, -15.4992

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



34.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1810, -7.9772, -8.0517



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



20.4220, -10.0680, 9.2769

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



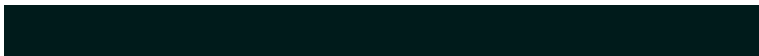
20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



20.8880, -3.3958, 15.8842



20.0790, -9.8989, 1.6847



18.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



21.8750, 3.0196, 11.5106



20.0790, -9.8989, 1.6847



16.5160, -2.7194, -14.4845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



43.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146



31.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



21.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



22.6260, 13.9884, -6.6880



20.7150, 9.0145, 2.0039



18.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



18.3810, 32.3502, -16.1201



45.8870, 81.8937, -40.2429

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



26.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321



34.2850, -9.0145, -2.0039



18.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



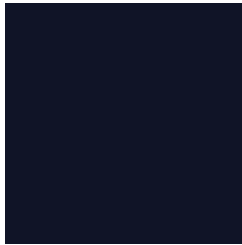
26.8260, -5.8302, 50.1416



67.6060, -15.0888, 126.6335

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

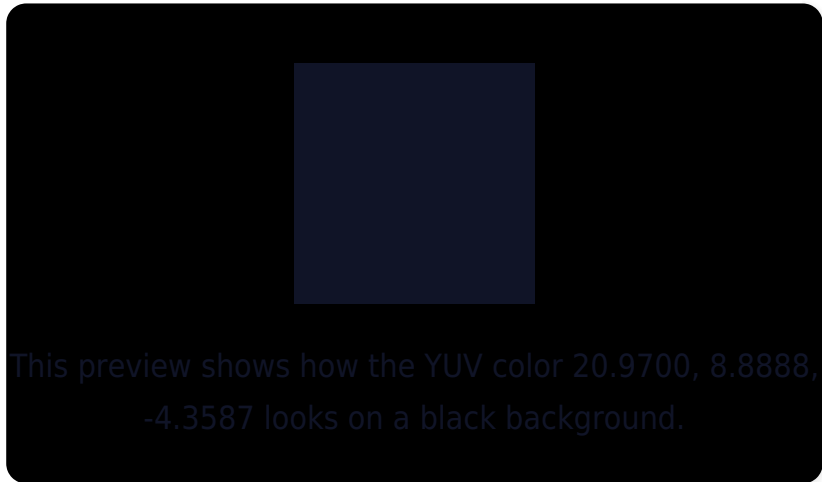
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

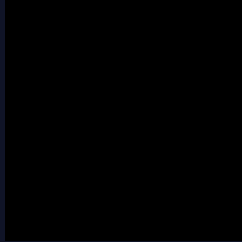
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587.

-4.3587.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

Protanopia

20.1760, 9.7732, -8.0474

Deuteranopia

17.6590, 10.5211, -14.6099



Tritanopia

19.3410, 2.7899, -8.1921

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

Protanomaly

20.7740, 9.4784, -6.8178

Deuteranomaly

18.5670, 10.0735, -11.0213

Tritanomaly

19.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

Achromatopsia

21.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

21.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 20, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 20, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 20, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 20, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 20, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 20, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 20, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 20, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 20, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 20, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 20.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 20, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 20,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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