

# Converting Colors

YUV(200.0310, -20.2283,  
48.2078)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(200.0310, -20.2283,  
48.2078)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFB49F
RGB	255, 180, 159
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2941, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	13°, 100%, 81%
HSV	13°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	63.8193, 56.4057, 40.3246
YIQ	200.0310, 51.4410, 9.3690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

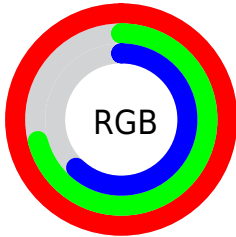
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 186, 159
Decimal	16757919
CIE Lab	79.84, 24.71, 21.62
CIE LCh	80, 32.835, 41.186
Yxy	56.4057, 0.3975, 0.3513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294947999 (0xFFFFB49F)
YUV	200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078
Hunter-Lab	75.1037, 20.2485, 20.7387

# Details

The YUV color  $200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $213.9690, 20.2283, -48.2078$ , and the grayscale version is  $200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $239.1730, -12.4103, 13.8803$ , and  $145.3510, -18.9070, 44.4192$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $185.3270, -25.7972, 61.1032$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $214.7350, -14.6594, 35.3124$ .

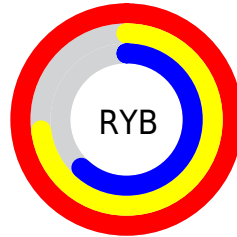
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

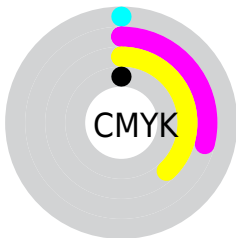
Blue (62%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (62%)

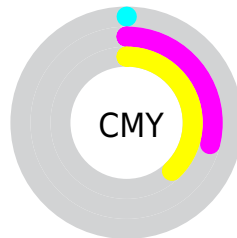


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



200.0310,  
-20.2283, 48.2078

200.0310,  
-20.2283, 48.2078

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

172.2480,  
-19.3493, 46.2635

239.1730,  
-12.4103, 13.8803

145.3510,  
-18.9070, 44.4192

253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

118.9810,  
-17.7386, 42.9897

93.8990, -16.7122,  
40.4306

68.9310, -15.2490,  
37.7715

45.2620, -13.9332,  
35.7272

22.0490, -10.8702,

33.2830

■ 11.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 200.0310,  
-20.2283, 48.2078

■ 200.0310,  
-20.2283, 48.2078

■ 185.3270,  
-25.7972, 61.1032

■ 214.7350,  
-14.6594, 35.3124

■ 170.7370,  
-30.9293, 73.8987

■ 229.3250, -9.5272,  
22.5170

■ 156.0330,  
-36.4983, 86.7941

■ 244.0290, -3.9583,  
9.6216

■ 141.4430,  
-41.6304, 99.5895

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 126.7390,  
-47.1993, 112.4849

■ 112.1490,  
-52.3315, 125.2803

■ 109.1170,  
-53.7947, 127.9394

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.2880, -6.5510, 47.9824



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



197.8800, -28.0418, 34.3082

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



186.4710, -4.6692, -42.5091



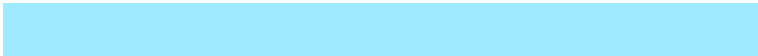
197.0340, 28.5772, -19.3238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



213.9690, 20.2283, -48.2078

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.1610, 32.4586, -51.0072



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



182.6220, 13.0044, -64.5665

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



191.3360, -19.8856, -15.2037



182.5470, 26.8453, -70.6397



201.8810, 20.7647, 13.2594



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



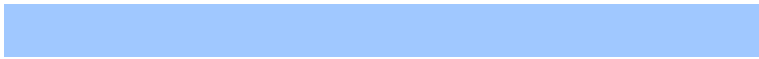
200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



195.8520, -29.0140, 19.4238



182.5470, 26.8453, -70.6397



194.3100, 29.9202, -30.0899

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



238.8940, -5.8637, 14.1250



196.2540, 18.6088, 51.5202



118.4310, -3.6635, 8.3920



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078



189.0600, -24.1866, 57.8294



228.2070, -34.1191, 23.4975



120.6480, -2.7845, 6.4477



81.7630, -40.3092, 95.8008

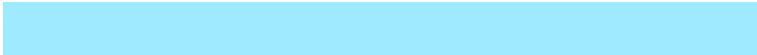


27.3540, -13.4855, 32.1385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.9690, 20.2283, -48.2078



205.9400, 24.1866, -57.8294



185.7930, 34.1191, -23.4975



122.3520, 2.7845, -6.4477



109.2370, 40.3092, -95.8008



36.6460, 13.4855, -32.1385



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

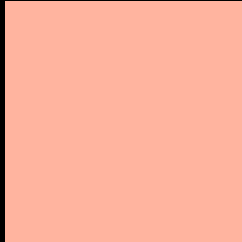
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078

### Protanopia

197.8690, -14.7254, 9.7619

### Deuteranopia

198.4970, -20.4580, 28.5051



## Tritanopia

201.8040, -5.8194, 46.6529

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078

## Protanomaly

198.5010, -16.5160, 24.1166

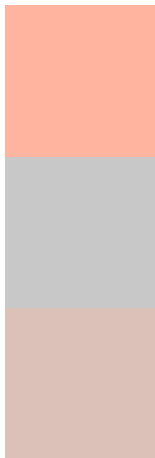
## Deuteranomaly

198.9540, -20.1903, 35.9973

## Tritanomaly

201.1370, -10.9135, 47.2379

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078

## Achromatopsia

200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

200.1610, -7.4744, 17.3988

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 180, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 180, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 180, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 180, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 180, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 180, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 180, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 180, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 180, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 180,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 200.0310, -20.2283, 48.2078 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 180, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
180, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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