

# Converting Colors

YUV(200.1990, -25.2411,  
22.6275)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275)  
contains.

<b>YUV(200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(200.1990, -25.2411,  
22.6275)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2C595
RGB	226, 197, 149
RGB Percent	89%, 77%, 58%
CMY	0.1137, 0.2275, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.34, 0.11
HSL	37°, 57%, 74%
HSV	37°, 34%, 89%
XYZ	56.7551, 58.2712, 36.6899
YIQ	200.1990, 32.6920, -8.7800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

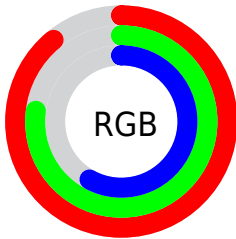
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 226, 149
Decimal	14861717
CIE Lab	80.89, 3.42, 27.88
CIE LCh	81, 28.085, 83.014
Yxy	58.2712, 0.3741, 0.3841
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293051797 (0xFFE2C595)
YUV	200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275
Hunter-Lab	76.3356, -0.8734, 24.9378

# Details

The YUV color  $200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCC99}$ . A complement of this color would be  $174.8010, 25.2411, -22.6275$ , and the grayscale version is  $200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $248.4850, -22.4241, 5.7137$ , and  $145.9430, -23.6359, 21.0980$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $192.2940, -32.6829, 29.5602$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $208.1040, -17.7993, 15.6948$ .

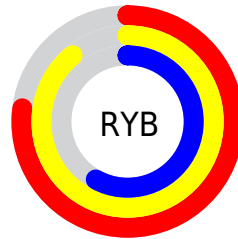
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (77%)

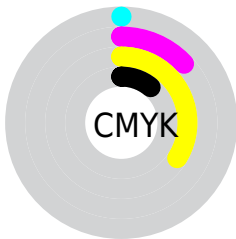
Blue (58%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (58%)

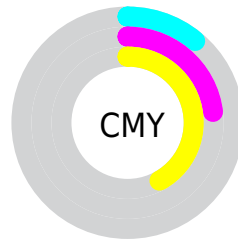


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 200.1990,  
-25.2411, 22.6275

■ 200.1990,  
-25.2411, 22.6275

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 172.7150,  
-24.5095, 21.2979

■ 248.4850,  
-22.4241, 5.7137

■ 145.9430,  
-23.6359, 21.0980

■ 252.3780,  
-10.0464, 2.2995

■ 120.1600,  
-22.7569, 19.1537

■ 94.9750, -22.1727,  
18.4389

■ 71.1920, -21.2937,  
16.4946

■ 48.0670, -21.7250,  
14.8502

■ 28.4070, -14.0047,

11.9211

■ 4.1860, -2.0637,  
8.6069

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 200.1990,  
-25.2411, 22.6275

■ 200.1990,  
-25.2411, 22.6275

■ 192.2940,  
-32.6829, 29.5602

■ 208.1040,  
-17.7993, 15.6948

■ 185.0900,  
-39.9774, 35.8781

■ 215.3080,  
-10.5048, 9.3769

■ 177.1850,  
-47.4192, 42.8108

■ 223.2130, -3.0630,  
2.4442

■ 169.9810,  
-54.7136, 49.1287

■ 230.4170, 4.2314,  
-3.8737

■ 162.0760,  
-62.1555, 56.0613

■ 237.5240, 8.6157,  
-10.1065

■ 154.7580,  
-69.8867, 62.4792

■ 242.2200, 6.3005,  
-14.2249

■ 150.3410,  
-74.1181, 66.3529

■ 246.3290, 4.2748,  
-17.8285

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.1500, -20.7800, 38.4564



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



197.1640, -22.2659, 1.6102

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



188.3610, 15.5980, -56.4446



205.3890, 13.6122, 20.7068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



174.8010, 25.2411, -22.6275

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202.3410, 23.0029, -4.6841



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



191.2010, 25.0439, -52.7963

# Square

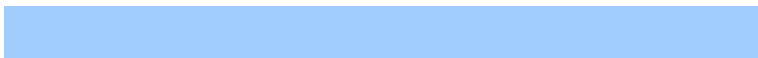
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



190.4800, 1.7354, -43.3940



196.9030, 27.1628, -32.3639



204.9970, 1.4805, 38.5906



# Rectangle

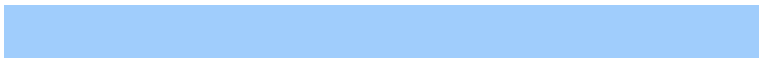
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



195.2590, -16.3967, -14.2591



196.9030, 27.1628, -32.3639



204.2570, 17.1283, 12.9296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



246.2800, -8.0260, 7.6474



175.4430, 1.7536, 44.3385



122.6540, -5.2524, 4.6884



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275



220.1370, -34.5775, 30.5749



214.5310, -32.3068, 2.1653



108.3980, -3.6472, 3.1590



117.1940, -57.7766, 51.5729



31.9620, -15.7573, 14.0653



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174.8010, 25.2411, -22.6275



185.4500, 34.2882, -31.0896



160.4690, 32.3068, -2.1653



104.6020, 3.6472, -3.1590



58.8060, 57.7766, -51.5729



16.0380, 15.7573, -14.0653



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

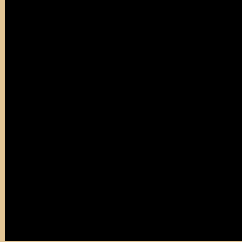
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.1990, -25.2411,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275

### Protanopia

199.4860, -23.9036, 13.6058

### Deuteranopia

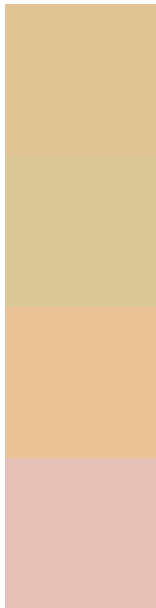
201.2540, -25.2682, 31.3492



## Tritanopia

204.1540, -0.0759, 24.4209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275

## Protanomaly

199.9810, -24.6406, 16.6797

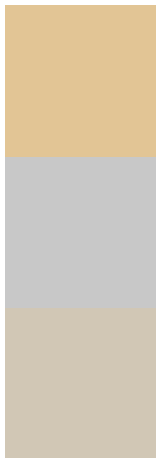
## Deuteranomaly

200.6450, -24.9680, 28.3753

## Tritanomaly

203.0370, -9.3852, 23.6466

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275

## Achromatopsia

200.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

199.9380, -9.3364, 7.9474

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 197, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 197, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 197, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 197, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 197, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 197, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 197, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 197, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 197, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 197,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 200.1990, -25.2411, 22.6275 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 197, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
197, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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